SENATE FILES,
Return to Office of
S. Senate

THOUSANDS
Of new subscribers have been added to the Courier-Journal's lists in the past few months.
A WORD TO THE WISE ADVERTISER.

The Courier-Journal.

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VOL. CV. NEW SERIES—NO. 13,650. LOUISVILLE, WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 16, 1906. –12 PAGES. PRICE {THREE CENTS. ON TRAINS FIVE CENTS.

The Weather.

Forecast for Wednesday and Thursday:

Kentucky—Fair Wednesday; Thursday, showers and cooler.

Indiana—Fair Wednesday, showers and cooler Thursday; fresh south winds.

Tennessee—Fair Wednesday and Thursday, except showers and cooler Thursday in west portion.

THE LATEST.

The draft of the address to the throne, in reply to the Emperor's speech at the opening of the Russian Parliament, was submitted to the lower House of Parliament yesterday. It consists practically of the following commands: General amnesty, the abolition of the death penalty, the suspension of martial law and all exceptional laws, full civil liberty, the abolition of the council of the empire, the revision of the fundamental law, the establishment of the responsibility of ministers, the right of interpellation, forced expropriation of land, guarantees of the rights of trades unions.

Senator Tillman yesterday made in the Senate an other statement in regard to President Roosevelt's change of attitude on the Railroad Rate Bill. In closing his statement Senator Tillman said: "The charge I made, and still make, is that the President is guilty of bad faith, and that the Rate Bill, which will be, when enacted into law, a much better and stronger measure than we had hoped to get, has been emasculated of one of its most valuable and essential features by the President's action. I am ready to leave the whole question to the thoughtful and honorable men of the country."

Marine firemen withdrew from their conference with the Lake Carriers' Association representatives at Cleveland yesterday. President Livingstone of the Lake Carriers' Association said he interpreted this to mean there will be another strike of the 'longshoremen, and it is likely traffic on the Great Lakes will again be tied up.

The Interstate Commerce Commission met in Philadelphia yesterday to resume the investigation into the alleged connections between railroads and large coal companies. Testimony was adduced tending to show favoritism in the distribution of coal cars by railroad companies.

Maj. Barak G. Thomas, the "Nestor" of Kentucky racing, breeder of Domino and Himyar, and founder of the famous Dixiana stud, died at Lexington yesterday in his eightieth year of debility. He was widely known as one of Kentucky's most noted breeders of thoroughbred horses.

James H. Clark, a telegraph operator of Chamblee, Ga., crazed by drink and disappointment in love, in less than twenty-four hours killed one man, severely wounded three others, clubbed a fifth with a shotgun, set fire to a house, then committed suicide.

Many thousands of artisans in jewelry, printers and coach builders, who struck May 1 at Paris, France, have resumed work. The Prefecture of Police estimate the total number of strikers in the Paris district is under 70,000.

Prof. Matteucci, director of the Royal Observatory, telegraphed to Naples yesterday that the volcanic activity of Mount Vesuvius is increasing and that the main crater is discharging a great quantity of sand.

Senator Carmack, of Tennessee, returned to Washington yesterday. He replied good-naturedly to many expressions of regret over his defeat by ex-Gov. Bob Taylor, and said he was out of politics.

Dr. Algernon S. Crapsey has been convicted of heresy by the ecclesiastical court at Batavia, N. Y., and the recommendation is made that he be suspended from the ministry.

Five miners were killeld and twelve seriously injured by an explosion of dynamite in the colliery of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company at Shenandoah, Pa.

Brig. Gen. John C. Tiddall, retired, first Governor of Alaska, and formerly commandant at West Point, died yesterday at Montclair, N. J., aged eighty-one years.

Three new bishops are to be elected to-morrow at the Methodist Conference in Birmingham and seven prominent names are mentioned as possibilities.

A San Francisco widow, with nine children, destitute from the recent disaster, has come into a large estate through her father-in-law in Sweden.

Editor Purdy, of Indianapolis, sent to jail charged with indirect contempt of court, was released last night on a writ of habeas corpus.

The May day strike in Russia has ended. The workmen of St. Petersburg and generally throughout the country have resumed work.

Senators Blackburn and McCreary both made speeches yesterday on the Lodge amendment to the Railroad Rate Bill.

The Presbyterian General Assembly will convene to-day at Des Moines, Ia.

GUILTY OF BAD FAITH

Tillman Reiterates Charge Against Roosevelt.

Willing to Leave Question to the Country.

President's Statement Absurd On Its Face.

RAYNER MAY SAY SOMETHING.

Washington, D. C., May 15.—[Special.]—With his veracity questioned the President of the United States stands to-night accused by a distinguished member of his own party, former Senator William E. Chandler, of New Hampshire. So straightforward and convincing was Senator Chandler's statement, placed officially in the record to-day, that no member of the Senate, not even the President's friend, Senator Lodge, attempted to make any defense of the President and take his side to try to explain away the President's sudden turn to the Allison-Aldrich amendment. Late in the afternoon Senator Tillman obtained the floor, made a speech and read to the Senate Mr. Chandler's version of the efforts of the President to get the support of the Democrats for railroad legislation, which means something.

* * *

Interest In Tillman's Speech.

Mr. Tillman's speech was attended with almost breathless interest on the floor and in the galleries. There is no question of Senator Chandler's honesty and integrity and none know this better than the former Senator's Republican colleagues on the floor of the Senate. His record in the history of the Republican party while it elicited little indorsement and often bitter denunciation from Democrats never disclosed anything that would smack of dishonesty or untruthfulness. His every word always commanded the respect of his opponents, as well as his political friends. Not only did Chandler in his dignified statement and Senator Tillman in his speech completely dispose of the President, but they also paid their respects to Mr. Moody, the Attorney General of the United States, who yesterday stultified himself in the letter written by him to the President. Tillman's reference to the "honor" of this particular member of the President's Cabinet caused a hum and stir in the Senate which for several seconds interrupted the reading of the statement. When it had been concluded Senator Allison rose in his place and asked for the reading of the President's letter given out yesterday. It was presumed that it would be followed by a vigorous speech from Senator Lodge, Beveridge or some other of the President's friends.

* * *

Galleries Watched Vainly.

The eyes of the galleries were centered on the Republican side to see who would be the first to rush to the defense of the President. Not a man stirred. Suddenly Senator Nelson rose. "Mr. President," he said, quietly, "I move to lay the amendment on the table." The Senate was again on the routine debate of the Railroad Rate Bill, and a murmur of surprise ran around the galleries which was only checked by the vigorous use of the Vice President's gavel. In the meantime Senator Bailey had been sitting quietly in his seat, his desk covered with documents ready to reply to the Republican speeches. None was made and no reply was necessary. As the Texan expressed it, after adjournment, the evidence was made up, and he was quite willing for it to go to the jury, meaning the people of the country, without further argument. One story to-day is to the effect that the letter of the President yesterday was really written by Senator Allison or some one other than the President. At any rate, it is certain that the letter reads more unlike any other production of the President than is possible to imagine. The Roosevelt ring is wholly absent.

* * *

Up To the President.

It is up to the President whether Senator Rayner will repeat, word for word, on the floor of the Senate the conversation that took place between them at the White House with reference to the court review amendment. He and Senator Bailey both intend to make final speeches on the Rate Bill. They will do so when the measure is before the Senate proper, where unlimited time can be had, and not in Committee of the Whole, where speeches are limited to fifteen minutes. Mr. Rayner still adheres to the attitude that as what the President told him was of a confidential character, he will not disclose the conversation unless asked on the Senate floor to do so, and only then if the President consents. It is known that what he would say would be in absolute conflict with the statements contained in the President's letter to Mr. Allison, in which Mr. Roosevelt says that he never agreed to the constitutional review which Senator Long is generally held to have offered on behalf of the President.

* * *

What He Told Rayner.

It is said that every Democratic Senator is fully aware that, Senators Tillman and Bailey not being in personal communication with the President, Senator Rayner went to the White House not voluntarily, but in response to an urgent request, and that the President told him that if the minority could procure enough votes on their side for the Long amendment he would see that sufficient votes were obtained on the Republican side to carry it.

This conversation took place about a month ago, and Mr. Rayner reported it to Messrs. Bailey and Tillman and it was upon the strength of his report that the effort was launched to carry the Rate Bill with a constitutional review through a combination of Democrats and Republicans. It was said generally to-day by Democratic Senators who talked with the President that Mr. Roosevelt said that he would never recede from the constitutional review and that he would veto any bill that came up to him without it. Mr. Rayner, in his speech will devote considerable space to the President and he will also move to strike from the bill the words, "jurisdiction is hereby vested in the courts."

* * *

The Day In the Senate.

While the debate on the personnel of the Interstate Commerce Commission was in progress in the Senate to-day Senator Tillman took the floor to make a statement on behalf of former Senator Chandler, which has been momentarily expected since Senator Lodge's conveyance last Saturday to the Senate of the President's emphatic denial of some statements attributed to Mr. Chandler by the South Carolina Senator.

Mr. Tillman read the portion of Mr. Chandler's memoranda of his conferences with the President which has heretofore been given to the public, prefacing it with the brief statement of his own, saying that on Saturday the Senate had been startled and mortified to hear the utterances of an ex-member, denounced on behalf of the President as a "deliberate and unqualified falsehood." As he had been responsible for introducing the subject which had caused the attack on Mr. Chandler he felt under obligations to place him right on the record. To that end he read the ex-Senator's statement.

* * *

Tillman's Statement.

The reading of that statement was followed by the following from Mr. Tillman:

"There are only two points in the President's letter which I deem worthy to notice. His attempted explanation

(Concluded On 2d Page, 1st Column)

SMALL COMPANIES HAD TROUBLE

BIG ONES GOT MORE CARS THAN THEY NEEDED.

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION HEARS TESTIMONY.

B. AND O. OFFICIAL ON STAND.

Philadelphia, May 15.—Testimony tending to show favoritism by railroad companies in the distribution of coal cars was elicited to-day when the Interstate Commerce Commission resumed its investigation into the alleged railroad discrimination.

Shortly before the close of the afternoon session, George W. Clark, a car distributor employed by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company at Altoona, Pa., admitted that he had received orders to make special assignments of cars to the Berwind-White Coal Company, and that frequently these assignments were made previous to the regular percentage distribution. Mr. Clark admitted that special allotments had at times to a certain extent interfered with an equitable distribution of cars.

Arthur Hale, superintendent of transportation of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, was on the stand the greater part of the day. Through him it was brought out that the Merchants' Coal Company and the Somerset Coal Company had frequently received many cars in excess of their percentage allotment, while various smaller companies suffered a shortage.

Mr. Hale explained that the shortage shown on the records did not indicate that the companies suffered for lack of cars, as in many cases these companies could not handle their full complement of cars. An interesting point in Supt. Hale's testimony was the fact that the Baltimore & Ohio Company had made frequent changes in the percentage basis. Counsel for the Commission called attention to the fact that these changes were made at times when certain companies had received cars far in excess of their percentage allotment. Mr. Hale said that these excesses and shortages were not evened up when the new percentages were adopted.

The full commission, consisting of Martin A. Knapp, chairman; Francis M. Cockerell, Judson C. Clements and Charles A. Prouty, is conducting the hearing.

AMNESTY IS FIRST DEMAND

Impossible to Refuse Or Delay It Longer.

Address to Throne Read in Russian Parliament.

House Refuses to Listento Conservatives.

RODITCHEFF MILDLY CHEERED

St. Petersburg, May 15.—After an afternoon spent in the discussion of rules of order, the lower house of Parliament this evening began the debate on the address in reply to the speech from the throne, adjourning at midnight, after speeches by M. Roditcheff and a dozen orators of lesser caliber.

The discussion, which will be resumed at 11 o'clock to-morrow, showed that the main attack on the address will be delivered from the left. The leaders of Parliament have more to fear from the Radicals than from the Conservatives.

The evening's debate was tame. Even the periods of M. Roditcheff, the best orator among the Constitutional Democrats, explaining and defending the address, brought only a faint ripple of applause. The only scene of real enthusiasm was due to a reference to the absence from the address of a plank on the subject of woman suffrage, which brought half the members of the house to their feet, cheering.

The other radical members demanded a paragraph asking for the punishment of officials guilty of excesses in past acts of repression, and a fuller and plainer statement of the demand for a constitutional order.

* * *

House Would Not Listen.

Seven Conservative members then essayed to speak, but the house was in no mood to listen then. Prince Volkonsky, a leading Octoberist, refused to continue his speech and left the rostrum with a bitter feeling at denial of the right of free speech.

The features of the session developed outside the regular debate. The first was the adoption of a rule relative to the previous question, under which fifty members may prevent the stoppage of a debate, opening the door to successful filibustering by a determined minority of one-tenth of the membership of the house. The other feature was the appearance of a conservative peasant group among the supporters of the Government, forty-four peasant members signing a motion for postponement of the debate. The meaning of the maneuver was at first not comprehended by the members of the house, but when in reading the list of supporters of the motion the name of Yerogin, a Government deputy and organizer of the scheme to provide for peasant deputies in lodging houses, was reached, a low whistle of surprise and comprehension ran around the benches. Count Heyden and other members of the right supported the motion, but it was overwhelmingly defeated.

* * *

Summary of Demands.

The draft of the address to the throne, in reply to the Emperor's speech at the opening of Parliament, was submitted to the lower house of Parliament to-day by the commission. It consists practically of the following ten demands:

First—General amnesty.

Second—The abolition of the death penalty.

Third—The suspension of martial law and all exceptional laws.

Fourth—Full civil liberty.

Fifth—The abolition of the Council of the Empire.

Sixth—The revision of the fundamental law.

Seventh—The establishment of the responsibility of ministers.

Eighth—The right of interpellation.

Ninth—Forced expropriation of land.

Tenth—Guarantee of the rights of trades unions.

In anticipation of an exciting session over the reply to the Emperor's speech every member of the lower House was in his place when President Mouromtzeff called the House to order this afternoon. The members of the Cabinet, with the exception of Premier Goremykin, sat on the ministerial benches with the intention, it was, understood, of offering explanations and participating in the debate.

* * *

The Address.

The following is the address in reply to the speech from the throne:

It has pleased your majesty in your speech addressed to the people's representatives to express your determination unshakably to preserve the institutions whereby the people have been called to exercise legislative power in conjunction with their monarch. The Parliament regards the monarch's formal promise to the people as a sure pledge of that consolidation and of the further development of order and legislation in accordance with a strictly constitutional basis.

The House will for its part make every effort to perfect the principle of popular representation and to submit for your majesty's assent a bill relating to such representation, basing it in accordance with the unanimously expressed will of the people on universal suffrage.

Your majesty's appeal for common work for the good of the fatherland finds a lively echo in the hearts of the members of Parliament, in the constitution of which representatives of all classes and nationalities are united in an ardent desire to regenerate Russia and to create a state of order on the basis of all living in peace with one another and on the firm pillars of civic freedom.

* * *

The Sorest Spot.

The Parliament holds it to be its duty to point out that the conditions under which the country lives render really fruitful work for the renovation of the best powers of the nation impossible. The country has perceived that the sorest spot on our national life is the ambitious power of the officials who separate the Emperor from his people, and has declared clearly and unanimously that the renovation of public life is only possible on the principles of freedom with the spontaneous participation of the people in legislative power and in the control of legislation through the executive authorities.

Your majesty was pleased in your manifesto of October 30 to announce your firm resolution to build upon these principles as the basis for the further development of Russia and the whole Russian people welcome your message as an impassioned cry. But the first days of liberty were darkened by heavy afflictions laid on the land by those who still obstruct the advance of the people to their Emperor and trample the principles of the manifesto of October 30 under foot, by those who cover the land with suffering, with executions without judicial sentence, with violent outbreaks, with shooting and imprisonment.

The scars of this Government, on the part of the Administration of the last few months, have sunk so deep into the souls of the people that no pacification is possible so long as the people are not clearly satisfied that in the future, acts of violence, which, in your Majesty's name are now employed as a cover, are forbidden to the authorities, so long as the Ministers are not responsible to the representatives of the people and so long as the whole system of administration is not reconstructed. Only when the Ministers are made responsible to the people can the idea of the absolute irresponsibility of the monarch take root in the hearts of his subjects. Only a Ministry enjoying the confidence of Parliament can strengthen confidence in the Government, and the existence of such confidence alone can make tranquil and regular labors of Parliament possible.

* * *

The Paramount Need.

Above all, it is first necessary in Russia to repeal the exceptional laws, the laws of increased protection and the state of siege, under cover of which the arbitrariness and irresponsibility of officials appear and develop.

At the same time the principles of the responsibility of the Administration to the representatives of the nation must be adopted.

Further, for fruitful labor on the part of the Parliament, there must be introduced the principles of true popular representation, which consists in the recognition that the union of the monarch and

(Concluded On 3d Page, 1st Column.)

UNCLE JOE'S WATCH PLAYS HIM TRICK

SPEAKER LATE IN ARRIVING IN HOUSE.

MR. WILLIAMS RISES TO PARLIAMENTARY INQUIRY.

DOESN'T PRESS HIS POINT.

Washington, May 15.—The Speaker's watch delayed the opening of the House to-day. When 12:05 o'clock showed on the face of the clocks in the hall of the House of Representatives and no Speaker in sight, the clerk of the House, Alex McDowell, appeared at the Speaker's desk and called the House to order. Immediately Mr. Payne (N. Y.) nominated Mr. Dalzell, (Pa.), as Speaker pro tem and he was unanimously elected. Mr. Dalzell took the chair, prayer being offered by the chaplain.

Hardly had the "Amen" of the chaplain been pronounced when Speaker Cannon appeared. Then amid tumultuous applause Mr. Cannon ascended the rostrum, accepting the gavel from Mr. Dalzell. Mr. Williams rose to a question of parliamentary inquiry. He said:

"During the temporary absence of the titular speaker, the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. Dalzell), was elected Speaker. My inquiry is whether he was elected for the day or a period of temporary absence of the Speaker."

The Speaker: "Probably it will take both of us to run the House." (Laughter.)

Mr. Williams. "Mr. Speaker, with that response, I will not drive the inquiry any farther. I am inclined to think it will." (Great laughter.)

The Speaker relied on a watch which he has owned for a quarter of a century. He was in a dentist's chair this morning and thought he had ample time to reach the capitol.

"I guess I will have to throw my ancient friend away," said Mr. Cannon speaking of his watch, "if it persists in serving me this scurvy trick."

NEGRO SOLDIERS

AT BOTTOM OF TROUBLES IN NEBRASKA.

Sergeant Reid Taken From Crawford To Chadron To Avoid Lynching.

Crawford, Neb., May 15.—Sergeant John Reid, of the Tenth Cavalry, who killed Arthur A. Moss, night watchman, Sunday night, was taken to the county jail at Chadron for fear of an attempt at lynching, even though the jail here was guarded by regular troops.

The trouble originally resulted from the attempt of Nightwatchman Moss and his brother, J. H. Moss, to arrest some disorderly negro soldiers from Fort Robinson. Reid shot and killed Arthur Moss. Jordan Taylor struck J. H. Moss, breaking his arm. Reid was arrested and Taylor was killed by officers while trying to escape. Saturday night there was strong talk of lynching Reid and a guard of troops was stationed around the jail. About midnight Philip Murphy, who was intoxicated while passing the jail refused to obey the orders of the guards and was shot dead. There is much excitement.

MAJOR THOMAS PASSES AWAY

"The Nestor of the American Turf"

Dies at His Late Home In Lexington

At the Advanced Age of Eighty Years.

A SKETCH OF HIS CAREER.

Lexington, Ky., May 15.—Maj. Barak G. Thomas, known all over this country and Europe as "the nestor of the American turf," died this morning at 9 o'clock, at his home in this city. He was eighty years of age.

The funeral services for Maj. Thomas will be held to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock, at the First Presbyterian church, the Rev. Dr. Muller, officiating. the pallbearers will be Louis des Cognets, J. R. Morton, Watts Parker, Edward Frazer, Thomas R. Gardner, F. A. Daingerfield, O. F. Redd, J. R. Graves, D. S. James, William D. Pickett, J. W. Rodes, James C. Rogers, G. D. Wilson, J. H. Neville, W. J. Smith, E. Dowling and M. Bowerman.

* * *

An Influential Figure.

Maj. Thomas was, perhaps, the most influential figure in the Kentucky racing and breeding circles for thirty years, though for almost a decade he had practically retired from the turf and in the past two years had given up his breeding interests. He spent his time at his residence in this city, where he took his pleasure in entertaining the host of friends who called on him daily. He had been in failing health for several years, and the immediate cause of death was heart disease.

Maj. Thomas' chief fame as a breeder was the establishment of the great Nannie Grey family. He owned this mare and bred from her Domino, the largest winner of the American turf; Correction, a great winner and dam of Yankee, a Futurity winner, and Lady Reel, dam of Hamburg, who is probably the greatest of American living sires; he was the greatest race horse of his day. He owned not only Nannie Grey, the founder of her family, but Himyar, who was the sire of most of the famous list.

* * *

A Sketch of His Life.

Major Barak G. Thomas was born in Charleston, S. C., June 9, 1826. When he came to Lexington with his parents, B. G. Thomas and Sarah Ann Howe Thomas, he was but six years of age. His father was a machinist and was also interested in thoroughbreds.

Major Thomas was educated at the University of Indiana at Bloomington. He afterward attended Transylvania University, from which institution he was graduated. He attended the law college of this institution and was a class-mate of Senator James B. Beck. He graduated from the law college in 1851, but never practiced his profession.

After leaving college Major Thomas was engaged as a civil engineer on the Lexington & Frankfort Railway, and after the completion of that road he became its general freight and passenger agent at Lexington and held that position until the beginning of the Civil War. In 1862 he enlisted as a private in the Confederate army under General Kirby Smith and was commissary with the rank of Major.

After the war he returned to Lexington and was manager of the Observer and Reporter. He was then teller of the Farmers and Traders' Bank; was master commissioner and sheriff for two terms, begining in 1875.

During all of his life since the war he had owned a few thoroughbred horses, and before he retired from official busines to devote himself to the raising and racing of horses he owned such turf stars as Herzog, Telex, Aureola and Himyar.

* * *

Purchased Farm In 1876.

About 1876 he bought the farm now owned by Maj. T. J. Carson, and at which Imp. Ben Strome is now the premier stallion. He called the place Dixiana, in memory of old Dixie, by Imp. Sovereign, who was the dam of the unbeaten Herzog, War Reel and a host of other good race horses, and was the inducing influence which persuaded Major Thomas to adopt breeding and racing as his employment for the remainder of his life.

In 1890 he sold the Dixiana Farm to Maj. T. J. Carson, who still owns it and has kept up its fame, and established his horses in a farm about three miles away, which he called Hira Villa, but he still called his breeding establishment Dixiana stud. He named the new place in honor of Hira, the dam of his pet and great race horse and sire, Himyar.

He imported the stallion King Ban, who until his untimely death threatened to revolutionize racing, as a sire of extreme early speed. Ban Fox was the most notable product of King Ban, and for his full brother, King Thomas, as a yearling, Major Thomas received $38,500 at public auction, which is the highest price ever paid at public sale for a yearling in America.

* * *

Some Successful Products.

The most successful products of Major Thomas' stud in recent years were Tommy Atkins and Leonora Loring. The former was taken to England by James R. Keene, who was confident he would win the English Derby. But the colt's wind was afflicted by the climate and he never started.

Several years ago Major Thomas sold Himyar and reduced materially his collection of brood mares, and last fall he disposed of his remaining stud which comprised the stallion Dr. McBride and a dozen mares. At the time of his death he still owned a few of the blood of his old favorites.

Maj. Thomas belonged to the old school of turfmen who raced as much for sport as money. In 1899, when it seemed probable that racing would be stopped in Kentucky, Maj. Thomas was one of the committee of breeders who went to Frankfort to appear before the Senate Committee, which had the bill in charge. It had already passed the House. After other members had spoken Maj. Thomas arose, and with his flowing white beard and classic face, it was said he looked like an old Roman Senator.

"Gentlemen," said he, "I have lived a long, and, I believe, an honorable life. I have never taken a drink in a barroom; I have never played a game of cards; I have never gambled in a bucket shop, but to save my life I have never been able to see any harm in making a little bet on a horse race." This speech saved the day and killed the bill.

* * *

His Benevolence Widespread.

Maj. Thomas was never a communicant of any church, although he had the highest respect for religion, and his quiet benevolence was widespread. Ever since the war he had been attended by his former slaves, and he gave one of the best illustrations of the ante-bellum devotion between master and man. He was never married and had no relatives.

Among the horses Maj. Thomas bred, besides those mentioned, were: Bon Ton, Queen Ban, Yeman, Greenwich, Persimmons, Jewell Ban, Thomas' Cat, Trumpet, Maximo Gomez, War Jim and Capt. Brown.

MAN COMMITS MURDER, ARSON AND SUICIDE

CRAZED BY DRINK AND DISAPPOINTMENT IN LOVE

JAMES H. CLARK INAUGURATED CRUSADE OF CRIME.

SURROUNDED KILLS HIMSELF.

Atlanta, Ga., May 15.—Crazed by drink and by disappointment in a love affair, James H. Clark, a telegraph operator at the little town of Chamblee, a dozen miles north of Atlanta, began late yesterday afternoon a crusade of crime. In less than twenty-four hours he killed one man, severely wounded three others and clubbed a fifth with a shotgun, set fire to the home of one of his victims, and when surrounded by a posse shortly after noon to-day turned his revolver upon himself and pierced his own heart with a bullet.

Clark, who came some months ago from Baldwin, Ga., paid marked attention to the niece of E. S. Purcell, which was discouraged. He went to the Purcell home last evening, demanded admittance which was refused. He set fire to the kitchen and when E. S. Purcell and his son W. J. Purcell appeared to fight the flames, Clark fired upon them wounding both. Returning about midnight Clark made another attempt to fire the house. The result was that W. S. Mash, a railroad station agent, received a wound in the back of his neck.

Clark then left for Dunwoody about five miles distant, where he arrived early to-day. He went to the store of Nash & Cheek and demanded ammunition. The store people had been warned by telephone and refused to sell the required cartridges. Clark immediately fired, killing Cheek with a bullet through the heart. He fired also at Mr. Nash, inflicting a dangerous wound. He then took to the woods. On the way down the railroad track he met W. J. Coker, whom he attacked, wounding him slightly.

Officers were aroused at once and hounds were put on the track of the insane man. He was seen in the roadway near Chamblee shortly after noon to-day, and when he found himself surrounded, he ended his wild career.

CONTRACT CLOSED.

Twenty Miles of Excavation On the New Traction Line.

Columbus, Ind., May 15.—[Special.]—William G. Irwin, general manager for the Indianapolis, Columbus and Southern Traction Company, has contracted with Howard Lee for the excavation on the twenty miles of the company's extension to Seymour, which forms one link in the Indianapolis-Louisville line, now under construction. Work will begin Monday. The Irwins already run cars from Indianapolis here, forty-two miles, and the extension will give them a little over half the through distance.

The remainder of the line is being constructed by the Indianaolis and Louisville Traction Company. Each company will run local cars over its own lines, and a traffic agreement has been made by which the I. C. and S. will run limited cars into Louisville, and the I. and L. will run its limited cars into Indianapolis, making a through trip without changing cars, on a three-hour-schedule, or less.

DEATH OF GEN. TIDDALL.

First Alaskan Governor—Former West Point Commandant.

New York, May 15.—Brig. Gen. John C. Tiddall, U. S. A., retired, first Governor of Alaska, and for many years commandant at West Point, died at his home in Montclair, N. J., to-day aged eighty-one years. Death was due to general debility. Gen. Tiddall was born near Wheeling, W. Va., and was graduated from West Point in 1848. He is survived by several children, Prof. Tiddall, of Columbus, Ohio State University, and Lieut. Tiddall, of the artillery, being among them.

KENTUCKIANS ON RATE BILL

Blackburn and McCreary Discuss Amendment.

One Favors, Other Opposes, Increase of Salaries.

Carmack Accepts Recent Defeat Philosophically.

SAYS HE IS OUT OF POLITICS.

Washington, May 15.—[Special.]—Senator Blackburn and Senator McCreary both made speeches to-day on the Lodge amendment to the Railroad Rate Bill. Senator Blackburn believed there was a pressing necessity for an increase in the number of commissioners.

"If you will build up that commission," said Senator Blackburn, "with men whose capacity, whose character and whose ability inspire confidence and command the respect of the American people, you will see a rapid decrease in the number of appeals from its findings to the courts. We should have a body of men in whom the public will repose as full a measure of confidence as they do in the judiciary."

The Senator advocated the paying of increased salaries, and in reply to a question from Senator Gallinger, said he believed the latter's bill reasonably increasing the salaries of members of Congress should be passed. Senator McCreary opposed increasing the salaries of the commissioners beyond $10,000 per annum. He said the commission should be nonpolitical.

As at present constituted there is but one commissioner from the South and the Senator believed they should come from different sections. He said if Congress was going to pass a good law, and he believed it would, the commission should be composed of the right kind of men.

* * *

Takes Defeat Philosophically.

Senator Carmack, of Tennessee, returned to Washington this morning. The defeated Senator takes the victory of ex-Gov. Bob Taylor philosophically and good naturedly replied to the many expressions of regret he received from both sides of the chamber.

"After all, Carmack," said Senator Dolliver, "you have one cause of congratulations. You have escaped the blamedest mess——" and the Iowa Senator checked himself. He was referring to the railroad debate in the Senate and his own participation in the affair.

While on his way to Washington, Senator Carmack received a telegram that one of the Tennessee counties had instructed for him for Governor. The Senator says he is out of politics and will not accept the office. He also denies that he has made arrangements with a Tennessee newspaper to control its editorial department. The Senator has made no arrangements for the future, but over a year ago said he hoped to one day return to newspaper work, and it is not improbable that he will do so.

The Washington Star to-day prints a photograph of W. S. Taylor, who was defeated by William Goebel for Governor of Kentucky. Under it is printed: "Governor Robert L. Taylor," the name of Senator Carmack's successor.

* * *

Will Be Confirmed.

It is understood that the nomination of William T. Vernon, the Kansas negro who was nominated for Register of the Treasury, will be confirmed by the Senate. A favorable report may be made from the committee next week. Vernon was nominated for the office last December and his nomination has been held up in the Senate since that time. Immoral conduct was alleged against him.

* * *

Buchanan's Successor.

Brig. Gen. James A. Buchanan retires from the army on the 31st inst., and there is considerable speculation as to his successor in the vacancy thus created. While other short appointments may be made contingent upon the early retirement of the appointees, it is understood that the President will appoint Capt. J. J. Pershing, now on duty as military attache at Japan. Pershing is a native of Missouri. The President admires Pershing for his gallantry, and he is the only junior officer to be mentioned in an annual message of the President as an example of individual intrepidity.

* * *

Tobacco In Arabia.

Consul Masterson, writer, from Aden, says there is a fine field for tobacco in Arabia, and our tobacco dealers ought to get a share of it. The use of the weed, he says, is not confined to age, sex or caste, but to an extent everyone uses it in some form. The laboring class generally uses snuff and in a peculiar manner. The snuff is made into a pill almost the size of a robin's egg and is placed between the lower front lip and the teeth.

"Almost every cooly met in the streets," says the Consul, "has his lower lip puffed out by a ball of snuff behind it."

HEIRS TO FORTUNE

SAN FRANCISCO WIDOW AND NINE CHILDREN.

Death of Father-In-Law In Sweden Brings Relief To Victim of Recent Disaster.

San Francisco, May 15.—Two hundred and fifty thousand dollars awaits Mrs. Andres Neilson, a widow with nine children, who was burned out during the holocaust and who is now believed to be in some refuge camp about the city. Her husband, a tanner, though the son of a wealthy father in Sweden, died in 1898, leaving the family destitute. The woman, too proud to appeal to her wealthy father-in-law, worked hard to support herself and little ones. They lost all when the fire swept the city. Now comes word that the father-in-law in Sweden is dead and all his large estate is to go to the widow and children of his dead boy.

Greatest of All Wash Goods Sales

15c Thousands of yards of every description of Tub Materials culled from our regular stock and priced at half their value in order to lighten the burden of our crowded Wash Goods Dept. Remarkable bargains for all who attend this sale. 15c

Fine Imported Organdies
All-linen Suitings
Imported French Madras
Embroidered Plisse Crepe
Embroidered Madras
English Nub Voiles

CHOICE
15c
Values up to 75c

Broche Canvas Voile
Coin-Spot Crepe Regence
Kimona Batiste
Floral Batiste
English Tailor Suitings
Tokio Silk Mixed Pongees

Two Great Values in Wool Dress Goods.

25c Sale of Wool Batiste. 300 yards 28-inch Half-wool Batiste, embracing every wanted color. A light weight material for house gowns, waists and misses' dresses. Cream, light blue, rose, pink, nickel gray, royal and navy blue, etc.; usual price 35c.

39c Sale of Silk Mixed Batiste. This Silk-mixed material is 36 inches wide, and is one of the season's best bargains. All the spring shades; cream, light blue, nickel and putty gray, Nile and reseda, Alice, royal and navy blue; values 50c

We are members of the Retail Merchants' Association.

John C. Lewis Co.

Railroad Fares Rebated to Out-of-town Customers Until Further Notice.

Lewis

Seems to be doing the

Carpet

business of the city—why not?

GUILTY OF BAD FAITH.

(Continued From First Page.)

is ingenious, but not ingenuous. He calls in question the integrity of purpose and utterance of Mr. Chandler by declaring:

"'He was asked to see ex-Senator Chandler as representing Mr. Tillman, who was in charge of the bill. He stated to me the views of Mr. Tillman with seeming authority.'

"Mr. Chandler has declared most positively in a written statement that the President sent for him for the purpose of getting into communication with Senator Bailey and myself, and he has produced the letter of Mr. Loeb.

* * *

No One Authorized.

"I now declare most emphatically that to no human being have I ever given authority, or even expressed a wish, to have any conference with Theodore Roosevelt in regard to the bill now under consideration. On the contrary, I have expressed the opinion in more than one public interview that he had nothing to do with it and that it was the business of the Senate, and, while I did, at his request, enter into negotiations with the Attorney General, it is well known to every Senator on this floor what my attitude and feelings have been, and it is most remarkable, while the President sent for Democrat after Democrat to confer with him about this measure, that he should undertake under the circumstances to assert that I sent an agent to him to begin negotiations. The statement is absurd on its face.

* * *

Code of Honor Not Binding.

"The other point to which I shall refer is the cavalier way in which Mr. Moody discusses the idea of the President not being bound.

"While contradicting in no instance, however slight, my statement of what occurred, the Attorney General seems to think that the code of honor among gentlemen is not binding upon the Executive and his Cabinet.

"The President asked him to see Mr. Bailey and me. We met by appointment made by Senator Chandler and talked over the vital question. He wrote and sent to Mr. Bailey his understanding of our views, and when we met subsequently we reached an absolute agreement, both as to the form and the substance of a proposed amendment to which he said the President would assent and help get votes for.

* * *

No Notice Given.

"Of course the President was not bound not to change, but he was bound, under such circumstances, to give notice, and this was not done. Even the Attorney General himself was not notified. The charge I made, and still make, is that the President is guilty of bad faith, and that the Rate Bill, which will be, when enacted into law, a much better and stronger measure than we had hoped to get, has been emasculated of one of its most valuable and essential features by the President's action.

"I am ready to leave the whole question to the thoughtful and honorable men of the country."

* * *

Tillman Raises a Laugh.

Soon after beginning his statement Senator Tillman injected the words, "this is Tillman talking now," which caused a titter in the Senate and considerable laughter in the galleries.

When Mr. Tillman had concluded Senator Allison asked to have read the President's letter to him. He said that his only object was to have the letter made as permanent of record as Mr. Tillman's statement. Attorney General Moody's statement to the President also was read.

When the words "I saw the newspaper men in mass" were read there was a loud guffaw in the Senate and in the galleries and the Vice President rapped sharply with his gavel to restore order.

Mr. Nelson interposed with a motion to lay the pending amendment to the rate bill on the table, which closed the incident.

* * *

Final Vote Near.

With the exception of the anti-pass amendment to-day the Senate concluded its consideration of the Railroad Rate Bill as in committee of the whole and as soon as that provision shall be disposed of will take it up in the Senate. The general expectation is that the pass question will be disposed of early to-morrow and the general hope is that the bill may be passed before the close of to-morrow's session.

The pass question was brought to life again through the instrumentality of a motion made by Senator Culberson, author of the original provision, to reconsider the vote by which it was adopted, which was agreed to. A number of suggestions in the way of substitutes were presented and these will have to be dealt with before the bill can be reported to the Senate. After it is reported several questions will be reopened.

The greater part of the day was spent in discussing the eighth section of the bill relating to the personnel of the Interstate Commerce Commission, resulting in the elimination of the entire section and the restoration of the present law which provides for five commissioners at salaries of $7,500.

Demand

Grape-Nuts

at

Your Hotel Breakfast

and the food will come. Some few hotels leave it off the menu because it is not furnished them free.

PAUL MORTON'S NAME

Figures In a Little Colloquy Between Representatives.

Washington, May 15.—The House to-day decided to vest in the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, the power to appoint the Board of Education having supervision of the schools of Washington instead of the Board of District Commissioners, which is the present appointing power. Effort was made to prevent the preparation of plans for the Great Lakes Naval Training Station, but an amendment was agreed to providing for the employment of a consulting architect, the plans and superintendence of the construction of the new buildings not to exceed three and a half per cent. of the limit cost of the plant, which is fixed at two millions.

The House, by a decided vote, reaffirmed its faith in the Navy Department, defeating an amendment of Mr. Tawney, chairman of the Appropriations Committee, to limit the repairs on a ship to 10 per cent. of the cost, the vote of confidence coming after two hours' hot debate on the Tawney proposition.

Having reached the section of the Naval Bill dealing with increase in the navy, and realizing that considerable debate must ensue, the House adjourned until noon to-morrow.

* * *

Naval Training Station.

When the House adjourned on Friday it had under consideration a point of order made by Mr. Underwood (Ala.) against the paragraph relating to new buildings at the Naval Training Station at Lake Bluff, Ill.

Mr. Foss (Ills.), chairman of the Naval Affairs Committee, insisted that the point of order was not well taken, because the Naval Training Station on the great lakes had been authorized by the former law, and that the present appropriation was but a continuation of existing law.

Mr. Underwood's contention was that the proviso in the section vesting in the Secretary of the Navy the authority to enter into contracts for the buildings on plans as approved to an amount not to exceed $2,000,000 was larger than the amount originally provided for, and that it was clearly out of order to make such change.

Mr. Crumpacker (Ind.) in the chair held the point made by Mr. Underwood as well taken. Mr. Foss then offered an amendment which was intended to continue the work and pay for the plans. Mr. Foss, in explaining the purport of his amendment, stated that the wording followed exactly a similar provision providing for an architect to prepare plans for the new buildings at West Point.

* * *

Morton's Name Figures.

Mr. Beall (Tex.) asked Mr. Foss a number of pointed questions, the name of ex-Secretary Paul Morton figuring in the colloquy.

Mr. Beall asked Mr. Foss what amount had been originally appropriated for this station.

"Two hundred and fifty thousand dollars," replied Mr. Foss.

Mr. Beall: "What was the estimated cost for this station?"

Mr. Foss: "Two million five hundred thousand dollars."

Mr. Beall: "Who prepared the plans for this station?"

Mr. Foss: "Jarvis Hunt, of Chicago."

Mr. Beall: "By whose authority?"

Mr. Foss: "By the authority of Secretary Paul Morton."

Mr. Beall: "Did he invite plans from other architects or was Hunt arbitrarily selected?"

Mr. Foss: "He was arbitrarily selected so far as I know."

Mr. Beall: "Well, don't you think it was time to apply another coat of whitewash to Mr. Morton?"

Mr. Foss: "I am not engaged in the whitewash business at this time."

COMMITTEE SURPRISED

At Statement Made By Actuary Miles M. Dawson.

Washington, May 15.—"There is not a fire insurance company in this country that knows whether it will be solvent or not when it pays its San Francisco losses." This statement coming as it does from Miles M. Dawson, actuary for the Armstrong Committee of New York, somewhat startled the House Committee on the Judiciary to-day. Mr. Dawson was discussing the question of a model insurance regulation act for the District of Columbia. His argument previously had been confined to life insurance, but he made this slight digression to point out what he deemed faulty provisions in the Ames bill, regarding fire companies.

FEARS DISGRACE.

LAD REFUSES TO TELL NAMES OF PARENTS.

Says He Would Rather Go To Reform School Than Embarrass Mother and Father.

Stubbornly refusing to give the name and address of his parents, and philosophically accepting the situation, Lloyd Churchill, who says that he is also known by the name of Kirby Smith, is held a prisoner at the Jefferson County jail, to answer to the charge of obtaining a small amount of money by false pretenses.

He is a delicate looking lad of ten years, and shows much concern lest his parents may know of his predicament. Indeed, that appeared to be his only worry yesterday, for he said that he was willing to go to a reform school until he is twenty-one years old, rather than bring disgrace upon his mother and father. When he was arrested, $2.25 was found in a pocket, and yesterday he was busy in his cell computing the sum at compound interest if it were placed in a bank to be held for him until he should be twenty-one years old.

The lad had been selling chances on a sofa pillow from house to house, which he said was to be raffled off at 638 Third avenue, the proceeds to go to his father, who was in poor health and almost penniless. It is charged that while he was engaged in disposing of a ticket to Mrs. R. J. Mowen, of 622 First street, he stole $5.65 which was on a table.

Colonial Marriages Bill.

London, May 15.—The Colonial Marriages Bill was passed to-day on second reading in the House of Lords without division. The object of this bill is to legalize in the United Kingdom marriages with a deceased wife's sister legally contracted anywhere in the British possessions.

THERE ARE COAT SHIRTS AND
COAT SHIRTS
BUT THERE IS ONLY ONE
Cluett
INSIST ON THE LABEL—IT MEANS RIGHTNESS, FITNESS, WHITENESS AND COLOR FASTNESS
$1.50 AND MORE
"ON AND OFF LIKE A COAT"
CLUETT, PEABODY & CO. TROY, N. Y.
Largest Makers of Collars and Shirts in the World

No. 136. *Not Good After May 23, 1906.*

Tour to Europe Ballot.

This Ballot Will Count One (1) Vote

For ....

Dist. No.......... Address.................................

County ....State..............................

When fully filled out and received at Courier-Journal office, by mail or otherwise, on or before expiration date shown above. Not good after that date. Void if name voted for has not been properly nominated. No ballot will be altered in any way, or transferred, after received by the Courier-Journal.

UNLESS THIS BALLOT IS TRIMMED CAREFULLY AROUND THE BLACK LINES, IT WILL NOT BE COUNTED.

BATTLE OF BALLOTS

THE PROPOSITION.

The Courier-Journal proposes to send to Europe for a Tour lasting seven weeks twenty young women, all expenses to be paid by the Courier-Journal. Nineteen of these young women will come from the nineteen districts defined below, the one receiving the highest number of votes in each district being the successful one. In addition, the candidate receiving the second largest number of votes cast, regardless of district, will also be entitled to the free trip, and will be included as the twentieth member of the party.

The Dates—Leave Louisville July 12; return to Louisville August 29.

Readers of the Courier-Journal select the members of the party. Cut the ballot from this paper and send it in, voted for your favorite candidate. Special ballots, ranging from 1,000 votes for one year down to 20 for one month, are issued for paid-in-advance subscriptions. Special ballots issued any time in May will have the final expiration date, July 1.

The last ballot will be published in the Courier-Journal Saturday morning, June 23. No special ballot will be issued on a paid-in-advance subscription received after 12 o'clock noon Saturday, June 23. No ballot will be received to be voted after 12 o'clock noon, July 2, from any source.

Last day for nominations, Friday, June 1.

Read full details of the Tour in another column and learn all about it.

* * *

A light vote is that recorded this morning. Only three candidates go over 1,000—Miss Mary E. Lear, No. 16; Mrs. Kate S. Bohannan, No. 18, and Miss Cornelia Arnold, No. 19. There are no changes in positions.

* * *

Subscription orders already coming in indicate that there will be a good big vote in the $250 cash prize competition. Watch the date!

* * *

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Contestants and their friends and readers generally will save themselves worry and loss of time and the Courier-Journal much trouble and needless correspondence if they will observe the subscription rates set forth below. In every case subscriptions must be paid in advance, in full, or no ballots will be issued. This is imperative, no matter how the subscription is sent in.

	Price.	Votes.
Daily and Sunday one year	$8 00	1,000
Daily only, one year	6 00	700
In Louisville, $7.80 or $5.40.		
Daily and Sunday, six months	4 00	400
Daily only, six months	3 00	300
In Louisville $3.90 or $2.70.		
Daily and Sunday, 3 months	2 10	200
Daily only, three months	1 50	100
In Louisville, $1.95 or $1.35.		
Daily and Sunday, one month	75	30
Daily only, one month	60	20
In Louisville 65c or 45c.		
Sunday only, one year	2 00	200
If by agent or carrier anywhere $2.60.		

Louisville rates above apply to New Albany and Jeffersonville, Ind., as well.

* * *

To protect all candidates, and to be fair to everyone, the Courier-Journal has decided to issue no special ballots on subscriptions, new or renewal, for a term extending beyond December 31, 1907. Subscriptions may be renewed or paid in advance beyond that date if desired, but ballots will only be issued for the time up to December 31, 1907. In sending renewals or extensions, be careful to learn the time of present expiration, and figure the number of votes you are entitled to from expiration date to December 31, 1907, on the basis given below:

	Price.	Votes.
MAY 1, 1906, TO DECEMBER 31, 1907.		
Daily and Sunday	$13 35	1,600
Daily only	10 00	1,150
JUNE 1, 1906, TO DECEMBER 31, 1907.		
Daily and Sunday	$12 65	1,500
Daily only	9 50	1,100
JULY 1, 1906, TO DECEMBER 31, 1907.		
Daily and Sunday	$12 00	1,450
Daily only	9 00	1,050
AUGUST 1, 1906, TO DECEMBER 31, 1907.		
Daily and Sunday	$11 35	1,400
Daily only	8 50	1,000
SEPTEMBER 1, 1906, TO DEC. 31, 1907.		
Daily and Sunday	$10 70	1,350
Daily only	8 00	950
OCTOBER 1, 1906, TO DEC. 31, 1907.		
Daily and Sunday	$10 05	1,300
Daily only	7 50	900
NOVEMBER 1, 1906, TO DEC. 31, 1907.		
Daily and Sunday	$9 35	1,200
Daily only	7 00	800
DECEMBER 1, 1906, TO DEC. 31, 1907.		
Daily and Sunday	$8 65	1,100
Daily only	6 50	750

In Louisville, New Albany and Jeffersonville, deduct 2½ per cent. from Daily and Sunday prices shown above. On Daily only, deduct 10 per cent.

* * *

A great many present subscribers to the Courier-Journal, whose time expires in 1907, desire to renew and have their paper extended until December 31, 1907, in order to secure additional ballots. Ballots will be issued on such subscriptions according to the following table:

	Price.	Votes.
Jan. 1, 1907, to Dec. 31, 1907.		
Daily and Sunday	$8 00	1,000
Daily only	6 00	700
Feb. 1, 1907, to Dec. 31, 1907.		
Daily and Sunday	7 35	925
Daily only	5 50	675
March 1, 1907, to Dec. 31, 1907.		
Daily and Sunday	6 70	850
Daily only	5 00	625
April 1, 1907 to Dec. 31, 1907.		
Daily and Sunday	6 00	725
Daily only	4 50	550
May 1, 1907, to Dec. 31, 1907.		
Daily and Sunday	5 35	600
Daily only	4 00	400
June 1, 1907, to Dec. 31, 1907.		
Daily and Sunday	4 70	500
Daily only	3 50	350
July 1, 1907, to Dec. 31, 1907.		
Daily and Sunday	4 00	400
Daily only	3 00	300
August 1, 1907, to Dec. 31, 1907.		
Daily and Sunday	3 35	325
Daily only	2 50	250
Sept. 1, 1907, to Dec. 31, 1907.		
Daily and Sunday	2 80	250
Daily only	2 00	150
Oct. 1, 1907, to Dec. 31, 1907.		
Daily and Sunday	2 10	200
Daily only	1 50	100
Nov. 1, 1907, to Dec. 31, 1907.		
Daily and Sunday	1 50	75
Daily only	1 00	50
Dec. 1, 1907, to Dec. 31, 1907.		
Daily and Sunday	75	30
Daily only	60	20

In Louisville, New Albany and Jeffersonville only, 2½ per cent. may be deducted from above prices for Daily and Sunday, and 10 per cent. for Daily only.

* * *

THE VOTE.

Below will be found the vote cast up to noon Tuesday in the Courier-Journal's Tour to Europe Popularity Contest:

DISTRICT NO. 1.

All territory east of Shelby street, from the river on the north to the city limits on the south—Louisville.

Miss Elsie F. Muir, 112 Waverley avenue	158,440
Miss Bertha Stuessy, 1536 Haldeman avenue	38,818
Miss Beatrice Thompson, 1224 East Breckinridge street	534

DISTRICT NO. 2.

All territory from the west side of Shelby street to the east side of Floyd street, from the river on the north to the city limits on the south—Louisville.

Miss Myrtle Jenkins, 330 East St. Catherine street	187,928
Miss Carrie Hirsh, 515 East Ormsby avenue	11,696
Miss Theo Pulliam, 2005 Preston street	1,025

DISTRICT NO. 3.

All territory from the west side of Floyd street to the east side of Fifth street, taking in the east side of Garvin Place and St. James Court, from the river on the north to the city limits on the south—Louisville.

Miss Nora Kirch, 1231 Second street (with Louisville Trust Co.)	156,285
Miss Yetta Deckert, 311 West Walnut street (with Lou. Paper Co.)	18,135
Mrs. Robert Hunter, 1216 First street	767

DISTRICT NO. 4.

All territory from the west side of Fifth street, Garvin Place and St. James Court to the east side of Twelfth street, from the river on the north to the city limits on the south—Louisville.

Miss Bessie Hunter, 1408 Sixth street	31,337
Miss Grace Pollock, 1962 Sixth street	3,919
Miss Anna Shober, 625 West Broadway	1,362

DISTRICT NO. 5.

All territory from the west side of Twelfth street to the east side of Twentieth street to Garland avenue, thence to Eighteenth street, and out Eighteenth street to the city limits on the south, from the river on the north—Louisville.

Miss Annabel Adams, 1214 West Jefferson street	37,240
Miss Maggie Kaufman, 716 Eighteenth street	380

DISTRICT NO. 6.

All territory from the west side of Twentieth street to Garland avenue, south side of Garland avenue to Eighteenth street, west side of Eighteenth street to the city limits on the south, from the river on the north—Louisville.

Miss Alice L. Kohler, 2300 Magazine street (with Nat. Casket Co.)	197,024
Miss Molly E. Schiffman, 2508 Magazine street (with J. C. Lewis Co.)	169,331
Miss Mattie Bradshaw, 2605 High street	16,956
Miss Virginia M. Cleveland, 222 Twenty-fourth street	5,070
Miss Florence Carothers, 2407 Cypress street	1,205
Miss Lula Halbach, 2223 West Market street	295

DISTRICT NO. 7.

All of Jefferson county outside the city limits of Louisville, Jefferson county, Ky.

Miss Sallie Ewing, St. Matthews, Jefferson county, Ky.	147,947
Miss Bertha Schack, Bardstown road, Duker and Baxter avenues (with J. C. Lewis Co.)	140,657
Miss Anna Meyer, Buechel, Jefferson county, Ky.	46,433
Miss Minnie Dickel, Jeffersontown, Ky.	15,536
Miss Anna Marquiss, Reservoir Park, Jefferson county, Ky.	461

DISTRICT NO. 8.

Jeffersonville and Clark county, Ind.

Miss Anelna Schwaninger, Jeffersonville, Ind.	150,337
Miss Lillian B. Deuser, Charlestown, Clark county, Ind.	90,620
Miss Sad Craig, Jeffersonville, Ind.	78,476
Miss Holland Drosta, 429 Locust street, Jeffersonville, Ind.	14,459

DISTRICT NO. 9.

New Albany and Floyd county, Ind.

Miss Katie Borgerding, 719 East Market street, New Albany, Ind.	113,673
Miss Mary Mousty, New Albany, Ind.	111,510
Miss Anne Schmitt, 202 McLaine avenue, New Albany, Ind.	3,977

DISTRICT NO. 10.

Eleven counties: Caldwell, Calloway, Crittenden, Graves, Hopkins, Livingston, Lyon, Marshall, McCracken, Union and Webster.

Miss Celeste Kosure, Madisonville, Hopkins county, Ky.	70,809
Miss Mattie Reeves, Mayfield, Graves county, Ky.	30,874
Mrs. Fannie Walker, Marion, Crittenden county, Ky.	30,386
Miss Eleanor Wright, Mayfield, Graves county, Ky.	29,646
Miss Blanche Robertson, Eddyville, Lyon county, Ky.	15,742
Miss Leona Coffman, Slaughterville, Webster county, Ky.	14,040
Miss Ora E. Landram, Smithland, Livingston county, Ky.	12,731

DISTRICT NO. 11.

Four counties: Butler, Christian, Todd and Trigg.

Miss Maud Miller, Elkton, Todd county, Ky.	204,578
Miss Hattie Feirstein, Hopkinsville, Christian county, Ky.	74,785
Mrs. W. A. Radford, Pembroke, Christian county, Ky.	41,958
Miss Katherine L. Moore, Elkton, Todd county, Ky.	18,917
Miss Thurlow Ward, Morgantown, Butler county, Ky.	10,310
Miss Mattie Sue Browning, Hopkinsville, Christian county, Ky.	7,136
Miss Katie McDaniel, Hopkinsville, Christian county, Ky.	2,772

DISTRICT NO. 12.

Six counties: Breckenridge, Hancock, Logan, Muhlenberg, McLean and Ohio.

Miss Mattie L. Christian, Russellville, Logan county, Ky.	81,932
Miss Bessie Cox, Livermore, McLean county, Ky.	68,519
Miss Mary Bennett, Hartford, Ohio county, Ky.	29,495
Miss Mary Helm, Auburn, Logan county, Ky.	23,644
Miss Katharine Nunan, South Carrollton, Muhlenberg county, Ky. (agent L. and N. R. R.)	18,673
Miss Vivian De Poyster, Dunmor, Muhlenberg county, Ky.	7,876
Miss Annie May Yonts, Greenville, Muhlenberg county, Ky.	6,171
Miss Annie Grundy, Greenville, Muhlenberg county, Ky.	5,724

DISTRICT NO. 13.

Five counties: Bullitt, Edmonson, Grayson, Hardin and Meade.

Miss Frances Smith, Elizabethtown, Hardin county, Ky.	176,009
Miss Ora E. Hazelip, Brownsville, Edmonson county, Ky.	128,187
Miss Willanna Smith, Elizabethtown, Hardin county, Ky.	7,738
Miss Nora Estelle Owings, Wolf Creek, Meade county, Ky.	352

DISTRICT NO. 14.

Eight counties: Allen, Barren, Green, Hart, Larue, Taylor, Simpson and Warren.

Miss Anna Ford, Smith's Grove, Warren county, Ky.	156,288
Mrs. Ed N. Caldwell, Glasgow, Barren county, Ky.	104,734
Miss Eugenia Mentz, Glasgow Junction, Barren county, Ky.	34,758
Miss Maud Harned, Tonieville, Larue county, Ky.	22,185
Mrs. Mary Potter Jurey, Bowling Green, Warren county, Ky.	12,222

DISTRICT NO. 15.

Ten counties: Carroll, Gallatin, Henry, Marion, Nelson, Oldham, Owen, Shelby, Spencer and Trimble.

Miss Birdie Kelly, Lebanon, Marion county, Ky.	83,964
Miss Eunice Settle, Owenton, Owen county, Ky.	38,064
Miss Lulu Lovelace, Boston, Nelson county, Ky.	27,689
Miss Jennie Nash, Shelbyville, Shelby county, Ky.	23,255
Miss Agnes Mount, Goshen, Oldham county, Ky.	22,839
Miss Margrette Williams, Ghent, Carroll county, Ky.	12,467
Miss Laura Woodruff, Eminence, Henry county, Ky.	9,814
Miss Cornelia Ballard, Chicago, Marion county, Ky.	9,109
Miss Fannie M. Clore, Beard, Oldham county, Ky.	3,658
Miss Lulie Sampson, Lagrange, Oldham county, Ky.	2,753
Miss Willie C. Ramey, Eminence, Henry county, Ky.	1,365
Miss Katherine R. Hardesty, Lebanon, Marion county, Ky.	1,111
Miss Ella Carothers, Bardstown, Nelson county, Ky.	1,000

DISTRICT NO. 16.

Eight counties: Anderson, Boyle, Franklin, Garrard, Mercer, Scott, Washington and Woodford.

Miss Eva Bailey, Harrodsburg, Mercer county, Ky.	165,791
Miss Lillian Anderson, Danville, Boyle county, Ky.	159,819
Miss Mattie Hughes, Midway, Woodford county, Ky.	155,224
Miss Mary E. Lear, Paint Lick, Garrard county, Ky.	137,536
Miss Hattie M. Scott, Frankfort, Franklin county, Ky.	54,419

DISTRICT NO. 17.

Six counties: Bourbon, Clark, Fayette, Jessamine, Nicholas and Madison.

Miss Milda McMillan, Paris, Bourbon county, Ky.	69,652
Miss Stella M. Donaldson, Winchester, Clark county, Ky.	53,427
Miss Oda Kash, North Middletown, Bourbon county, Ky.	42,513

DISTRICT NO. 18.

Ten counties: Bath, Bracken, Fleming, Grant, Harrison, Mason, Menifee, Montgomery, Powell and Rowan.

Miss Mary Gudgell, Owingsville, Bath county, Ky.	61,711
Miss Esther Wilson, Mt. Sterling, Montgomery county, Ky.	53,739
Miss Florence Knight, Sharpsburg, Bath county, Ky.	27,824
Mrs. Kate S. Bohannan, Stanton, Powell county, Ky.	23,207
Miss May J. Ammerman, Cynthiana, Harrison county, Ky.	12,844
Miss Dixie Humlong, Williamstown, Grant county, Ky.	4,320

DISTRICT NO. 19.

Six counties: Henderson, Daviess, Ballard, Carlisle, Hickman and Fulton.

Miss Virginia Kennady, Owensboro, Daviess county, Ky.	102,741
Miss Cornelia Arnold, Owensboro, Daviess county, Ky.	69,178
Miss Agnes J. Hart, Henderson, Henderson county, Ky.	38,282
Miss Bessie Miliner, Henderson, Henderson county, Ky.	14,775
Miss Mary D. Hopgood, 119 Adams street, Henderson, Henderson county, Ky.	5,993

Another Cash Competition

$250.00 In Presents

FOR

Tour-to-Europe Contestants.

The first cash prize competition was so successful that we have decided to offer another, and a better one. This time $250 will be given away to contestants sending in the largest number of votes to be counted BETWEEN NOON WEDNESDAY, MAY 30, and NOON WEDNESDAY, JUNE 6. There will be SIX PRIZES in all, divided as follows:

For the largest vote	$100.00
For the second largest	50.00
For the third largest	40.00
For the fourth largest	30.00
For the fifth largest	20.00
For the sixth largest	10.00
Total	$250.00

In case of a tie, prizes will not be divided, but each contestant in the tie will be given the same cash prize.

Every contestant, irrespective of district or position in the battle, can compete for these prizes. The money goes to the ones who send in THE LARGEST NUMBER OF VOTES TO BE COUNTED IN THE TIME SPECIFIED. If you are holding back subscription orders rush them in at once, so that ballots may be forwarded to be filled out and returned in time to vote them in this cash competition.

Remember the dates: From noon Wednesday, May 30, to noon, Wednesday, June 6. The vote as printed in the Courier-Journal, Thursday, May 31, and Thursday, June 7, will be the basis on which decision will be made.

$250 IS WORTH WORKING FOR.

ALL ABOARD

For the Courier-Journal's Free Tour to Europe.

A GREAT POPULARITY CONTEST

TWENTY YOUNG WOMEN TO GO ABROAD FOR A SEVEN-WEEKS' TRIP AT

COURIER-JOURNAL'S EXPENSE.

The Courier-Journal will send to Europe, all expenses paid, twenty young women from Kentucky and Southern Indiana. Nineteen of the members of the party are to be selected from nineteen districts, the boundaries of these districts being shown in another part of this paper. The young woman (candidate or contestant) receiving the largest or highest number of votes in each district will be the successful one. In addition, the candidate or contestant receiving the second largest or highest number of votes irrespective of district will be the twentieth member of the party. In case of a tie, either in the districts or for second place, both contestants will be taken on the trip.

This is a real Popularity Contest, and readers of the Courier-Journal are to select the members of the party. On the second page of the Courier-Journal is printed each day a ballot good for one vote. Any purchaser or subscriber of the paper can cut out this ballot and vote it. For paid-in-advance subscriptions, special or extra ballots are given, good for votes ranging in value from 1,700 to 20.

* * *

Dates and the Trip.

The party will leave Louisville Thursday, July 12, for New York, and should get back to Louisville Wednesday, August 29. The itinerary condensed is as follows:

July 12—Thursday—Leave Louisville.
July 13—Friday—Arrive New York.
July 14—Saturday—Sail from New York on Columbia.
July 21—Saturday—Arrive Lough Foyle, Ireland.
July 22—Sunday—Arrive Greenock, Scotland.
July 23—Monday—Stirling and Edinburgh.
July 24—Tuesday—Around Edinburgh.
July 25—Wednesday—Birmingham and Stratford-on-Avon, England.
July 26—Thursday—Stratford-on-Avon, Shakespeare's birthplace.
July 27 to 31—Friday to Tuesday—London.
August 1 to 5—Wednesday to Sunday—Paris.
August 6 to 7—Monday and Tuesday—Lucerne, Switzerland.
August 8—Wednesday—Vitznau, summit of the Rigi, Zurich.
August 9—Thursday—Falls of the Rhine.
August 10—Friday—Through the Black Forest to Heidelberg, Germany.
August 11—Saturday—Heidelberg.
August 12—Sunday—Wiesbaden.
August 13 to 14—Monday and Tuesday—Cologne and Amsterdam.
August 15—Wednesday — Amsterdam, Holland.
August 16—Thursday—The Hague.
August 17—Friday—Brussels, Belgium.
August 18—Saturday—Antwerp, and embark for home.
August 27—Monday—Arrive New York.
August 28—Tuesday—Start for Louisville.
August 29—Wednesday—Reach the Old Kentucky Home.

* * *

Accommodations.

The accommodations to be furnished the Courier-Journal's tourists will be of the very best. The trip from Louisville to New York and return will be in a special Pullman Palace parlor, dining and sleeping car. The ocean passage from New York to Glasgow will be first-class, on the twin-screw steamer "Columbia," of the Anchor Line, with return passage from Antwerp to New York by steamer of the Red Star Line. Rail travel in Europe will be second-class, with the exception of the travel in Great Britain, where second-class does not exist, and third-class is substituted. Accommodations will be at first-class hotels from date of landing at Europe until departure therefrom; accommodation to consist of bedroom, lights and service, meat breakfast, table d'hote lunch and dinner, according to custom of the hotel; transfers of passengers and baggage between railroad stations and hotels, steamship piers, etc., together with free conveyance of sixty pounds of baggage; each passenger on the tour, while in Europe; 250 pounds on Atlantic steamers; incidental fees for sight-seeing in the various cities visited, for hotel servants, porters, etc., carriage drives and local excursions at the various points visited. A competent guide and conductor will be with the party all the time, and a staff representative of the Courier-Journal will also accompany the party from start to finish.

* * *

As To Ballots.

A ballot is printed on the second page of the Courier-Journal every day. This ballot is good for one vote. Special ballots good for extra votes are furnished for paid-in-advance subscriptions, ranging from 1,000 for one year down to twenty ballots for one month.

Ballots must reach the Courier-Journal office on or before the date of expiration printed on the top of the ballot—otherwise they will not be counted. Single ballots cut from paper are good only one week from day printed. Special ballots will have a longer limit, the date of expiration being stamped on each ballot.

Candidates or others sending in several ballots at one time, all for the same name, need not fill them all out. Fill the top one carefully, then pin or stick them together. Ballots cut from the paper should be trimmed carefully, on the outside of the black border or margin.

All special ballots calling for twenty or more votes will be filed and kept until the end of the contest. Single ballots, cut from the paper from day to day, will be carefully counted twice, and then will be destroyed. A candidate or a representative may call at the Tour Department of the Courier-Journal at any time and inspect her ballots.

The last ballot or coupon will be printed June 23, and no ballot or coupon will be counted unless received at the Courier-Journal office by noon, July 2. No special ballots will be issued on subscriptions after 12 o'clock noon, Saturday, June 23, under any circumstances.

* * *

As To Candidates.

Any woman, over twenty or under forty-five years of age, July 1, 1906, is eligible, provided conditions set forth herewith are complied with.

Every candidate must be regularly nominated on a blank furnished by the Courier-Journal, on application. Candidates may nominate themselves, or their friends may do so for them. Nominations must be indorsed by three responsible citizens of the town or county in which the candidate lives—merchants, professional men or officials who can easily be reached or found.

Candidates must reside in the district or territory from which nominated. A candidate removing from this district or territory after being nominated will lose all votes received; and no candidate will be permitted to transfer votes to another after received at the Courier-Journal office, under any circumstances.

Paid-in-advance subscriptions will be delivered by carrier where we have carrier service, by mail or through agent, as the subscriber desires. (See the list showing special value coupons or ballots for paid-in-advance subscriptions).

No employe of the Courier-Journal, or member of an employe's family, will be eligible as a candidate.

Any successful candidate shall have the right to name a substitute, subject to our approval, if unable to go herself. Such substitute must be named seven days before the date set for leaving Louisville.

The candidate receiving the largest number of votes in each of the districts will be entitled to the free trip to Europe.

The candidate receiving the largest number of votes will, of course, be the successful candidate from her district. In addition, however, the candidate who receives the second largest number of votes, regardless of district, will also be entitled to the free trip, and will be included as the twentieth member of the party.

In case of a tie for first place in any district, or for the twentieth member of the party, both candidates will be counted successful, and will be taken on the tour.

Any questions or controversies that may arise are to be settled by the Courier-Journal alone.

In accepting nominations all candidates must accept and agree to and abide by above conditions.

* * *

An Important Point.

The Courier-Journal is conducting this Popularity Contest for the purpose of increasing its regular circulation—not merely to sell papers. Therefore, we will not permit any candidate or friend of a candidate to order a number of papers to be delivered to one address, to be thrown away after ballots are secured. We require a name for every paper subscribed for or sent out. This is a fair proposition for all candidates, and a protection for all.

* * *

Subscription Blanks.

The Courier-Journal much prefers that all orders or tour subscriptions be sent in on regular printed blanks prepared for this purpose. We will gladly send blanks and return envelopes to anyone on application.

All mail in reference to the Popularity Contest should be addressed Tour-to-Europe Department, Courier-Journal, Louisville, Ky.

Be certain to prepay postage in full on all mail matter sent us. The Postoffice Department will not deliver packages of ballots unless prepaid in full, and consequently these ballots will be lost to the candidates.

AGED AND PENNILESS

FORMER WEALTHY INDIANA FARMER GOES TO POORHOUSE.

It Is Said He Spent a Fortune Trying To Revise the Old and New Testaments.

Indianapolis, Ind., May 15.—[Special.]—Twenty years ago William Hedrick, a pioneer citizen of Madison county was one of the wealthiest farmers in Indiana. He had accumulated several thousand acres of land, his farms were well stocked and he was reputed a millionaire. He was liberal to his family and others and settled his sons on fine farms with substantial houses and everything to make life enjoyable. To-day he was received into the Madison county poorhouse, where he expects to end his days. His sons offered to care for him, but he refused to be dependent upon them, saying that for years he was the heaviest taxpayer in the county, and it could well afford to take care of him for the remaining years of his life.

Several years before reaching the acme of his prosperity Mr. Hedrick had become a close student of the Bible and from that time, according to his friends, his fortune began to slip through his hands. He conceived the idea that the gospel was not set forth clearly, but had been surrounded by myth in order to make it mysterious to the ordinary mind and he set about to revise the Old and New Testaments and produce a new book under the title "Hedrick's Revised Bible." He was not a Hebrew or Greek scholar and he spent thousands of dollars in having new translations made, but none of them came up to his ideas as to what a Bible should really be.

During this time, it is said, he permitted his business affairs to run at loose ends and heavy losses were sustained on every side. Farm after farm was deeded away to get money to pursue his fad and fabulous sums were paid to alleged scholars who volunteered their assistance. Three years ago the work was abandoned and the author, having lost his aged wife, lived alone in an old hut, refusing the friendly shelter offered by his sons.

SHERRICK'S APPEAL DENIED.

Must Remain In Prison Until Appeal Is Passed On.

Indianapolis, May 15.—[Special.]—The Supreme Court to-day denied the prayer of David E. Sherrick, former Auditor of State, who was convicted of embezzling State funds and sent to the penitentiary, that he be released on bond pending the disposition of his appeal. The court did not hand down an opinion in the case, but simply wrote "Denied" across the face of the petition.

The supersedeas was asked on the ground that Sherrick did not receive the money as Auditor which he was accused of embezzling, and it was also asserted that one of the jurors had expressed an opinion before the trial, which fact was unknown to the defendant's attorneys at the time. Under the ruling to-day Sherrick will have to remain in prison until his appeal is passed upon in the regular course of business of the court.

Besten & Langen
Louisville, Ky.

Tailored Suits Reduced.

In order that our out-of-town friends and customers may have an opportunity to shop in Louisville and have their railroad fares refunded and to impress them with our absolute supremacy in our chosen lines, we have arranged a suit sale of unusual magnitude.

Just three choice lots are being featured. Read carefully the prices, then read the Retail Merchants' Association ad on another page of this paper, and make up your mind to come to Louisville at our expense, as we are members of this association, and in buying here your fares will be paid.

$19.50 Suits in the Eton and Pony shapes, in checks, shadow plaids, Panamas in the pastel shades and various other good materials and styles, making up a lot of nearly 200 Suits, the prices of which formerly ranged up to $35.00.

$28.00 Choice of Lot 2. Suits similar to the ones mentioned above, except they are decidedly finer in quality, more elaborately trimmed, and represent values up to $45.00.

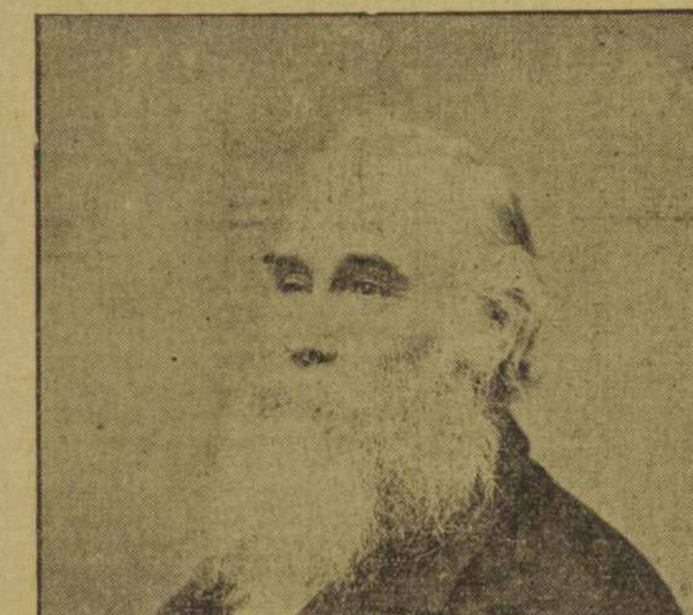
$35.00 Gives you pick of Lot 3. Beautiful Novelty Suits in the very newest cloths, black and white effects, shadow plaids, etc. Formerly selling up to $58.00.

WE PAY RAILROAD FARES TO OUT-OF-TOWN CUSTOMERS.

RAILROAD FARES RMA REFUNDED

LET US STORE YOUR FURS; THE COST IS SMALL; SECURITY ABSOLUTE.

"THE NESTOR OF THE AMERICAN TURF."



THE LATE MAJ. BARAK G. THOMAS.

AMNESTY IS FIRST DEMAND

(Continued From First Page.)

the people as the only source of legislative power.

Every barrier between the Emperor and the people must be removed. Further, there must be no domain of legislation which would always be closed to free revision by representatives of the people in conjunction with the monarch.

Parliament holds that it is its duty to declare to your Majesty in the name of the people, that the whole nation will carry out the creative work of renewing its life with all its power and energy, with a firm belief in the imminent elevation of the fatherland, if, between it and the throne there does not stand an Imperial Council composed of appointed dignitaries and persons elected by the highest classes of the population, and if the legislative powers of the people's representatives are not limited by special laws.

* * *

Liberty of Conscience.

In the domain of the legislative work before it Parliament regards as an absolute necessity for the country, a precise law assuring inviolability of the person, liberty of conscience, speech and the press, association, gatherings and strikes. Without these fundamental principles, which were laid down by the imperial manifesto of October 30, no reform of the social condition is imaginable.

Parliament is actuated by the unshakable conviction that neither liberty nor order can be assured without the equality of all citizens being established before the law. Therefore Parliament is preparing a bill establishing the equality of all citizens and simultaneously by removing all class or national religious privileges an effort will be made to free the country from administrative tutelage.

Parliament considers that the death sentence is not admissible as a basis for judicial sentence. Parliament feels justified in declaring that it will be the interpreter of the unanimous views of the whole nation on the day of the restoration of the law abolishing the death penalty.

Careful examination of the needs of the peasantry and the measures called for by them will form Parliament's next task. The rural population is impatiently awaiting the satisfaction of agrarian needs. Parliament would not be doing its duty if it did not make a law for the satisfaction of these needs by the aid of the crown domains, monastic lands and the compulsory expropriation of lands belonging to the owners of estates.

Parliament also holds that it is necessary to pass a law confirming the peasants in their enjoyment of equal rights and freeing them from oppression by arbitrary authority and from tutelage.

* * *

Needs of Working Classes.

Parliament holds that satisfaction of the needs of the working classes is equally incapable of being deferred. The first step in this direction must be recognition of freedom of organization for workmen and their right to take independent action for the elevation of their material and moral welfare.

Popular education is another task that lies before Parliament.

Parliament further holds that it is necessary to include among the tasks the fulfillment of which cannot be deferred the question of the satisfaction of the long-matured demands of the various nationalities of the empire. Russia affords the example of a state peopled by many races and nationalities. Union in spirit of all these is only possible through the satisfaction of the needs of each, whereby the individuality of the divers sides of their lives will be preserved and developed. Parliament will give careful heed to the task of giving wide satisfaction to these just demands.

Your Majesty: On the threshold of our labors one question agitates the soul of the whole Russian people and prevents us, as their representatives, from calmly entering upon our legislative work. The first word pronounced in Parliament was **amnesty**. It was met with cries of sympathy. The country is thirsting for it. It is a demand of the people's conscience which it is impossible to refuse or delay.

Sire, the Parliament awaits full political amnesty as the first pledge of a mutual understanding in the future and concord between the Emperor and the people.

MARINE FIREMEN REFUSE TO ACCEPT.

Turn Down Wage Scale and Renewal of Longshoremen's Strike Is Probable.

Cleveland, May 15.—The conference between marine firemen and representatives of the Lake Carriers' Association which has been on for the past two days considering the question of wages ended abruptly late this afternoon, the marine firemen leaving the conference and refusing to accept the proposed wage scale. As the longshoremen, tugmen, oilers, grain scoopers and water tenders are affiliated, it is believed the break in negotiations will carry out all of those elements and throw the lake carrying situation back to where it was previous to last week when the agreement was reached by the Lake Carriers' Association and longshoremen, which resulted in a resumption of traffic.

President Keefe and the delegates representing the labor elements withdrew from the conference this afternoon, declaring that the men would not accept the scale. President Livingstone of the Lake Carriers' Association said: "We have offered the men all we could afford to pay—a continuation of the wages of last year. They have refused to accept it. That is the situation."

Marine Intelligence.

New York, May 15.—Arrived: Prinzess Alice, Bremen; Madonna, Naples. Sailed: Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, Bremen via Plymouth and Cherbourg.

Shields, May 14.—Sailed: Arkansas, from Copenhagen, New York.

Dover, May 14.—Arrived: Vaderland, New York for Antwerp and proceeded.

Boulogne, May 14.—Sailed: Pennsylvania, from Hamburg and Dover, New York.

Copenhagen, May 10.—Arrived: Kentucky, New York.

Genoa, May 11.—Arrived: Cita di Napoli, New York via Naples; Louisiana, New York.

Trieste, May 11.—Arrived: Francesca, New York.

Genoa, May 11.—Sailed: Antonio Lopez, New York.

London, May 15.—Sailed: Elaine, from Hull, Port Los Angeles.

Naples, May 15, 8 a. m.—Sailed: Gera, New York.

Browhead, May 15.—Steamer Carmania, New York, for Queenstown and Liverpool, 230 miles west 4 p. m. to-day. Will probably reach Queenstown 8 a. m., Wednesday.

INSURANCE CONVENTION.

Programme Completed For Conclave In Nashville.

Nashville, Tenn., May 15.—[Special.]—The programme has been completed for the State Insurance convention, to be held here Thursday. Three insurance commissioners are down for addresses: Young, of North Carolina; Prewitt, of Kentucky, and Folk, of Tennessee. Reducing the fire waste and thereby the rates in Tennessee will receive the attention of the delegates. The Board of Trade's committee in charge of the gathering has personal assurance of attendance from several hundred citizens over the State.

BARON UXKULL IN LOUISVILLE

Famous Russian Baptist Will Make Addresses.

Member of Nobility in Fight For Christianity.

Wishes to Interest Americans in Russian Field.

MAN OF WORLD-WIDE RENOWN

Baron Waldemar Uxkull, of Russia, accompanied by the Baroness, arrived at The Seelbach last night. He is making a tour of America in the interests of the Baptist Union of Russia, and will remain in Louisville for two days, during which time he will make several addresses, including talks to the students of the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary, whom he especially desires to interest in missionary work in Russia. He will speak to-night at Broadway Baptist church.

The Baron comes of an old Russian family that can trace its blue blood back through many generations. An ancestor of his was the brother of Pope Clement II, who reigned from 1141 to 1147, and a near relative of his was president of the Russian Douma. The Baron's estate consists of a castle and 40,000 acres of land, but for many years the nobleman has suffered persecutions on account of his religious work in the interests of the Baptist church.

His wealth alone has prevented him from suffering the disgrace of imprisonment. His generosity and allegiance to his church are proved by the fact that he has furnished the means of building three edifices for religious worship, and he himself serves in the capacity of pastor.

BARON WALDEMAR UXKULL.

It is only since Easter of last year that religious liberty has been a reality in Russia, and since that time persecutions have ceased. His object in coming to America was to arouse a general interest among the aBptists of America in their fellow Christians in Russi a.

* * *

Seeks Missionaries.

There are 60,000 who are followers of Christ in the Baptist church in this country, he says, but very few ministers and churches. One minister sometimes covers more than 600 square miles. In the large province of Estonia, where the Baron's estate is situated, there are but three Baptist churches. It is the desire of the Baron to induce some American ministers to go as missionaries to Russia, and eventually to establish a seminary there for training the young men who are converted to Protestantism in order that they may become ministers to their own people.

There is not a single American Baptist worker in Russia to-day, but the country presents a wonderful field for labor. The masses are intensely religious naturally and seek every opportunity of attending worship. The upper classes in Russia are inclined to discourage the religious proclivities of the lower classes and are ready to contribute little or nothing toward building mission schools or churches.

The Baron is the treasurer of the Baptist Union of Russia; vice president of the Baptist World Alliance; editor of the "Hausefreund" and a member of the Landtag of Estonia.

In his early manhood he was an atheist, but was converted to Christianity in 1890, as he puts it, not as the result of preaching, but through his study of the Bible, which was started by his reading of Tolstoi, of whom he is a great admirer, though he differs radically from him in many tenets of belief.

Since his conversion he has devoted nearly all his time and much money to religious work, especially in the interest of the Baptist denomination. The Baron is well educated. He speaks fluently, nine languages, and is well versed in the literature of European countries and especially in English literature. The Baron and Baroness will leave America June 2 to attend the marriage of their daughter who will wed the Marquis of Glughi, who is a member of an old Italian family, at the Baron's summer residence in Switzerland.

* * *

Refers To Gorky Incident.

Baron Uxkull said that the Christians of Russia wer emuch pleased with the high moral sense of the American people in refusing to receive the actress who accompanied Maxim Gorky to this country. He says that Gorky's mission was purely political and that th eaction of the Americans in their attitude would elevate them in the eyes of the Russian Protestants. Personally, the Baron greatly admires Gorky's ability whom he compares to oZia.

The Russian nobleman is a man of remarkable religious faith and believes that the preservation of his castle and estate during the recent strenuous times when other property surrounding was destroyed, was due to a direct interposition of Providence.

The Baron was the guest of honor at the Baptist conference, which closed yesterday in Chattanooga.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

Much comment has been provoked in diplomatic and congressional circles by a magazine article written by Baron Sternburg, the German Ambassador, in which he denounces stories concerning the "German peril" in Southern Brazil, and quotes official German statistics showing the number of Germans who have gone to Brazil. According to Baron Sternburg's figures, the total number of Germans who went to Brazil from 1871 to 1884 was 54,719. In the same time the number of Germans who came to the United States was 2,380,792.

Tuesday's statement of the Treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve, shows: Available cash balance, $158,442,777; gold coin and bullion, $61,381,895; gold certificates, $38,048,830.

The President transmitted to Congress a letter from Secretary Taft, accompanied by numerous appendices, bearing on the controverted question of the right of the Isthmian Canal Commission to purchase supplies abroad if they can be secured cheaper than in America. The President simply stated that the views expressed by Secretary Taft in the affirmative have his full approval.

Senator Burrows, chairman of the subcommittee of the Committee on Finance, which investigated charges against William T. Vernon, of Kansas, who was nominated to be Register of the Treasury, will make a favorable report on the nomination at the next meeting of the Finance Committee.

The President sent the following nominations to the Senate: United States District Judge, District of Porto Rico, Bernard S. Rodey, New Mexico; United States Attorney, Western District of Arkansas, James K. Barnes.

Patents have been issued to the following Kentuckians: Richard O'Hearn, Monterey, metal-working device; David Rodgers, Lexington, attachment for ink bottles or stands; Claude J. Sisk, Hopkinsville, motor sleigh.

Letters received by Assistant Secretary Oliver from the Governors of States in answer to his recent invitations to designate the military organizations which they desire to encamp with the regular troops, indicate that the proposition is popular among the national guardsmen beyond expectation. In fact, it has become evident that the limited appropriation of $700,000 for this purpose will be entirely insufficient unless supplemented by Congress.

ONLY ROUTINE BUSINESS TRANSACTED AT MEETING.

Nothing but routine business was transacted at the meeeting of the Board of Waterworks yesterday afternoon. Mayor Paul C. Barth was with the board. He endeavors to attend every meeting of the board in order that he may be familiar with every detail of the workings of the board and management of the plant. The experts still are at work on the books, and there is no probability of a report being made to the board for some time.

FLOWER MISSION TO CELEBRATE ANNIVERSARY.

The twenty-eighth anniversary of the Louisville Flower Mission will be observed next Monday afternoon at the Mission, 720 Second street. The celebration will be a quiet one and will be informal. Friends of the institution, especially those who were connected with it in its earlier days, are especially invited. The hours will be from 4 to 6 o'clock. Members of the board and others will be in attendance to act as a reception committee.

NO VERDICT

CORONER STILL INVESTIGATING ACKERMAN MURDER.

Fund of $1,500 Raised For Apprehension of Assassins—County Greatly Excited.

Pensacola, Fla., May 15.—The investigation of the Coroner's jury into the murder of W. G. Ackerman, his wife and seven children, who were found dead with their skulls crushed in and their bodies partly cremated in the ruins of their home at Allentown, Santa Rosa County, Fla., early yesterday morning, was continued at Milton to-day, but no verdict was rendered. Many witnesses were examined and several more are to be heard. As far as can be ascertained, there has been no evidence thus far to connect anyone with the deed. There is much excitement have been raised as a reward for the have been rasied as a reward for the apprehension of the assassins. It is believed a verdict in the case will be reached to-morrow.

AIRSHIP FLIGHT.

CONTRACT TO BE SIGNED BY NEXT WEEK.

Tom Baldwin Coming To Louisville To Prepare For the Exhibition.

Contracts are now in the hands of the proper committees in charge of the Home-coming entertainment arrangements providing for a flight of the Baldwin airship on some day during the five. Tom Baldwin, a member of the famous family of aeronauts who is now in New York, has signed a contract, and has forwarded it to the Entertainment Committee of Home-coming Week for their signatures. This contract is likely to be signed inasmuch as it was prepared by the local committee and sent on to Mr. Baldwin.

It is likely that Mr. Baldwin will be here the end of this week or the first of next to confer with the committee. Work must be begun at once in order to prepare for a flight of the airship. An aerodrome must be built and this will require several weeks. Plans for this have been drawn and it will probably be erected at Brook and Breckinridge streets from which point Mr. Baldwin will begin his flig[illegible] is planned for Mr. Baldwin to sail over the northern part of Louisville, across the river to Jeffersonville, visit New Albany and make the return trip to the place of starting.

HOTTEST YET.

MERCURY REACHED EIGHTY-NINE DEGREES YESTERDAY.

First Heat of Summer Severely Felt and the Ice Man Smiles.

Shirt-waist boys were in evidence yesterday. At 2 o'clock in the afternoon the mercury reached eighty-nine degrees, the highest temperature of the season. Soda fountains in all parts of Louisville did a big business, and the "ice-man" was in his prime. Most everybody had what is commonly known as "that tired feeling," brought about by the torrid atmosphere.

From 7 o'clock yesterday morning until 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon the mercury in the different thermometers throughout Louisville continued to go upward. The hourly readings for the day were as follows:

HOURLY READINGS.

	Deg.		Deg.
7 a. m.	64	2 p. m.	89
8 a. m.	67	3 p. m.	89
9 a. m.	72	4 p. m.	88
10 a. m.	79	5 p. m.	87
11 a. m.	85	6 p. m.	84
12 noon	86	7 p. m.	81
1 p. m.	88	8 p. m.	78

According to the forecast sent out from Washington last night, the indications for Kentucky and Indiana for to-day are for fair weather. Showers and cooler weather are predicted for to-morrow. For Tennessee the indications are for fair weather to-day and to-morrow, except for showers and cooler to-morrow in the western portion.

CASTORIA.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

ARTISTIC PIANOS.

We are now displaying a most complete stock of new Pianos, all from our factories and in new, up-to-date styles—each with the tone and quality characteristic of our production. We have always catered to the fastidious taste, and the great reputation we enjoy proves how successful the attempt has been. Thousands of satisfied customers testify to the merits of our claim when we say, "more quality for a given amount."

Our entire building is stocked with Pianos, new ones of our own manufacture, every one guaranteed to be exactly as represented, and a bargain at the price asked.

EXCHANGE DEPARTMENT—We operate a department especially for the exchange of new Pianos for old instruments of any make. Having complete facilities for thorough repairing, we are in a position to make a liberal allowance for Square Pianos and Organs. Let us make you a proposition whereby you may easily own a good instrument and enjoy music.

SECOND-HAND PIANOS FROM $25.00

D. H. BALDWIN & CO. 529-531 Fourth Ave.

We are members of the RETAIL MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION. Railroad fares refunded.

LEXINGTON LID

Placed On Tighter By Mayor Combs.

HE REVOKES THE LICENSE OF A SALOONIST.

CHARGED WITH KEEPING OPEN ON SUNDAY.

FRANCHISE FOR NEW LINE.

Lexington, Ky., May 15.—The saloon license of J. B. Flarety, who was arrested Sunday charged with keeping his saloon open, was revoked to-day by Mayor Combs, after a hearing of the evidence in the Mayor's office. This is the first case of revocation of license under the powers granted the Mayor by the Sunday closing ordinance adopted by the General Council.

The cases of Richard Rennick and John de Breason, who were also arrested under the same charge Sunday, were brought before the Police Court this morning, and both defendants were dismissed an insufficient testimony. The case against Flarety was also dismissed later.

* * *

The Fayette County Fiscal Court today granted a franchise for an interurban electric car line from this city to Winchester, the right of way extending out the Richmond pike for a distance not to exceed six miles and then to cross to the Todd's Mill pike to the county line, in the direction of Winchester. The franchise was granted to the Central Kentucky Traction Company, with the stipulation that work shall begin within two years and that the line shall be in operation within three years.

DUNN SURRENDERS.

Denies Charge of Setting Fire To His Home.

Newport, Ky., May 15.—[Special.]—Renewed interest in the sensational charges against former County School Superintendent U. S. Dunn, in whose apartments at 813 Isabella street fire was discovered, was his surrendering to the authorities to-day. When taken to police headquarters the prisoner stated that he had been visiting a friend at Morningview. He acknowledged being at his home, but strenuously denied the charge that he set fire to his home. He was held under $1,000 bond, which was furnished by friends.

Death of Jacob F. Klumpp.

Central City, Ky., May 15.—[Special.]—Jacob F. Klumpp died at the home of his son, John H. Klumpp, Monday afternoon at the age of seventy-nine. Mr. Klumpp had been ill for some time, but he was considered in no immediate danger. His condition became critical Sunday, and there was no hope entertained for his recovery. He had spent the greater part of his life in Louisvilile, having moved to Central City last November. Besides his widow Mr. Klumpp leaves five children, Messrs. John H. Klumpp, secretary of the Central Coal and Iron Company, of this city; J. F. Klumpp, Jr., of Louisville; George B. Klumpp, of Cincinnati; Louis Gehringer, of Louisville, and Mrs. F. M. Springer, of Simmons, Mo.

Counsel Employed.

Paris, Ky., May 15.—[Special.]—W. A. Thompson, A. B. Thomason, Monin Moore, J. W. Larkin, Henry Smith, Henry S. Clay and Charles Hough, members of the Bourbon County Republican Committee, who are defendants in the suit brought by James D. McClintock for criminal libel and for alleged misrepresentations of his political standing as a Republican, have employed the Hon. E. M. Dickson and County Attorney T. E. Moore, Jr., of Paris, and former Gov. W. O. Bradley and Judge George Denney, of Lexington, as counsel. The case when called will be one of the hottest contested political and legal battles ever waged in the Bourbon Circuit Court.

BEATEN BY TOUGHS.

Aged Farmer Found In a Pitiable Condition.

Maysville, Ky., May 15.—Edward Lloyd, aged sixty, a wealthy farmer of this county, was found this morning in an empty C. and O. freight car here in a pitiable condition. He said he came to town Monday and a gang of toughs took him to a place near the mouth of Limestone creek, beat him into insensibility, robbed him of his shoes, hat, coat, vest and money, carried him and placed him where he was found. He was too weak to talk much and could give no names of the men who did the job.

HURT IN A RUNAWAY.

Frank Cimini, of Henderson, Probably Fatally Injured.

Henderson, Ky., May 15.—[Special.]—Frank Cimini, wholesale fruit dealer, was perhaps fatally injured to-day by a runaway horse attached to a wagon which he was driving. Cimini was thrown against a tree and his skull crushed. His son sustained a fracture of the right arm.

L. and E. Railway Mortgage Filed.

Frankfort, Ky., May 15.—[Special.]—The Louisville and Eastern railway has filed a mortgage in the County Clerk's office on its property of $2,000,000, the amount to be expended in this State, in the construction of its road from Louisville to Frankfort, not over $450,000 to be expended on its extension from Shelbyville to Frankfort. The law requires the filing of a similar mortgage in each county through which the road runs.

C. H. Ely Acquitted.

London, Ky., May 15.—[Special.]—An indictment was returned in the Federal Court here to-day against C. H. Ely, of Pennington Gap, Va., on the charge of conterfeiting. He was immediately tried on the charge and acquitted. He was defended by J. C. Noel, of Jonesville, Va.

Hung Jury In London.

London, Ky., May 15.—[Special.]—Charles Sawyer, of Somerset, was tried in the Federal Court here to-day on the charge of robbing a postoffice in Pulaski county. The jury hung, standing six for acquittal six for conviction. Judge Paul of Somerset represented the defendant.

Mineral and Timber Land Sold.

London, Ky., May 15.—[Special.]—R. C. Ford, of Middlesboro, was here this week and closed a deal with C. M. Randall and Abner Eversole by which he sold them a large tract of mineral and timber land in Perry county. The deal was made through E. C. Holliday, of this city.

Old-Fashioned Home Burned.

Maysville, Ky., May 15.—The large, old-fashioned country residence, together with its contents, belonging to E. T. Rees, burned this morning. It was situated in the Thompson neighborhood, and the loss will be heavy, with only $1,000 insurance.

Death of Wm. P. Tate.

Tate, one of Stanford's best and wealthiest citizens, died last night at an advanced age. Burial will occur here at 3 o'clock to-morrow afternoon. He is survived by his widow and two children.

EDITOR PURDY RELEASED.

Quits Jail Under Writ of Habeas Corpus.

Indianapolis, Ind., May 15.—[Special.]—Fred L. Purdy, editor of the Indianapolis Sun, who was fined $250 and sent to jail for thirty days by Judge Alford, of the Criminal Court, charged with indirect contempt, was released to-night on a writ of habeas corpus by Judge McMaster, of the Superior Court. The writ was made returnable on Monday, "or such other time as the court may direct."

Mr. Thayer Sells Out.

New York, May 15.—John Adams Thayer, treasurer and general manager of the Ridgway-Thayer Company, publishers of Everybody's Magazine, will retire June 1 from active participation in the management of the company. While Mr. Thayer has sold the larger part of his stock to his original partners in the enterprise for an amount said to approximate a quarter of a million dollars, he retains an interest which leaves him the third largest stockholder in the company.

AROUND THE WORLD

JEREMIAH BACON RETURNS AFTER LONG TRIP.

Visits Many Climes and Meets Brother In California After Separation of Two Years.

After an absence of two years on a tour of the world, Jeremiah Bacon has returned to Louisville, and is now at the home of his sister, Mrs. M. B. Conway, 1409 Third avenue. Mr. Bacon brought back with him several trunks filled with curios from all parts of the world. During the two years that he was away from Louisville, he traveled 40,000 miles. His brother, John Bacon, president of the Bacon Realty Company, returned with his brother to Louisville after an absence of one year. He spent most of his time in Cuba and Mexico, and returned in the best of health. He and his brother met in Los Angeles, Cal., after a separation of two years, and traveled together from Los Angeles to Louisville. They expect to leave Louisville on another tour sometime in June.

Jeremiah Bacon left Louisville May 15, 1904, first visiting the St. Louis World's Fair. He set sail from New York for Plymouth, England, June 4. From Plymouth he went to Stratford, where he visited the home of Shakespeare. He saw the home of Hall Caine on the Isle of Man, and from there he visited the city of Chester, the only walled city to-day in England.

From Chester, Mr. Bacon went to London, where he remained one month. From London he went to Paris, and then to Italy. He passed through the Italian lake country to Milan, thence to Florence, and later to Rome, where he gained audience with the Pope. It was Mr. Bacon's fourth visit to Rome.

Leaving Rome, Mr. Bacon went to Naples, where he spent several weeks. He went to Jerusalem, where he visited the Holy Sepulcher on the Mount of Olives. He visited Solomon's temple, the garden of Gethsemane, and many other points of interest. In Bethlehem he visited the Church of the Nativity, where he viewed the manger in which Jesus was born. The exact spot is marked by a huge brass cross, surrounded by candles.

By steamer Mr. Bacon passed through the Suez canal into the Red Sea and on to Bombay, India, where he visited the Tower of Silence, the cemetery of the wealthy. In this cemetery the bodies of the dead are not placed under ground, but are put on platforms high in the air, where vultures devour them. From Bombay, Mr. Bacon traveled to Calcutta, where he visited the celebrated temples of India.

Before his return to America, he visited China and Japan. He also spent a month in the Philippine Islands. He spent some time in the Hawaiian Islands. Mr. Bacon arrived in San Francisco, Cal., from Honolulu, December 5.

JEFFERSON COURT CASE REVERSED.

Appellate Tribunal Decides Contrary To Lower Body and Directs Trial.

Frankfort, Ky., May 15.—[Special.]—In the Court of Appeals to-day, Chief Justice Hobson writing, the case of Commonwealth vs. Henry Schwieters, from the Jefferson Circuit Court, Criminal Division, was reversed. Schwieters was indicted on a charge of false swearing in connection with the Louisville municipal election in November, 1905. On a trial the case was thrown out by a demurrer which was sustained by the trial judge. This court holds that action to be error and directs trial in remanding the case.

In the case of Robert Neeley vs. Commonwealth, from Powell county, Chief Justice Hobson delivering the opinion of the court, the case was reversed. Appellant was convicted on a charge of killing one Jim Smith, shot by a special bailiff, whom he had accompanied to make an arrest. The case is reversed on erroneous instruction and remanded for new trial. The court incidentally holds that a Justice of the Peace has no authority to appoint a special bailiff to execute a warrant of arrest issued under the criminal code. Neeley was given twenty-one years.

The court affirmed the Leslie Circuit Court in the case of W[illegible]am Garrison, given twenty-one years for murder.

The court affirmed the L[illegible] Circuit Court in Illinois Central vs. [illegible] Appellee, a railroad employe, was [illegible]ed $300 for personal injuries.

Death of Ray Pecar.

Milton, Ky., May 15.—[Special.]—Ray Pecar, the eleven-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. P. C. Pecar, of this place, died after a few days' illness. He was taken to a sanitarium in Madison, where he was operated on and died a few hours later. Funeral services will take place Thursday morning at the residence.

FRANKFORT BUSINESS MEN

Visit Lawrenceburg In Interest of Interurban Line.

Lawrenceburg, Ky., May 15.—[Special.]—The members of the Frankfort Business Men's Club, twenty-five strong, headed by President George B. Harper and Mayor E. E. Hume, were the guests of the Commercial Club here to-night in the interest of the proposed interurban line between these cities. There was a large crowd present, and much interest was manifested. If the proposed line is not backed by Eastern capitalists the citizens of Anderson and Franklin counties intend to build it.

Can You Cut Out the "Yellow" Streak?

All got one, you know. Some small, some large. The more "yellow" in your make-up, the less yellow gold in your character and pocketbook.

Is your yellow streak the coffee habit? Does it reduce your working force, kill your energy, push you into the big crowd of mongrels, deaden what thoroughbred blood you may have, and neutralize all your efforts to make money and fame?

It does that very thing for thousands who don't suspect it. Languid, half sick with stomach and bowel troubles, heart weak and hardly half alive, you cannot succeed under such fearful handicaps nowadays, when the world only yields the crown for the best efforts of keen people.

Try leaving off coffee for 10 days. Build back to a clear-cut mind and healthy body by Postum Coffee. That's the true route to health, and with bounding exuberant health you acquire "Energy plus."

Then to "do things" is easy.

"There's a Reason."
Have a try at Postum

NOTE.—Postum is only good to the taste when well boiled. Then it is prime and toothsome.

NO PLACE
The Lazy Ones Must Stand Aside.

The dull heavy feeling from coffee may not amount to much in itself, but it's a great obstacle in the way of fame and fortune, for it kills ambition and makes one lazy and finally sick.

The successful men or women must first conquer themselves. The way to conquer that dull, stupid feeling 9 times out of 10 is to pay a little attention to proper food, coffee in particular will dull the senses and make one feel lazy and stupid after the first effects of the cup have worn off an hour or so after drinking it.

"I was a lover of coffee," says a New York man. "It seemed to me breakfast was nothing without it, but I noticed an hour or so after breakfast a dull, stupid feeling came over me, accompanied frequently by nausea.

"Thinking perhaps it was caused by coffee, I wanted to make sure of it, so I gave up the use of coffee and drank Postum in its place. My old trouble disappeared, and I learned to look forward to my Postum with as much eagerness as I used to look to coffee, and instead of being bad in its effect, Postum is very healthy, and I feel 'fit as a lord' right along." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason why Postum helps toward fame and fortune when used in place of coffee, the drug drink.

Look in each package for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

Courier-Journal.

—Published—
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TWELVE PAGES.

WEDNESDAY........MAY 16, 1906

"Business."

Tuesday Evening, May 15.—The New York market opened strong, sold off, rallied and closed irregular.

Money on call was easy at 3 to 3½ per cent. Time loans were easy at 4½ to 5¾. Sterling exchange was soft.

Final quotations on wheat for July delivery showed a net loss of ½ cent. Corn and oats were practically unchanged.

The cotton market opened at an advance of six points, reacted on profit-taking, and closed about five points under the opening.

The Chicago cattle market was steady, the hog market weak and the sheep market strong.

The Insurance Decision.

The Supreme Court of the United States has found a new line of cleavage in cases where there is dissent. Instead of deciding the insurance case from Kentucky by the old division of five to four, it affirmed the case by seven to two.

It is evident that the court was embarrassed by a decision previously rendered in an Iowa case. The question before the court was the right of a Legislature to say that an insurance company's permission to do business in the State should be withdrawn whenever it took a case into a Federal court. In the Iowa case the State statute provided that the application of a corporation to do business should contain a stipulation that the permit should be subject to all the provisions of the act. Among these provisions was one that the company should not remove the case from a State to a Federal court. The Supreme Court said that such a stipulation was void. In the Kentucky case no such stipulation was required from the company, but there was a provision that in such a case the permit shall be revoked. It is a pretty fine distinction, but the Supreme Court sustains the Kentucky statute.

The jurisdiction of Federal courts is based partly upon the subject matter of a case and partly upon the residence of the parties. Where the parties reside in different States the subject matter is immaterial. Hence we have numerous cases in which the Federal question is involved where Federal courts take jurisdiction by reason of the residence of the parties. In such cases the Federal courts enforce the laws of the State. The Supreme Court will not allow an agreement to waive the right to go into a Federal court. Pressure may be brought to induce a foreign corporation, that is, a corporation that is not chartered by the State in which it seeks to do business, to waive its right to go into a particular court, but this agreement is not enforceable. The jurisdiction of the Federal Court remains in spite of the agreement.

But the Supreme Court says that a foreign corporation, such as an insurance company, may be forbidden entirely to do business in a particular State. If the State permits a corporation to enter and do business, it may take away that permission. As the right to withdraw the permit is conceded, it is not invalidated by giving a bad reason for it. The right may be withdrawn for any reason or for none at all. If the State may refuse the right, it may specify the terms upon which it may be exercised.

The company insisted that the State could not enact in advance that the license to do business should be revoked on an appeal to the Federal Court. This subtile distinction is not sustained. The Supreme Court points out that the effect of this statute is simply to put foreign insurance companies on the same basis as domestic companies. Any other construction would give the foreign corporation an advantage which domestic companies do not enjoy. And the foreign company is such by reason of its charter being granted by another State. A corporation of Kentuckians doing business in Kentucky, but chartered under the laws of New Jersey, is a foreign corporation, and would, in the theory here suggested, enjoy rights which no domestic corporation can claim. The Supreme Court says in effect that a State is not obliged under the Federal constitution to permit this inequality. It may so frame its laws that the domestic corporation may have all the rights enjoyed by the foreign.

There is no doubt that under constructions of the law which have heretofore obtained, corporations chartered by certain States have had much the better of it. This decision points out one respect in which they cannot claim an advantage. The opinion does not extend to other matters, but it is at least welcome as showing that a State is not altogether at the mercy of a corporation which desires to do business in it. The corporation cannot be prevented from asserting its legal rights, but it may be prevented from doing business in a State whose courts it chooses to defy.

An Intellectual Titan.

Carl Schurz was easily the foremost German-American. Indeed, with Albert Gallatin, he will stand as, thus far, the most eminent of our public men of foreign birth. Whether as a Senatorial debater, or a popular orator, as a publicist, thinker and writer, or as a scholar of varied and delightful attainment, he must be assigned the very highest rank in our world of the intellectual.

Both his private character and his public performances were from the beginning exposed to singular misconception and animadversion. He was neither a revolutionist nor an adventurer. The uprising of the people all over Europe in 1848 found him little more than a schoolboy at Bonn, though he was the Editor of a newspaper, and, with a schoolboy's self-confidence and ardor, he threw himself into the movement of Young Germany for freedom. His military exploits did not reveal an embryo Napoleon; but his rescue of the poet Kinkel reads like a chapter out of a novel of Scott, or Dumas, and made him at once a hero of romance. To those who knew him intimately he never lost or compromised this character; though simple in his ways, and sometimes austere, the ideal of the preux Chevalier attached itself indelibly to his personality. He might have been the lineal descendant of Sigurd, or Lohengrin, and certainly belonged to their brood.

From the crown of his head to the soles of his feet, Carl Schurz was a German. It may be that, when he first arrived in America and found the Slavery agitation ready-made to his hand, he thought he had attained his opportunity, and had reached the broad, open highway to the career his fancy had set before his hope; but, after a brief service abroad as Minister to Spain and in the Army as a General of Brigade, he never found himself at home in American politics. He was at once an idealist and an alien. He saw too clearly the imperfections of our public life and the limitations of our public men. Such a being could not have been more ill-placed than in Missouri, where, outside the German clientelle immediately about him in St. Louis, he had never any following and could get none.

He detested Slavery and everybody connected with it. He could see nothing but the swash-buckling side of the Southern character. The South to him was all of a piece. To him, who, as a German and as an Artist all was sentiment, there was no sentimental side to American politics, except through the vista of freedom for the slave, which, in the end, closed up and disappointed his humanitarian expectations.

He attached himself to Sumner when he entered the Senate. Towards any practical, or ambitious ends he could scarcely have chosen a less propitious leader. Although the character and personality of General Grant became offensive to him, and he found many occasions for opposing the conduct and policies of the Grant Administration, it was his loyalty to Sumner that carried him into what was called the Liberal Republican Movement of 1872. The times were not ripe for it. The turn it took was preposterous. Comic opera never displayed anything more grotesque than Horace Greeley as a Democratic Nominee for President. Schurz, who had no great gift of humor, saw the comic side of it perhaps but dimly, but the illogical side rose before him almost as a stone wall. He did something more than hesitate. It required a little affectionate bulldozing and a great deal of pursuasion and finesse on the part of his familiar friends to induce him to attend the Fifth Avenue Conference, an ingenious contrivance got up to make a bridge for him. When, a year later, he lost his seat in the Senate, which the Democrats of Missouri might better have conceded him, that chapter was ended.

The truth is that Schurz could not have been a Democrat, if he had tried; though the Republican party, plus its inevitable corruptions, and, later along, its adoption of the Protective Tariff System, affronted alike his fastidious sense of public cleanliness and his economic predilections; so that, with Blaine for a red rag, he fell naturally into the support of Cleveland in 1884. If he had been anything of a political adventurer, the way ahead of him after the War of Sections was clear and open; it was to discount his aversion to the concrete things of Republican politics and remain a Republican. His transcendent abilities and German following would have made him a necessity to the Republican party, a matter-of-course in all of its dispositions, commanding during times of triumph recognition and great place. That he did not is sure proof of his intellectual rectitude.

His aims were not those of the soldier-of-fortune. He was nowise a self-seeker. Preferment was nothing to him. His support of Hayes in 1876 was equally disinterested and sincere. He personally disliked and distrusted Mr. Tilden. He personally liked and trusted Mr. Hayes. The Secretaryship of the Interior was distinctly not the result of a dicker, or the liquidation of a debt. It came to him, as recognition has come to many another, by right both of fitness and position, and he filled it most honorably and completely.

But, he was not much more at home in Hayes' Cabinet than he had been in Greeley's campaign, or as a Representative of Missouri in the Senate of the United States. "If I should live a hundred years," he said sadly in one of his moods of depression to a friend, "I should be to a large class of Americans still a d—— Dutchman!" That was true enough. He was alternately denounced as a "d—— Dutchman" by both the Republican party and the Democratic party; the exact truth being that he was never an American and always a German.

But, wherever he appeared, he was a man among men, a leader and a hero. That on the floor of the Senate he proved himself more than a match alternately for Conkling and Morton, is putting it strong; but no one can turn back to the French Arms Debate and doubt it. "This is moving day," he said on taking the Chair of the Liberal Republican Convention that met in Cincinnati the 1st of May, 1872. The words were electrical. He looked the party leader every inch of him, as he stood there, tall, stately, easily and equally dominating the imagination and the scene. The little clump of those about him—excepting Whitelaw Reid and Halstead—were Free Traders, with Sam Bowles and Horace White well to the fore. In Pittsburg one Sunday afternoon, coming suddenly upon a great iron-molding of a lion, rampant, in front of a foundry, Schurz pointed to it with a look of quizical intelligence not unusual to him. "Pennsylvania's Supreme Being," he said.

The domestic life of Carl Schurz was surpassingly beautiful. His marriage had been romantically a love-match, his wife the very dream of a poet's fancy, her early death a staggering blow. Like the hero he was he met it, sinking back into the arms of his children, never a murmur to profane that which was sacred, and true to the last to a blessed memory.

Now that he is dead no ill will be said of him because no ill can be truthfully said of him. He leaves not a noisy following. His fame is identified with no party interest or history. Even the Germans are less clanish than they used to be, and to the present generation of them the name of Carl Schurz is but a legend. He lived to be an old, old man. Yet, to the close, his intellect shone resplendent—it touched nothing it did not illuminate—and he made a fine figure of a philosopher, whom nothing could repress, or obscure, though an unbroken line of political fortune had been denied him. It will be observed that one of the earliest messages of condolence comes from the Imperial family in Berlin. In Germany, they recognized him and were proud of him as a German; in the United States, he will become in time a tradition; the tradition of a Rhine-god, somehow, gone astray, but not wholly lost even in the wilds of America.

Give the Children a Chance.

The Teachers' Club, of Boston, has put out the proposition that the school children of the United States shall contribute money enough to build a memorial school at San Francisco. It is announced that $5,000 may be raised in this way in Boston. Whether it would be a good idea to erect a memorial school in San Francisco is a question which is at least debatable. But why saddle the cost of it on the school children of other States? There may be cases, chiefly of a local character, which may justify an appeal to the school children, but they certainly ought to be few. The people have responded liberally to relieve the distress in California, and will continue to do so for some time yet. The school children have not much money, and appeals to them should be made sparingly. When a proposition meets the approval of the teachers and the school board, the children are almost compelled to contribute or to plead poverty as a reason for refusing. In a sense it is often no better than a forced contribution.

It is urged with some plausibility that children should be accustomed early to give a portion of their small savings to public objects. The habit of giving, we are told, must be cultivated and naturally grows with its exercise. However correct this may be theoretically, there is undoubtedly a disposition to draw too freely on the scanty savings of the school children. The creation of a memorial school in San Francisco, if thought desirable, should be left to the liberality of the older people.

Two Veterans Gone.

The death records of the past few days include the names of two Kentuckians who, in their spheres, long enjoyed the confidence and respect of their friends and neighbors and whose loss will cause deep regret in their respective circles. Maj. Barak G. Thomas, of Lexington, the elder of the two, who had passed the age of four score, was a native of Fayette county and had resided there during the whole of his life, except when serving in the Confederate army, where he held the rank of Major. After the surrender of Gen. Lee he returned to Lexington and was Sheriff of the county, being later business manager of the Observer and Reporter, then edited by Col. W. C. P. Breckinridge. He then engaged in the rearing of thoroughbred race horses and soon became noted as a successful racer, as well as breeder, being recognized long before his death as one of the foremost turfmen in the State. Within the past few years he had retired upon his farm from active participation in the sport, and his death removes one of the last of the old school racers who gave Kentucky such prominence in the sport.

The other and junior of the two was Dr. John D. Woods, of Bowling Green, a man of wide culture and prominence in his profession, who added to his qualifications, in that respect, decided ability as an editor. He was a native of Tennessee, but came to Kentucky after the war from Mississippi, which was then his residence, and settling in Glasgow became in conjunction with his professional duties editor of the Glasgow Times. It was not long before the brightness of his wit and his scholarly contributions to his paper made it one of the most widely known in the State. In 1893 he removed to Bowling Green, which he had since made his home, with the exception of several years spent in Frankfort as editor of the Capital. His aptitude for writing led him in the greater part of the interval since he returned to Bowling Green to continue his connection with the press, though still maintaining his position as a trusted physician. Of a decided type of character, with a wit that was never marred with bitterness or the severity which wounds, he held a position in the community in which he lived which made him loved and respected in life and will cause him to be regretted in death. Nor was this estimate of him limited to the confines of his town, county or district. There were few men not in prominent political position more widely known throughout the State or the announcement of whose death could bring more regret.

The President's Attitude.

The divisions of the powers of Government into three departments, or classes—legislative, executive and judicial—is an old one. As the legislative power is the chief, it is very properly named first. The Constitution of the United States takes it up first, and is largely devoted to it. To say under what laws a people shall live is the principal function. But there must be some provision for causing these laws to be enforced and for interpreting them, and so the subordinate departments of the executive and the judiciary are needed, but solely for the purpose of effecting the will of the Legislature.

In the United States the necessity of keeping the three departments distinct is almost universally recognized in theory. The Supreme Court has often referred to it as a fundamental principle of our jurisprudence. Members of both houses of Congress and Presidents have expatiated upon it. Yet it is a curious fact that our Constitution makes several very important exceptions to this separation. The President is interested in legislation in two ways. He may recommend to Congress such laws as he thinks ought to be enacted, and he may veto such bills as he believes ought not to be enacted. This veto is qualified and not absolute, but it plays an important part in legislation. Then the Senate is invested with very important executive functions. It is also made a court for the trial of articles of impeachment, and as such may sit in judgment on the President, Chief Justice or any other official of the United States. The judiciary is not invested with the power of making laws, but it frequently unmakes them. It is also credited with a good deal of affirmative legislation by those who expatiate on "judge-made laws." Thus we have a legislative body which exercises both executive and judicial functions, an executive who has an important share in legislation and a judiciary which cannot be wholly restrained from the exercise of legislative power.

Nevertheless, the granting to one department of a certain share in the business of another is an exception to a general principle which is regarded as of paramount importance. For this reason the intrusion of one department into the domain of another is looked upon with extreme jealousy, and the theory is that it should be strictly limited to the cases set forth in the Constitution. Even with this limitation the veto power of the President has been regarded with considerable hostility, and one of the great political parties was for a long time in favor of taking it from him. The President is not at all responsible for legislation, except to the extent of his recommendation, and his power sometimes to prevent its enactment, by the interposition of his qualified veto. For affirmative legislation he is not at all responsible. He may recommend, of course, but his recommendations may be entirely disregarded, and as a matter of fact they are not carried out in the majority of cases. Theoretically, all he can do is to recommend.

In practice it is found that he may do more. He is invested by the Constitution with large powers to appoint, and this has come to be known as patronage. The practice of sharing this patronage with members of the two legislative bodies has grown to great proportions. It is possible for him to give a share to such members of Congress as do his will, and to withhold it from such as oppose it. There have been charges against Presidents of building up in Congress parties of their own who dare not oppose the will of the Executive, lest they be deprived of the spoils of office. In this way it is possible for a President to exercise an influence upon legislation which the Constitution does not give. When he chooses to exercise that power, he may be sure that his action will be criticised by those to whom it is unwelcome. Theoretically, he may be deprived of his office for an abuse of his powers; practically, he is in no danger of this so long as he can command the support of more than one-third of the Senate. Accordingly, the practice has sprung up of looking to the President, who is not a law-giver at all, for a good deal of the legislation which people may think desirable.

The passage of a rate bill has long been a favorite project with Mr. Roosevelt. It has been rather generally assumed that one will be passed because he desires it. The prospect seems certain that a bill will be passed, though not in the form that it passed the House. The disposition to amend it in the Senate early showed itself. It has been actually amended in many particulars, and may yet receive additional changes. The President is credited with saying that certain amendments do not change its essential character, but a number of those who have been in conference with him say that it has been made altogether a different bill. On the one hand, it is charged that the President has surrendered to the railroad Senators; on the other, that the railroads have surrendered to him. Different factions have their own ideas as to who is right, but the controversy will perhaps never be settled till the bill is enacted and the courts proceed to interpret it in ways which it is now predicted that they never will.

Meantime, it is worth our while to remember that the President is not responsible for legislation, and that no Senator has any right to shirk his duty to the country by laying the blame on Mr. Roosevelt. The latter long ago discharged all the duty which the Constitution puts upon the President, by recommending a bill authorizing him to make rates through his appointees, the Interstate Commerce Commission. It is important to distinguish between what he may do as President of the United States and what he chooses to do as a Republican politician, resolved to approve whatever a Republican Senate may pass.

Some Radical Demands.

The ten demands to be made of the Czar by the Lower House of the Russian Parliament are enough to jar his nerves severely. As drafted by the committee and embodied in an address to the throne, in reply to the Czar's speech at the opening of the session, they are radical and revolutionary; they smite Nicholas in some of his most sensitive spots; they show no respect for the exclusive prerogatives of absolutism; they treat the national traditions as lightly as if they never existed; they seek of autocracy the total destruction of autocracy.

In brief, the demands compiled by the committee to be laid before Nicholas, are:

First—General amnesty.

Second—The abolition of the death penalty.

Third—The suspension of martial law and all exceptional laws.

Fourth—Full civil liberty.

Fifth—The abolition of the Council of the Empire.

Sixth—The revision of the fundamental laws.

Seventh—The establishment of the responsibility of ministers.

Eighth—The right of interpellation.

Ninth—Forced expropriation of land.

Tenth—Guarantees of the rights of trades unions.

Shades of Ivan, Peter and Catherine! The Czar, of course, will not grant such demands—at any rate, though he may temporize with some of them his general attitude will be one of resistance. Why, these vulgar folk are asking that he forego priceless heritages of the crown—precious privileges which his ancestors won and defended with bloodshed and butchery! To be sure, although he has disguised autocracy by holding the mask of an elective assembly before its face, he will not turn his whole Government over to the rabble. He will not yield these points to the Douma.

And when the Czar of All the Russias thus refuses the demands of the Parliament, what will happen? That is what many persons would like to know—including the Czar. It is because he does not know and cannot know that the demands will fill him with anxiety and jar his nerves.

"Henry Watterson denies that he said 'William R. Hearst will control the next Democratic convention.' What he did say was that 'the Bryan and Hearst forces, united, will probably be able to control the next Democratic convention.' But will the Bryan and Hearst forces unite?"—[Atlanta Constitution.

Of that we know nothing. Do you?

"Because he loves his art," it is announced, "Herr Nikisch will come to America to lead the Boston symphony orchestra, provided he is guaranteed $50,000 a year." "His art," or the art which has made engraved jimjams of Uncle Sam's currency?

Points About People.

The annual spring business meeting of the Musical Art Society took place yesterday morning at the home of Mrs. William R. Belknap.

The election of officers took place, resulting as follows:

President—Mrs. Alfred Brandeis.

First Vice President—Mrs. William R. Belknap.

Second Vice President—Mrs. William J. Dodd.

Secretary—Mrs. Morris Belknap.

Treasurer—Miss Virginia Meldrum.

Programme Secretary—Mrs. Newton Crawford.

Room Secretary—Miss Mildred J. Hill.

Besides the election, the reports of the year's work were made.

The Rev. J. D. Wallace, pastor of the South Louisville Presbyterian church, is the guest of Col. and Mrs. Bennett H. Young, in the absence of his wife and family in Tennessee, where they are on a visit.

* * *

Mrs. Alfred Brandeis will entertain Monday afternoon, May 21, in honor of Mrs. Pattie B. Semple, who will sail for Europe in June to spend several months.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Smyser and family will close their home in the Highlands this week and will go to their country place at Lyndon for the summer.

* * *

Mrs. Baylor Hickman will give a luncheon at the Country Club next Tuesday, May 22, in honor of her sister, Mrs. Harold Bourne, of Florida. Mrs. Bourne will also be given a luncheon to-morrow by Mrs. Saunders P. Jones.

* * *

Mrs. John Clark Rogers, of Lexington, who has been the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Andrew M. Sea, has returned home.

* * *

The following notice, which appeared in the Chattanooga Evening News May 12, concerns the marriage of Miss Jennie Lee Robinson, who is the youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Robinson, of New Albany, Ind. The Robinsons belong to one of the oldest families in New Albany, and Miss Robinson's father is a prosperous tobacconist on East Main street, of that city:

"Miss Jennie Lee Robinson and Mr. F. W. Edwards will be married on Wednesday, May 16, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Norvell on Vine street, the Rev. J. W. Bachman officiating.

"This announcement will come as a pleasant surprise to their hosts of friends, and the most cordial congratulations will be extended to them on their approaching marriage.

"Both are widely known. Miss Robinson is a handsome young woman and is considered the most capable business woman in Chattanooga. She has for several years been bookkeeper for Davenport Bros., and her efficiency amounts to absolute genius. The firm has considered her services indispensable.

"Mr. Edwards is of the firm of Edwards & LeBron, jewelers. He is universally liked in business and social circles and occupies an enviable position among the substantial citizens of Chattanooga."

* * *

Mrs. Benton Ormsby, of New Albany, has rented Mrs. Eva Churchill's flat on Fourth avenue near Oak street for the summer.

Mrs. Churchill and daughter, Miss Eva Churchill, who have been in Europe for the past year, and who expected to return home this month, will continue their travels until the fall.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Ferguson moved last week to the Carter place, on the Bardstown road, where they will spend the summer.

* * *

Mrs. B. M. Creel and Mrs. Lee Robinson, the chairmen of the Supper Committee of the county fair to be given at Rio Vista June 2, have arranged a most appetizing menu for the supper that day. It will consist of chicken salad, beaten biscuit, cold country ham, ice tea and all kinds of sandwiches.

All the viands will be made by various women interested in the county fair and noted for their culinary talents.

* * *

Mrs. John Marshall, who is spending several days at French Lick, is expected home to-morrow.

* * *

Mr. William Coleman, who has been traveling in Europe for the past three months, will sail May 23 for New York, on the Kron Prinz. He will arrive in Louisville June 1.

* * *

Mrs. W. B. Cecil, of Danville, who has been the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Lemuel H. McHenry, returned home yesterday.

* * *

Mrs. William T. Rolph, of Philadelphia, is in the city visiting her son, Mr. Horace Rolph.

* * *

Miss Bessie Thompson, of Kalamazoo, Mich., will arrive Monday on a visit to Mrs. Thomas P. Taylor.

* * *

Mrs. John G. Simrall and Mrs. T. G. Gaylord, of New York, left yesterday for French Lick, where they will spend ten days.

* * *

Miss Edith Fitzgerald will leave Saturday for Cincinnati, where she will spend several days with Miss Anne Henry.

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Lieut. Robert Beck and Mr. Harry McGoodwin will spend the summer with Mr. W. J. Dodd in St. James Court during the absence of Mrs. Dodd in Europe.

* * *

Mrs. May Shallcross has returned from French Lick after a visit of several weeks.

* * *

Mrs. J. W. E. Bayly will leave Friday for Chattanooga, where she will visit her mother, Mrs. William Spears.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Russell, of Pennsylvania, who have been spending several days with Mrs. Russell's parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Barbour, left yesterday for St. Louis, to attend a railroad convention. They will then return to their home at Wyncote, Pa.

Miss Louise Barbour, who expected to accompany them home, has changed her plans, and will leave in June for Duluth, Minn., where she will spend the summer with the Rev. and Mrs. Thomas H. Cleland and Miss Mildred Cleland.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. John D. Wakefield have rented Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Mead's home at 312 Lee street for the summer and moved into it last week. Mrs. Mead has gone South on a short visit, and upon her return to Louisville she will go to the country for the summer.

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Dr. Julian Cleland, of New Lebanon, N. Y., who has been in Harrodsburg, visiting his brother, the Rev. Frank Cleland, is in the city visiting Mr. and Mrs. Frank S. Barbour.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. B. Goff Snyder, of Uniontown, Ala., are in the city on a visit to their parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Snyder.

* * *

The biennial meeting of the Woman's Emergency Association, of which Mrs. George C. Avery is president, was held yesterday afternoon at the Woman's Club.

The work done by the organization for the past two years was reviewed, and the report of the Anti-Tuberculosis Committee was made. As all the money which is being raised by this committee has not yet been received, a complete report could not be given.

Six new directors were elected to the association, and they are Mrs. C. P. Barnes, Mrs. S. Thruston Ballard, Mrs. Shackelford Miller, Mrs. Samuel Hartwell, Mrs. Charles Bonnycastle Robinson and Miss Lucy Belknap. The Emergency Association included forty-seven organizations of women with a membership of 5,000.

Masterson—Hughes.

Carrollton, Ky., May 15.—[Special.]—The many friends of United States Consul W. W. Masterson, of Aden, Arabia, to-day received cards announcing his marriage in Rome, Italy, on May 7, to Mrs. Perkins Hughes, of Philadelphia. The romance which culminated in the marriage began last summer, when Mrs. Hughes, in company with friends, was circumnavigating the globe. Mr. and Mrs. Masterson will spend the month of June in Carrollton.

Gaither—Kelly.

Hopkinsville, Ky., May 15.—[Special.]—Miss Annie Todd Kelly and W. Nick Gaither, a popular young couple, of this city, were married to-night at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Kelly. The Rev. Edward H. Bull, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, performed the ceremony. The bridegroom is a civil engineer in the employ of the L. and N. railroad. Mr. and Mrs. Gaither left on an extended bridal trip immediately after the marriage.

SHORT PARAGRAPHS WITH POINT AND PITH.

One reason why opportunity gets on so well is that it knocks only once. If opportunity knocked all the time, it wouldn't do any better than other knockers.—[Atlanta Journal.

* * *

From the reports the United States seems to be doing everything there is down at Panama except to dig the canal.—[Pittsburg Dispatch.

* * *

The Rev. J. Kinsey Smith says that, when compared to Louisville, the city of Pittsburg is like heaven. He must have an idea that heaven is located near the smokestack of the other place.—[Washington Post.

* * *

A Cincinnati man has named his son Ananias. He must intend him for the insurance business.—[Baltimore Herald.

* * *

A Warren, O., woman who celebrated the one hundredth anniversary of her birth the other day, has smoked a pipe for eighty years. Not the same pipe, however.—[Toledo Blade.

* * *

President Roosevelt says that he has seen lots of men with entirely too much money. So far not a single newspaper man in the country has resented this remark as anything personal.—[Atlanta Journal.

* * *

"What's to become of me if that amendment prevails?" blurted out Clark, the Montana copper Senator, when it was proposed in the Senate to prohibit producing agencies owning railroads. The answer to this is unfit for publication.—[Des Moines Daily News.

* * *

Senator Aldrich alleges he will be able to prove an alibi in the matter of the grounding of the battleship Rhode Island.—[Sioux City Journal.

* * *

A baby buggy that shuts up has been invented by an ingenious Chicago man. Now, if he will just follow with a baby to match, he can have our vote for the fattest office in the Windy City.—[Tacoma Daily Ledger.

* * *

Thanks to the great popularity of Bunyan's "Pilgrim's Progress," the words "muck rake" have been translated into eighty-four languages.—[Chicago Tribune.

* * *

A fishing firm at Widewater, Va., is named Herring & Pyke. A very appropriate name for the business and the story that they caught a million herring during the season. The writer evidently meant herring bones.—[Newport News Times-Herald.

* * *

Secretary Shaw is understood to be still running for President, but you can't hardly notice it at all.—[Houston Express.

* * *

A great name is to be won in Russia. But not, evidently, by Petrus Petrunkevitch or G. Whizz Goremykin. They have all the name they need already.—[New York Evening Mail.

* * *

It is a pity if Father Gapon is dead, and if he is not dead he ought to be.—[Nashville American.

When Kuropatkin announced that he

* * *

was about to write a history of the Japanese War, the question was asked whether it "would be a running story." Now he refuses to write it.—[Buffalo Evening Times.

* * *

At moments the Senate becomes so worked up that Vice President Fairbanks becomes excited. It is a wild condition of affairs when the blood runs through Fairbanks more than once every two hours.—[Dallas News.

* * *

"As to the typographical display," says Editor Lyman, of the New York Tribune, "I doubt if anybody really prefers the tadpole fashion of setting up a newspaper—all head and no tail. It is worse, if possible, than the cometary style—10,000,000 cubic miles of head, 10,000,000,000 leagues of tail. Headlines are relative."—[Boston Herald.

* * *

Is the fact that an Eastern pump company increased its stock to $8,000,000 "prima facie" evidence that it is watered stock?—[Seattle Times.

* * *

The man who kicked the flag in Hoboken has been given six months. The men whose insurance grafts made American corruption a byword on two continents have not been indicted.—[Florida Times-Union.

* * *

It is estimated that a penny changes hands 125,000 times in its life. It might, if Aunt Hetty Green did not happen to see it first.—[Rochester Union and Advertiser.

Right You Are.

[Birmingham Ledger.]

"Henry Watterson thinks Mr. Roosevelt could not become a Cabinet officer without compromising the dignity of the presidency. It is, of course, agreed that an ex-President can become a Senator or Congressman. There are precedents for that. A Cabinet officer is considered a personal appointee of a President. The Senators and Congressmen are servants of the people, and no man can compromise his dignity by serving the people. Furthermore, Mr. Roosevelt might not be the choice of the next President. A Cabinet officer can be 'fired' without cause, and that would be decidedly awkward for an ex-President."

ANYBODY CAN FLY.

Problem of Aerial Navigation Said To Be Solved.

"The problem of human flight is solved," writes E. B. Grimes in Technical World Magazine for June. "One hundred and sixty times have the motor-driven flying machines invented by Orville and Wilbur Wright, of Dayton, O., carried a man safely through the high air. The Wright flyer weighs about 925 pounds, including the operator. It is a true flying machine—not a dirigible balloon—and owes nothing to the lifting power of any gas. It seems to be completely under the control of the operator, who can send it up or down, ahead or to either side at will. Driven by a gasoline engine, said to be of twenty-four horse-power, it flew on its last trip a distance of 24 1-5 miles without a stop. The speed during this flight averaged a trifle over 38 miles an hour.

Few inventions have had such tremendous possibilities. Consider, for instance, what the exclusive possession of such a practicable flyer, capable of lifting heavy weight, would mean to a nation at war. From a secure height, every movement of its enemy over a vast territory could be constantly watched; a whole army might be wiped out or at least thrown into confusion by bombs hurled from the sky; great cities might be easily terrorized—war, it would almost seem, would be abolished by the common consent of mankind.

SOUNDS LIKE SLANG, BUT REALLY GOOD ENGLISH.

A philologist was talking about words. "There are over 225,000 words in the English language," he said, "but we only use a few thousand of them. The extra ones are of no use to us. Any man could sit down with a dictionary and write in good English a story that no one in the world would understand. Here, for instance, can you make head or tail out of this?"

And the philologist pattered off glibly: "I will againby the atabal. You are asweyed. Yet this is no blushet's bobance, nor am I a cudden, either. Though the atabel is dern, still will I againby it."

Then he translated:

"I will recover the drum. You are amazed? Yet this is no young girl's boasting, nor am I a fool, either. Though the drum is hidden, still will I recover it."—Kansas City Independent.

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

An audience of 1,200 people witnessed the joint concert of the Musical Club and the Philharmonic Society at Macauley's last evening. It was, in fact, one of the largest audiences seen at any of the concerts of the two societies this season.

It marked the second production of Karl Schmidt's "Judith," a biblical cantata, with words by Rabbi Enelow, of the Temple Adas Israel. Unfortunately the cantata was not given the reading that the work really merited. Not that the orchestra or the soloists failed to handle well their features, but it was the uneven work of the chorus, particularly in the male voices, that marred the ensemble effects.

It is a work worthy of a better production than was given it last night. One feature which detracted from the rendition of the work was the omission of the part of Ozia, owing to the illness of Peter Schlicht, who was to sing the part.

The soloists sang their respective roles with credit. Mrs. Carrie Rothschild-Sapinsky gave an excellent reading of the title role, which is particularly adapted to her style and temperament. Douglas Webb, in the part of Holofernes, sang with fine effect and with all of the dignity of bearing the role required. A feature of his work which was very satisfying was his excellent enunciation. T. C. Barr, who essayed the part of Achior, delivered his recitative with dramatic intensity, demonstrating that it is in this sort of work he excels.

A feature of the programme, which probably was the most pleasing number of the concert was the splendid interpretation of Santuzza's romance from "Cavalleria Rusticana," by Mascagni, as given by Mrs. Margaret Proctor-Beasley. In introducing her as a soloist with the orchestra the society gave its patrons an artistic treat. She possesses a beautiful soprano voice of great power, brilliancy and sweetness, and her conception of the part was authoritative and scholarly. She was repeatedly encored, to which she responded with a Chanson by Rogers.

The closing number, "Out of Darkness," by Gounod, served to show the orchestra up to better advantage than in the former numbers. The final chorus, "He Shall Redeem Thee," served to brighten the record made up to that time by the chorus. The soloists, Mrs. Beasley, Mrs. Sapinsky, Messrs. Barr, Root and Webb, appeared to fine advantage in their respective roles. The concert was opened with the overture to Mendelssohn's "Athalia," in which the orchestra appeared to advantage.

The final concert of the season will be given by the Philharmonic Society on May 31 at Macauley's Theater, with Miss Louise Wilkins as soloist.

ON THE FUNNY BONE.

Would Be Nice.

Now Gates and Morgan, they are rich,
while I'm a struggling bard,
For stocks are easy quite to sell and poetry is hard.
While I am earning twenty bones, they
make a million cold;
There's less in coining phrases than
there is in coining gold.

I would that things were turned around,
that I were selling stocks
And piling up the wherewithal, the shekels and the rocks.
'Twould be indeed a lovely thing if I
were rich, I wis,
And Gates and Morgan had to live by
writing stuff like this.

* * *

Perhaps.

"When the day of judgment comes," murmured the first society lady.

"Well," said the second society lady, "what about that event?"

"Oh, nothing. I suppose we'll be asked to act as patronesses, of course."

* * *

The Facts.

"How are your wife's biscuits?"

"Better than my jokes on the subject," answered the professional humorist with a soulful sigh.

* * *

A Variation.

"Please, sir," said the office boy, "me gran'mudder—"

"Is dead, is she?" snorted the boss testily.

"No, sir. She wants me to take her to de ball game."

He got off.

* * *

They Would, Too.

"I would forget!" our hero bawled,
The damsel was in tears.
"You are exactly like," she squalled
"The frenzied financiers."

* * *

No Applause.

"I hear the show was a frost," said Hamlet Fatt.

"Frost!" exclaimed Susan Brett. "It was such a frost that the only hand I got was when I said: 'Just a plain American citizen is good enough for me.' And you know when that ain't good for a hand then nuthin' ain't good for a hand."

* * *

He Knows.

"Any extra spicy scandal in New York just now?"

"Ask the Mann."

* * *

Things Even Up.

"Stay at home on account of a sick baby?" sneered the fashionable mother. "Well, I should say not!"

"Stay at home on account of a sick mother?" sneered the fashionable daughter twenty-five years later. "Well, I should say not!"

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Tough On Romance.

"It kinder makes ye feel all het up an' mad," remarks a rural philosopher, "to find a 300-pound damsel answerin' to a nice romantic name like 'Lucille.'"

HOW TO TEAR IN TWO PACK OF PLAYING CARDS.

One of the tricks of a well-known sleight-of-hand performer is to take a pack of ordinary playing cards, tear it in two in the middle with one twist of his wrists, and then tear each of the several halves in two in the same way. The entire operation occupies only a few seconds, says Youth's Companion.

At the hotel where he was staying during his engagement in a large Western city a few years ago, a guest who had become slightly acquainted with him said to him at the breakfast table one morning:

"I'd give a pretty penny to know how you perform that trick of tearing up a full pack of cards as if it were a slice of cheese. It looks easy, but to my mind it is one of the most mystifying of all your performances."

"I don't mind telling you how it is done," said the magician. "It is one of the simplest tricks I have, but it requires a little training, of course. You take an ordinary card, grasp it firmly in your hands and tear it across the middle. Tear the halves the same way. Do this once a day for a week.

"The next week you take two cards, hold them together and tear them up the same way.

"The third week you take three cards, and so on till you have been practicing the trick fifty-two weeks, when you will find that you can tear up the whole fifty-two cards with perfect ease, just as you saw me do it last night."

"But," said the other, in astonishment, "that makes it look as if you did it by main strength."

"Yes," admitted the magician, breaking a biscuit in two with his muscular hands and proceeding to butter it, "it does look that way."

THREE BISHOPS

To Be Elected at Methodist Conference.

SEVEN PROMINENT NAMES MENTIONED AS POSSIBILITIES.

THE BALLOTS ARE TO BE CAST TO-MORROW.

VOTING TO BE DONE SECRETLY

Birmingham, Ala., May 15.—At the Methodist Conference to-day, a nonconcurrence report was made on the request looking to the removal of the headquarters of the church extension board from Louisville, Ky., to Oklahoma City.

The conference to-day decided to elect three new bishops and set Thursday morning at 10 o'clock as the time for the selection of those high dignitaries of the church and such other officers as are usually chosen by the general conference. There was considerable discussion as to the number of bishops to be chosen. The matter came up when report No. 3 of the Committee on Episcopacy was taken from the calendar.

* * *

As To Number of Bishops.

Dr. C. H. Briggs, of Missouri, moved that the word three be changed to read two bishops. George N. Napier, of Georgia, offered an amendment that provision be made for four bishops; John B. Peffer, of Memphis, spoke in favor of five bishops; E. G. B. Mann, of Kentucky, spoke for three bishops; Dr. J. O. Wilson, of South Carolina, wanted four bishops; W. B. Palmore, editor of the St. Louis Christian Advocate, favored two bishops. Dr. Whitehead, chairman of the Committee on Episcopacy, told why the committee recommended the election of three bishops. He said that some of the bishops hardly had time to get acquainted with their families. An average on request was taken and three bishops were recommended. James Anderson, of Arkansas made a statement that the laymen had organized a movement for more than two bishops and several members took exception to the statement. Dr. Anderson said he did not charge the laymen with an intrigue.

Vote was then taken on the questions as to number of bishops to be elected. for three bishops the vote stood 181 to 71.

The corridor of the leading hotel in this city looks as though a political convention was in progress to-night. Uppermost in the mind of every delegate to the general conference of the M. E. Church, South, is the personnel of the possibilities for Bishop.

* * *

To Elect Three New Bishops.

Three new Bishops are to be elected Thursday, and the possibilities seem to have sifted down to seven, as follows:

The Rev. Dr. W. F. McMurray, pastor of Centenary church, St. Louis; the Rev. Collins Denney, instructor in philosophy, Vanderbilt University; the Rev. Dr. James W. Atkins, Sunday-school editor of the M. E. Church, South; the Rev. Dr. J. C. Kilgo, president Trinity College, Durham, N. C.; the Rev. Dr. W. D. Murray, president Millsaps College, Jackson, Miss.; the Rev. Dr. Seth Ward, Texas; the Rev. Dr. John J. Tigert, book editor of The Church.

The election will be conducted by secret ballot. The men will be voted for on the first ballot, and the balloting will continue until three men have toreofonhtilsafit-a llot,w behtnba lthet ing will continue until three men have received a majority of the votes cast.

To-night each of the men mentioned for the above place had champions at work for him, and the contest promises to have more than usual interest.

WITHOUT AN ARMY

BRITISH NEW GUINEA CONTROLLED EASILY.

No White Soldiers Or Police Used, But Good Order Maintained.

[Correspondence in the London Chronicle.]

"There are no white soldiers or police in British New Guinea, and we control there natives estimated to number anything from 300,000 to 1,000,000 souls," remarked Mr. Atlee Hunt, secretary for external affairs, to me recently on his return from a prolonged tour through the possession—now fully vested in the Commonwealth Government. The remark set me thinking, for I had just been reading an account of the blunders made by the Belgian soldiery in the Congo. How did it happen that a little group of white officials in Paqua manage to conciliate and to govern hundreds of thousands of blacks without a single company of which troops at their backs as a reserve? The story is a very interesting object lesson in colonization.

The British New Guinea Government consists of an administrator, an Executive Council of officials—to be strengthened in the future by some nominees of the 500 nonofficial white residents—and a number of Magistrates living at convenient centers near the coast. Behind them is the power of the Governor General of the Commonwealth of Australia, the National Legislature and—only as a last resort—the Australian naval squadron and the troops of the Australian defense forces.

The process adopted by the Government in assuming authority over the natives is as follows: When a Government party meets a new tribe every effort is made by native interpreters to open peaceful relations. Sometimes the natives attack the party, and then shots and arrows are exchanged. Seldom—practically never—are hostilities begun on the Government side. No Government official may use firearms except in self-defense. In some cases the making of a peace treaty between the tribe and the Government has to be deferred till a second visit, but in all cases one is eventually made.

Then the next step is taken. "This is," Mr. Hunt says, "to select one of the most influential men of the tribe and make him a village constable. He is given a uniform, pay of £1 a year, a pair of handcuffs and a brass badge; and he is expected to keep order in his village and to bring offenders before the resident magistrate. Village after village has to be treated in this way." The process is slow and demands great vigilance on the part of the resident magistrate; but it has been found to work well in practice.

The whole business hinges upon the character of the resident Magistrates. There are six of these officials, each in charge of a particular area, and generally supplied with one or more young assistants. They all speak Motu, the leading language, and one or two other dialects. Under their orders are the armed native constabulary, a small but efficient body of blacks, drawn from all parts of the possession on a three years' engagement. The Constables are loyal, faithful, and, on the whole, discreet; but they need to be constantly watched.

The fact that there are so few native wars in British New Guinea and no concerted action of any kind against the administration is largely due to the code of law administered by the little group of white officials and its black Constables. This code makes it an offense to supply the natives with firearms, opium or intoxicating liquors. It also prevents native labor being engaged except under a license, which places high obligations on the employer. It further conserves to the tribes the possession of nine-tenths of the lands, and the retention of all religious and local customs which are not obviously immoral or inhuman.

Honesty compels the admission, however, that the natives do not warmly welcome the advance of civilization, even by such praiseworthy means as those adopted by the administrator, Captain Barton, and his staff. The truth appears to be that, despite energetic missionary effort, the primitive non-moral instincts of the Papuan, which lead him to cling to sorcery and to despise progress, are as strong to all practical intents and purposes as in 1884, when a British protectorate was proclaimed. Though he acquiesces in the rule of a government which has approached him along the line of least resistance, he stubbornly remains intrenched in his old habits.

British New Guinea will loom large in the empire when some of the schemes for growth within her borders of enormous quantities of rubber, coffee, cotton, cocoanuts, sisal, hemp, etc., have more fully matured. She now has a constitution of her own, and will soon have a wireless telegraphy connection with Australia and a link with the rest of the empire. In time she will obtain for her products preferential treatment under the Australian tariff, and thus become a formidable rival to Ceylon in matters of commerce. Experimental government plantations have been already begun, and colonization plans are being carefully worked out by trading and mission agencies.

RESULT IS BAD, SAYS PRESIDENT

WHEN POLITICS INTRUDES IN APPOINTMENTS.

ALWAYS DETRIMENTAL TO PUBLIC SERVICE.

REFORM TALK IN WHITE HOUSE

Washington, May 15.—President Roosevelt delivered an address at the White House this afternoon to representatives of several State and municipal civil service commissions and of the National Civil Service Reform League, who met here to-day for a conference with the commissioners of the general Government with a view to considering questions for the betterment of civic service throughout the country. The President said:

The enemies of this movement for reform are always on the watch to find some imperfection which they can dilate upon and enlarge out of all proportion, and insist that it is representative of the movement. For that reason it is particularly incumbent upon you who are engaged in the actual administration of the laws, national, State or municipal, to make it clear so that no one can fail to see that you are concerned chiefly in securing the effective business administration of the public service. One of the gratifying things of recent years has been the rapid spread of interest in the whole movement and because of that interest, it is peculiarly incumbent upon you to see that there is not a chance for the opponents to say that it is not practical. The efficiency of the service, with honesty as of course the keystone of efficiency, must be the prime test of what you do.

After considerable experience in almost every kind of governmental work, I have never yet found any position or any branch of the service as regards which the intrusion of political reasons in making appointments does not do damage.

The result is always bad when the appointment has to be complicated with the question of politics. It is true at present that it is impossible to disassociate certain classes of appointments from such considerations, and as yet no way has been devised to secure such disassociation. Yet it remains true, that whether avoidable or unavoidable, the intrusion of political considerations into the choice of men whose duties are purely ministerial is always detrimental to the service.

Practically without exception I find that an office in which there is laxness in the administration of the civil service law, where there is an effort to circumvent the law, where there is an effort to get around it, it an office in which poor service is rendered; the chance for fraud, for speculation, for dishonesty, is always greater in such an office than in the office where the law is well and faithfully observed. If the appointing officer administers the civil service law in a spirit of hostility to it; if he tries to evade it or violate it, it has been my experience that in the great majority of cases inefficiency and corruption are sure to obtain.

LOUISVILLE SHY $1,000 OF GIVING $20,000 TO 'FRISCO.

Treasurer Logan C. Murray announced yesterday that the total deposits to the credit of the San Francisco sufferers' funds had been $18,938.64. Of this amount $15,000 was sent direct to San Francisco, and $1,004 was sent to New York to the treasurer of the Actors' Fund. Additional contributions are being received every day and a new remittance to San Francisco will be sent in a few days.

Butler Elected President.

Philadelphia, May 15.—At the afternoon session of the Conference of Charities and Corrections, the following officers were elected: President, Amos W. Butler, Indianapolis; vice president, L. A. Rosing, St. Paul; general secretary, Alexander Johnson, New York; assistant secretary, W. H. McClean, St. Louis; treasurer, R. J. Hoguet, New York.

Maj. G. H. Goddard Dead.

St. Louis, May 15.—Maj. George H. Goddard, seventy-five years old, a retired capitalist, former cashier of the Valley National Bank, and who was a director of the old Laclede Bank, died suddenly at his home to-day from heart disease.

BIG BABY OUTGROWS ITS OLD QUARTERS.

"Smiles," the two-year-old son of Miss Murphy, the prize hippopotamus in the Central Park menagerie, became involved yesterday in the maze of red tape and sealing wax in the offices of John J. Delany, Corporation Counsel, says the New York Herald. "Smiles" has outgrown his small quarters in Central Park, and Mr. Smith, the superintendent, recently had an offer of $3,000 in cash for him.

When he referred the matter to the Park Commissioner for permission to make the sale the commissioner decided that he had no right to sell this lusty infant without the consent of the Aldermen, and a request for a resolution authorizing the sale was forwarded to the City Hall.

Its receipt by P. J. Scully aroused all sorts of legal possibilities, and to be sure of his position Mr. Scully referred the matter to Corporation Counsel Delany. Mr. Delany decided that the question was too ponderous for him to decide, and called in Charles A. O'Neill, an assistant, whose specialty is constitutional law. Mr. O'Neill last night declared that he could find no authority to permit the city to enter into a traffic in beasts reared in the jungles of Africa. Meanwhile "Smiles" continues to grunt and squirm in vain to find comfort in a cage built for a small family of muskrats, and Mr. Smith is considering the advisability of calling in the Children's Society if Mr. Delany's staff fails to produce a favorable opinion by Saturday.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

NEW CHAIR

Announced By Trustees of Baptist Seminary.

MAKES DEPARTMENT OF SUNDAY-SCHOOL PEDAGOGY.

THE REV. DR. B. H. DEMENT ACCEPTS PROFESSORSHIP.

NEW DEPARTURE IN THE WORK

A chair of Sunday-school pedagogy is positively announced by the trustees of the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary. This is a new departure in the makeup of theological faculties and this institution has the honor of being one of the first to make a department of this important branch of religious work.

The Rev. Dr. B. H. Dement of Waco, Tex., former pastor of the Twenty-second and Walnut streets Baptist church, has been selected for the new chair, and has accepted the position. He will not leave his present pastorate until next October when the session of the seminary will begin.

Considerable local interest has been felt in the establishment of this chair and students and faculty alike are greatly pleased over the action of the trustees.

* * *

Return From Conference.

Some of the delegates have returned from the Southern Baptist Convention which has just closed its session at Chattanooga, Tenn. They declare that it was the most successful convention ever held by this denomination. More than 1,800 delegates were present. This convention is missionary in its character, with only advisory powers. It is announced that the reports from the three boards, namely, the Sunday-school, the Foreign Mission and the Home Mission Boards, to the convention, were most encouraging and indicated continued prosperity for the church.

ANNUAL ELECTION TO BE HELD TO-DAY.

Chief Interest Centered In Election of Delegate To International Typograpical Union.

The annual election of officers of Louisville Typographical Union, No. 10, will be held at Euclid Hall between the hours of noon to-day and 7 o'clock to-night. The chief interest in the election is centered in the election of a delegate to the International Union. There are three nominees for the place. An alternate also is to be elected. The nominations are as follows:

For President—W. H. Stanley.
For Vice President—C. R. Bent, T. R. Asa.
For Recording Secretary—J. G. Kestler.
For Secretary-Treasurer—Max Traut.
For Sergeant-at-Arms—J. E. Roberts.
Board of Directors—C. N. Jacques, M. O. West, V. B. Ratterree, J. W. Van Ruff, R. S. Giles, C. W. Pomeroy, W. B. Anderson.
Delegates to L. F. of L.—L. B. Blythe, H. A. Meckbach, G. Keller, J. O. Ames, J. H. Watson, W. J. Lawler.
Delegate to I. T. U.—G. W. Check, Jr., G. F. Middendorf, J. P. Stack.
Alternate Delegate to I. T. U.—J. A. Caldwell, J. J. Martin, J. D. Kane, V. H. Dierkes.

NEW PRESIDENT OF NEGRO SCHOOL INAUGRATED.

The Rev. J. E. Ford, D. D., colored, of Denver, Colo., who recently was elected president of the State University, a negro college, was inaugurated last evening into that office at the Fifth-street Baptist church. The ceremonies were largely attended, and considerable interest was manifested.

Welcome was extended the new incumbent in behalf of the following: The General Association, the Board of Trustees, the Faculty, the Executive Board, the B. W. E. Convention, the City M. and D. Conference, the Louisville National Medical College, the Central Law School, the Ministers' Union, and the Teachers' Institute.

PROMINENT PEOPLE TRANSFER POLICIES.

London, May 15.—The Daily Mail this morning states that the following persons have transferred their policies from the Mutual Life Insurance Company to the North British and Mercantile company: The Duchess of Marlborough, $250,000; L. M. Walker, $100,000; Lord Wharncliffe, $50,000, and W. W. Rutherford, member of Parliament for the West Derby division, for himself and others, $500,000.

WANTS MONEY FOR CAPTURE OF KRATZ.

St. Louis, May 15.—Regnlo Echevarria, Chief of Police of Guadalajara, Mexico, to-day filed suit in the St. Louis Circuit Court against Attorney Joseph Wheless to recover $380 which he claims is the balance due him as the reward for the capture of Charles Kratz, former City Councilman, arrested by him on a charge of bribery. Echevarria claims that Wheless, acting for him, obtained a judgment against Gov. Folk for $800, but that he only received $420.

SHE IS OPPOSED TO TAINTED MONEY.

Northampton, Mass., May 15.—Because the college trustees have accepted gifts from John D. Rockefeller and Andrew Carnegie, Mary E. Bird, for nineteen years an instructor in the astronomical department of Smith College, to-day tendered her resignation. Miss Bird says that she will prepare a formal statement of her position, to be read at the commencement exercises in June, when the matter of changes in the faculty and staff are considered.

WOMAN MURDERED IN DENVER HOVEL.

Denver, May 15.—With the head almost severed from the body, the naked corpse of Rosa Sarico Compeste, the fourteen-year-old wife of George Compeste, a laborer, about thirty years old, was found to-day in a hovel at 2437 Central Court, in this city, where they had lived. Near the body were a blood-stained hatchet and a razor. Compeste has not been seen by his neighbors since Sunday night, and it is believed the murder was committed on that day.

DEEP INTEREST

Shown By New Honorary Members of Regiment

INDICATES PUBLIC SENTIMENT TOWARD ORGANIZATION.

MANY ELECTED BY COUNCIL OF ADMINISTRATION.

TO EQUIP THE BIG ARMORY.

The first Council of Administration since W. B. Haldeman was elected Colonel of the First regiment, Kentucky State Guards, was held at the armory last night. The meeting was well attended and the large number of citizens who were elected honorary members of the regiment is convincing testimony of the deep interest that the citizens of Louisville are taking in the in the matter of the equipment and the maintaining of a creditable regiment. This fact was not only gratifying to Col. Haldeman, but it gave renewed energy and enthusiasm to the subordinate officers.

The following persons last night renewed their honorary membership: George Gaulbert, J. B. Speed, Lawrence Jones and W. C. Nones.

The following is the list of those elected last night: Henry Watterson, Peter Lee Atherton, W. J. Abram, Bruce Haldeman, R. W. Brown, J. H. Hagger, Bennett H. Young, James E. Dorland, Charles F. Grainger, W. J. Baird, John W. Vreeland, A. J. Carroll, William Reichman, Louis Seelbach, C. C. Vogt, Paul C. Barth, W. H. Edinger, August Strauss, T. P. Taylor, Henry Kaufman, Joseph McWilliams, W. H. McKnight, Theodore Ahrens, Asher G. Caruth, M. J. Winn, A. T. Hert, Dr. T. D. Finck, Wallace Embry and Frank Fehr.

Each person who desires to become an honorary member of the regiment must first deposit $50 with the treasurer. This money will be used for the purpose of fitting up the magnificent armory that has been erected by Jefferson county at a cost of nearly $400,000. This is the second largest structure of the kind in the United States, and it will take a large amount of money to furnish it in accordance with the cost of the structure. It is the desire of Col. Haldeman and the members of the regiment that the armory shall be splendidly equipped in every particular.

* * *

Privileges of Honorary Members.

An honorary membership of the regiment carries with it many privileges. The honorary members are allowed the privilege of the armory at all times and may attend all drills and practices of the regiment. They also will be allowed all the privileges of the club rooms. It is the intention of the regiment to have a well equipped gymnasium. Aside from privileges in the armory at all times all persons holding honorary membership in the regiment are exempt from jury service. The membership fee is paid yearly.

The election of the large number to the honorary membership last night probably will result in many more of the patriotic citizens of Louisville making application for honorary membership. The members of the regiment not only appreciate the money that is received in this manner for furnishing the armory, but they feel the encouragement given them by the action of the citizens. Col. Haldeman has been assured by the members of his staff that they will give him every support possible toward raising the standard of the regiment and making it an organization of which Louisville can feel proud.

The drills are now attended by all the members of the regiment and all show great interest in the work. The drills will be continued regularly.

FIVE MINERS KILLED.

DYNAMITE EXPLOSION IN PENNSYLVANIA COLLIERY.

Workman Drops Box of the Explosive Causing Fearful Disaster.

Shenandoah, Pa., May 15.—Five miners were torn to pieces and twelve badly burned by an explosion of dynamite in the Shenandoah City Colliery of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company to-day.

A box of dynamite which a workman was carrying fell from his shoulder and caused the explosion, which ignited the mine gas. There were about fifty men at work in the east gangway of the shaft when the explosion occurred, but, so far as known, all escaped except those working on the first lift. In this part of the shaft none escaped either death or injury. All the men killed were mutilated beyond identification.

The force of the concussion was terrific. Doors were torn off and brattices were wrecked, every section of the mine feeling the effect of the shock.

The work of rescue was begun at once under the supervision of Mine Inspectors Lamb and Fenton, Division Superintendent Pollard and all the district superintendents.

The absence of the deadly black damp made the work of rescue less hazardous than in accidents of this character.

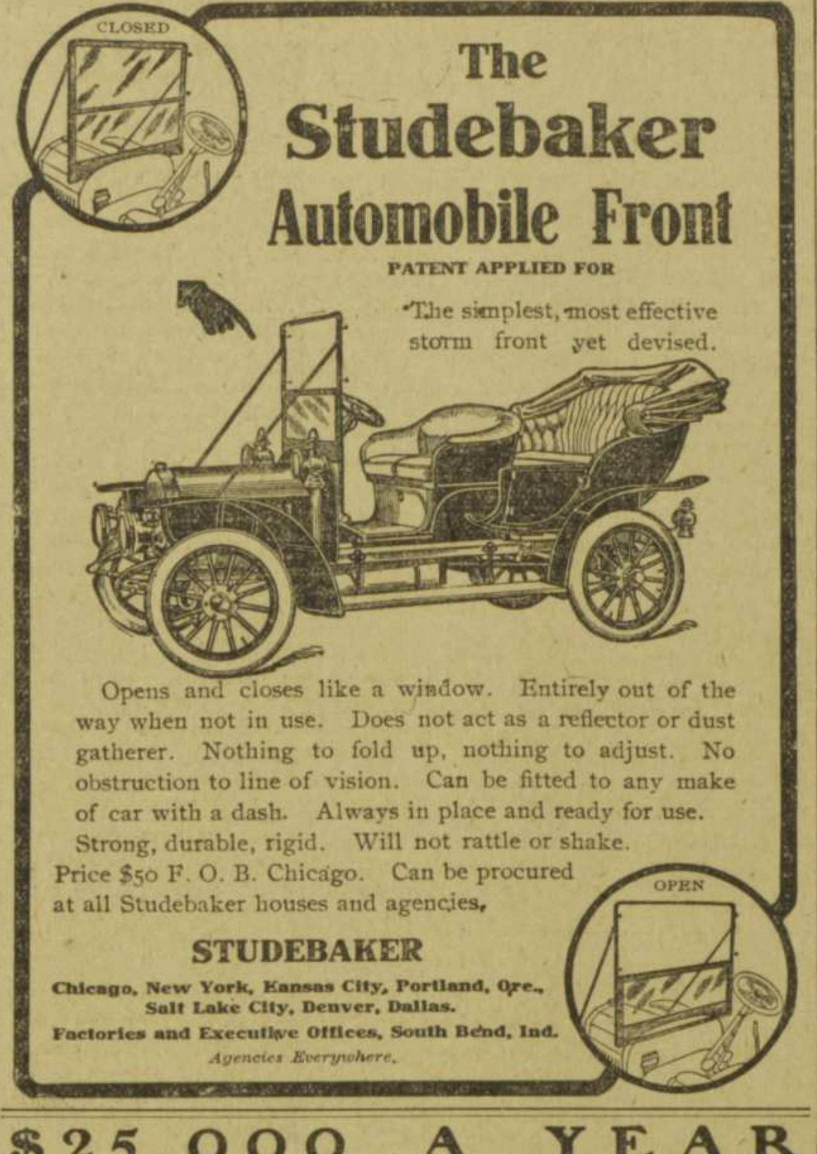
The force of the explosion was felt a great distance from the shaft, and friends and relatives of the entombed miners rushed to the mouth of the shaft. So great was the crush that it was necessary to call on the coal and iron police to keep the crowds back.

All of the killed and injured were foreigners. But little damage was done to the mine.

PHYSICIANS EXAMINED FOR STATE LICENSE.

The special Examining Committee of the Kentucky Board of Health began yesterday the examination of thirty-five physicians for license to practice medicine in Kentucky. The committee is composed of Dr. Chester Mayer, Dr. William Bailey, Dr. J. M. Mathews, of Louisville; Dr. K. W. Coffman, of Owensboro, and Dr. George F. Fuller, of Mayfield. Dr. A. B. McCormack, of Bowling Green, assistant secretary of the State Board of Health, is also assisting in the examination. The candidates are composed of young physicians who have been graduated from colleges in Louisville and in colleges outside of the State. Owing to the fact that so many young physicians have been turned out in the State this year two more examinations will be held this summer. The examination now in progress will be finished to-morrow.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP
has been used by Millions of Mothers for their children while Teething for over Fifty Years. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea.
TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.



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The simplest, most effective storm front yet devised.
Opens and closes like a window. Entirely out of the way when not in use. Does not act as a reflector or dust gatherer. Nothing to fold up, nothing to adjust. No obstruction to line of vision. Can be fitted to any make of car with a dash. Always in place and ready for use. Strong, durable, rigid. Will not rattle or shake.
Price $50 F. O. B. Chicago. Can be procured at all Studebaker houses and agencies.
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Chicago, New York, Kansas City, Portland, Ore., Salt Lake City, Denver, Dallas.
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Agencies Everywhere.

$25,000 A YEAR
Lyman J. Gage, Ex-Secretary of the Treasury, said in addressing an assembly of young men, "If I knew you were capable, I could take twenty of you and place you in positions which would pay you $25,000 a year."
There are plenty of good salaries awaiting highly trained workers. Do you want one of these positions? Let us show you.
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COMMERCIAL SCHOOL
ENOS SPENCER President
PUBLIC ACCOUNTING DEPARTMENT Turner, Harris & Spencer
Union National Bank Bldg. Sixth and Main Streets LOUISVILLE, KY.

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HOTEL BARSTOW,
17-19 E. 27th ST.
Hotel and Restaurant service unexcelled; elegant rooms, arranged singly or en suite; each room has a beautiful tiled bath; outside exposure.
SUMMER RATES, $2.00 A DAY UP; $40 A MONTH UP.
"Heart of New York."

CORPORATION NOTICES.

Fidelity Trust Company.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the FIDELITY TRUST COMPANY, for the election of directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before it, will be held at the office of the company, No. 210 Fifth street, on Thursday, May 17, 1906, at 3 o'clock p. m.
JAMES C. MAHON, Secretary.

HEARTY SUPPORT

TO BE GIVEN HORSE SHOW BY RETAIL MERCHANTS.

Association Offers Trophy and Action Probably Will Insure Exhibition —Other Business Transacted.

The chief interest in the meeting of the Retail Merchants' Association last night centered in the consideration of plans ofr the Horse Show. The organization went on record as favoring this annual institution, and pledges of support were made by all present. The individual members for their firms subscribed for tickets in sums varying from $25 to $200. This action is of importance, as the directors of the show have said that they were dependent upon the decision of the retail merchants.

The association also resolved to offer a costly trophy to the directors of the Horse Show, to be given in any class selected by the Horse Show Association, the trophy to be known as the R. M. A. trophy, and the directors were authorized to purchase it immediately.

A resolution was adopted calling on the Board of Aldermen to pass an ordinance that would allow competition in the utilities of lighting and heating.

The Railroad and Advertising Committee reported a large increase in the number of those who were taking advantage of the association's fare-paying period which will close next Saturday.

It was announced that the work of this organization had aroused much interest outside of Louisville and numbers of requests had been made for a prospectus and outline of the association's plans.

One of the largest New York trade journals will use an outline in its next issue. The meeting was held at the Tavern Club, and a large crowd of the regular members and out-of-town visitors was in attendance.

FINAL MEETING OF RAILROAD COMMISSION JUNE 5.

The Kentucky Railroad Commission will hold its meeting in Frankfort on June 5 for the final hearing and arguments in the cases pending before it of the Commonwealth against the railroads of the State. The rates from all points to all points on all commodities on all roads entering the State have been under investigation and the evidence is included in 3,000 or 4,00 pages of matter. The Commonwealth will be represented by Senator Lindsay, of New York, and Col. Bennett H. Young, of Louisville. The railroads will be represented by their own attorneys, assisted by some of the best corporation lawyers of the State.

PRESBYTERIAN ASSEMBLY TO MEET IN DES MOINES.

Des Moines, Ia., May 15.—Commissioners and officers of the Presbyterian General Assembly which convenes here to-morrow began arriving to-day and already an active interest is being displayed in the contest for moderatorship. The place is conceded to the West and five candidates are in the field, the Rev. Dr. A. B. Marshall, of Minneapolis; the Rev. Dr. T. H. Cleland, of Duluth; the Rev. Dr. J. L. Barclay, of Detroit; the Rev. Dr. J. H. Hendy, of Jefferson, Mo., and the Rev. Hunter Corbett, a prominent missionary.

Factories Destroyed By Fire.

New York, May 15.—The six-story piano factory of Jacob Doll & Sons, at 402 to 412 East Thirtieth street, a three-story building occupied by the John H. Carls Sash and Door Factory, and the Doll Company's planing mills were destroyed by fire to-night with an aggregate loss of $250,000.

DEATHS.

BOSSUNG—Monday, May 14, 1906, at 6:55 o'clock p. m., Jacob W. Bossung, aged 52 years.

Funeral from Schildt's Chapel, 339 East Market st., this (Wednesday) afternoon at 3 o'clock. Interment at St. John's cemetery. Burial private.

JOHNSON—William Robert, at Chicago, May 15, at 6 a. m., in his 61st year.

Funeral Thursday morning at 11 o'clock, at Christ Church Cathedral. Interment in Cave Hill cemetery. Burial private.

KONERSMAN—Monday, May 14, 1906, at 2 p. m., Joseph W. Konersman, aged 45 years.

Funeral Wednesday afternoon from the residence of his sister, Mrs. Herman C. Tafel, 231 East Madison street, at 3 o'clock. Interment in Cave Hill cemetery.

BURIAL NOTICE.

The funeral of Mrs. James S. Snyder will take place from the residence of her daughter, Mrs. W. B. Phillips, 1801 First street, to-day at 3 o'clock p. m. Burial private.

FUNERAL NOTICES.

Louisville Commandery No. 1, K. T., will meet in their asylum New Masonic, Thursday morning, May 17, 1906, at 9:30 o'clock to pay the last tribute of respect to our deceased Frater Sir Knight William R. Johnson, when the commandery will proceed to the Scottish Rite Cathedral, Sixth and Walnut streets, and perform the Templar burial service, then escort the remains to Christ Church Cathedral for religious service, after which commandery returns to asylum. By order of
ROBERT J. SNYDER, Commander.
THOMAS E. WILSON, Recorder.

MEETINGS.

Abraham Lodge, No. 8, F. and A. M., will meet in regular communication in their hall, Masonic Temple, this (Wednesday) night, May 16, at 8 o'clock. Work in the E. A. degree. All Masons sojourning in the city and members of sister lodges cordially invited. Remember the celebration on St. John's day, 23d of June. Make no other engagements for that day. By order of
E. G. MANSFIELD, Master.
CHAS. A. SOMMERVILLE, Secretary.

Preston Lodge, No. 281, F. and A. M., will meet in stated communication in their hall, Main street, above Shelby, this (Wednesday) evening at 8 o'clock. Candidates for advancement will be examined. Members of sister lodges are fraternally invited to attend.
CHAS. L. ROBERTS, W. M.
J. MEFFERT, Secretary.

UNDERTAKERS.

Schoppenhorst Bros.
Funeral Directors & Embalmers
1820 West Market.
Telephone 1841. Chapel for use of patrons.

What Does "LOWNEY'S" Stand For
For Good Faith with the public for a quarter of a century.
For Purity never yet questioned by pure food officials.
For Finest Flavor resulting from use of costliest and highest quality of materials.
For the Best Cocoa and Chocolate made anywhere at any price.
For Largest Sales of any superfine Chocolate Bonbons in the world.
For Protection to Buyers in guaranteed uniformity of highest excellence.
The Lowney Receipt Book Free.
The Walter M. Lowney Co., BOSTON.

Don't dally with dangerous symtoms. When you first feel the incipient attacks of malaria, get Wintersmith's Tonic. It is a specific.

ATLANTIC CITY HOTELS.

DELIGHTFULLY SITUATED
Overlooking the OCEAN and BOARDWALK at
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
HOTEL DENNIS
Completely Remodeled and a Fireproof Addition of 100 Rooms and Baths.
Hot and Cold Sea Water in Private Baths.

OPEN ALL THE YEAR.
WRITE FOR ROOM PLANS.
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ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
CHALFONTE
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ALWAYS OPEN.
ON THE BEACH. FIREPROOF.
SEND FOR LITERATURE.
THE LEEDS COMPANY.

HOTEL CHELSEA
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
STRICTLY FIRST CLASS.
300 rooms, 100 private sea water baths. Greatest ocean frontage. Nearer the water and least obstructed sea view of any hotel on the Atlantic coast. In the exclusive residential section. French cuisine. Artesian well. Orchestra. Cafe. Golf. J. B. THOMPSON & CO.

OUR BASEMENT
"HOUSEFURNISHING DEPT." is well stocked with all the necessary things to give comfort during the heated term.
WATER COOLERS, ICE CREAM FREEZERS, NURSERY REFRIGERATORS. The "SAVIN" ICE PAD, which saves you from 15 to 33 per cent. of ice. The "MERWIN" BABIES' FOOD WARMER; call or send for descriptive circulars on same.
J. Dolfinger & Co.
584 4th AVE.
NEAR WALNUT.

SUMMER RESORTS.

Drennon Springs Hotel.
Now Open for Guests.
Easily and quickly reached. Matchless medicinal waters. Accommodations first class. A delightful place to spend the summer vacation—a home for families. Write for booklet.
W. L. CRABB, Manager, Drennon Springs, Ky.

MOUNTAIN LAUREL IS BLOOMING AT
BROOKSIDE INN AND COTTAGES W. VA.
There are a thousand beauties to welcome those who are "city tired." 10 miles from Oakland and Deer Park, on the B. & O. Write for particulars, booklet and references from your city. E. J. KIRKPATRICK, Brookside, W. Va.

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SCANDINAVIAN-AMERICAN LINE
10,000 Ton Twin-Screw Passenger Steamers
Direct to
Norway, Sweden and Denmark
Sailing from New York at noon.
C. F. Tietgen .... May 17
HELIG OLAV .... May 24, July 5, Aug. 16
UNITED STATES .... June 7, July 19, Aug. 30
OSCAR II .... June 21, Aug. 2, Sept. 13
C. F. TIETGEN .... June 28, Aug. 9, Sept. 20
First cabin, $65 and upward; 2d cabin, $52.50.
For Tickets apply to Local Agents, or to
A. E. JOHNSON & CO., 1 Broadway, N. Y.

There is a great treat in store for those who go on the Times outing.

Are You Concerned about the safety of your valuables? If so, you can be relieved of every anxiety at a very small cost by placing them for safe keeping in our new
ARMOR STEEL SAFE DEPOSIT VAULT
where they will be under watchful care both day and night. Doors of solid steel a foot thick, and heavy walls of steel plate and masonry give ample protection against robbery, fire or other casualties. With an automatic electric alarm system this vault affords the greatest possible protection to all valuables contained therein.
An inspection of the vault is cordially invited. Office hours: 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.; 2 p. m. Saturdays.
Boxes $3.00 per year and upward.
UNITED STATES TRUST CO.
S. W. Corner Fifth and Main Streets.

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Your Money and Our Hydraulic Bricks
If you are contemplating building soon, let's swap.
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DON DOMO WINS SPLENDID RACE

Long Shot Beats Hyperion II., Envoy and Other Good Ones in the Handicap.

ZAL RUNS FIRST IN THE COLT FEATURE

King Leopold Finishes Ahead of Fair Fagot, the Favorite.

HUSTED IS DISQUALIFIED.

THE ENGLISHMAN BEATS IOLE IN HARD DRIVE THROUGH THE STRETCH.

LIVELY CHAT OF THE COURSE.

SELECTIONS FOR TO-DAY.

First Race—Matabon, Tinker, Spendthrift Helen.
Second Race—Billy Vertrees, Dick Shanley, Dashaway.
Third Race—J. Ed. Grillo, Airship, Precious Stone.
Fourth Race—Red Car, Manners, Judge Nolan.
Fifth Race—Louise Macfarlane, Bell the Cat, Josie's Jewell.
Sixth Race—Benvolio, Royal Legend, The Gadfly.

DON DOMO, a horse that has been known for two or three years as the "gray ghost," came to life yesterday, and, with odds ranging from 30 to 50 to 1 against his chances, he romped home an easy winner from one of the best fields which have faced the barrier at Churchill Downs in some time.

This surprise came in the fourth race, which was the feature of the day's card, and behind Don Domo finished Hyperion II., Envoy, Princess Orna, Tocolaw, Dr. Wang, Meadow Breeze and Bass d'Or, about as fine a bunch of sprinters for six furlongs as one could find in a day's journey.

Hyperion II. was always favorite in this event, and thousands of dollars were wagered on his chances because Owner Joe Hawkins believed that the son of Magazan would beat Envoy, and the wise players figured that these two would have the race to themselves.

"Hyperion II. beat Envoy at a mile, and I see no reason why he should not defeat him at three-quarters," was what Mr. Hawkins told a party of friends.

For this reason the largest amount of money wagered on a horse in any race yesterday was bet on Hyperion II., which caused the price on Envoy to advance from 7 to 5 to 9 to 5.

The "gray ghost" was simply the best horse in the race and Hyperion II. had no excuses. The Hawkins gelding took command at the half-mile pole and breezed out in front as if he intended to make a runaway race of it. Preston, on Don Domo, however, allowed the son of Rancocas to have his head over in the back stretch, and the gray gelding began to move up on the leaders. As they made the far turn it was easy to see that Don Domo had the race well in hand, and he turned into the stretch with a lead of a length and a half and won eased up by a length, while Hyperion II. was the same distance in front of Envoy. That the talent had Hyperion and Envoy figured to a nicety is shown by the fact that Princess Orna, which finished fourth, was five lengths behind Envoy.

Reticent was the first favorite of the day to win, and the Fresno gelding was much the best of his field. It was the first race, and was a selling affair at seven furlongs, and fourteen platers went to the post. While Reticent was the favorite, there was a stiff play on Minnehaha, while Prestige was the third choice. Minnehaha got away in front and led to the head of the stretch, where Reticent took command and came on home an easy winner by four lengths, while Prestige beat Minnehaha three lengths for the place.

* * *

Husted Disqualified.

The second race was another selling affair, at six furlongs, and Clifton Forge and Banner were practically equal favorites. Both were heavily played, but Tom McDowell's filly showed no speed after a half mile had been traversed, and she finished in sixth place a dozen lengths behind the leader. Clifton Forge led from start to finish and won in the hollowest sort of fashion by three lengths, while Husted beat Freebooter a length and a half for the place. Sheridan, on Husted, fouled two or three contenders at the sixteenth pole, and Husted was disqualified for fouling and placed last, while Joe Pugh's Freebooter was given the place and Joe Coyne the small end of the purse. After the race the judges suspended Jockey Sheridan for the remainder of the meeting on account of his rough work.

* * *

Fair Fagot Badly Beaten.

The purse race at five furlongs, for two-year-old colts, was third on the card and furnished the form players with a shock that amounted almost to an earthquake. Fair Fagot, Tom Hayes' colt, was always an odds-on favorite, while Zal was a strongly supported second choice. Obert got Zal away in front and the son of First Mate won in a common canter, leading his field by from four to six lengths all the way around. Fair Fagot showed none of his usual speed, and King Leopold, a long shot, had no trouble in beating the odds-on favorite two lengths for the place. Fair Fagot performed like anything but an odds-on favorite, while Zal acted like a stake colt of the highest class.

Betsy Binford scored again in the fifth race, which was at four and a half furlongs. She was held at 6 and 8 and 10 to 1 in the betting, and in a terrific drive through the stretch she beat Caper a head on the post, while the latter was a length and a half ahead of Princess Marie. Margaret Morris was always the favorite in this race around 8 to 5, and while the Hawkins filly led for the first part of the journey she closed up in the stretch and finished in fifth position.

* * *

Gambrinus a Winner.

The sixth race on the card was at seven furlongs, and the winner turned up in Gambrinus, an 8 to 1 shot, with Rosi Ni Ni, a 20 to 1 shot, second, and Elliott, the favorite, third. Garrett Wilson, a red-hot second choice, on which a pile of money was wagered, finished a very bad last in a field of ten. Some misguided individual before this race was run distributed a tip on Dalesman, in which it was stated that the Ben Brush gelding was the hottest thing of the meeting. The play on him was only mild for a while, but shortly before post time those who thought they were right set their checks in on him and actually knocked people down in their eagerness to give the bookmakers their money. From the time that the horses left the paddock until they got off this Dalesman was backed from 40 to 6 to 1, and in a number of books you could not make a bet at any price. Dalesman finished eighth, and there were only ten in the race.

There were only two contenders in the last event on the card, which was at a mile and a sixteenth. These two were The Englishman and Iole, which were equal favorites at 6 to 5, and the play was about equally divided between them. Both ran their races. Knowledge led on sufferance for the first half a mile when Iole took command and turned into the stretch a length and a half to the good, but Swain brought The Englishman up, and these two fought it out from the eighth pole home in a terrific drive. Swain simply outfinished D. Boland and won by half a length, while Reveille, a 100 to 1 shot, was three lengths behind Iole. A world of money was bet on The Englishman, and the result of the race did the bookmakers no particular good. There was also a strong play on Reveille to show at 6 and 8 to 1.

LOUISVILLE STEEPLECHASE.

Ten High-Class Jumpers Carded To Start In Feature Race To-day.

Should the threatening rain keep off the card offered for this afternoon is sure to bring another banner attendance to the beautiful course. The star attraction and headliner of the attractive bill is the running of the ever popular Louisville Steeplechase, which is over the full course, and to which the club adds the munificent sum of $1,000. This event through the field is eagerly looked forward to by all lovers of the thoroughbred throughout the State, as it never fails to bring together the pick of the Western "leppers." To-day's race is no exception.

Ten of the highest type of jumpers are carded in the overnight entries, and as all, with the possible exception of Charawind, are "prepped" almost to the hour, the race should be productive of one of the most spanking contests ever seen through the field.

Dr. Nowlin, a two-time winner at the meeting, is accorded the place of honor with 160 pounds, with Picktime, from the barn of Johnnie Ferris, the next best thought of by the handicapper with 150 pounds. Red Car, one of the most perfect types of the cross-country end, is allotted 146, which will be just enough to steady him. This one schooled Monday evening in most impressive style, and although he has not had a race under his belt is sure to be right there knocking at the door when the numbers are hung out. Manners, from the Gerst barn, which won his last out over the same distance of ground, picks up eighteen pounds, and will in all probability be the runner-up and a mighty hard horse to beat. Judge Nolan is in very nicely with 140 pounds, and as the Judge has not quite run his true race at the meeting may prove very troublesome. Itacatlara, Chanley, Belle Dodson, Lights Out and Charawind all figure to be right there should any accidents befall the others.

Secretary Davis, with his usual thoughtfulness and foresight, has had the course rolled, every hole filled up and the jumps rebrushed, so that all that now remains is for the bugle to call the "suicide club" to the obstacles. The indexed entries are as follows:

First Race—One mile; selling:

Indx.	Horse.	Wt.	Indx.	Horse.	Wt.
55	Spendthrift Helen	87	60	Prince of Pless	92
74	Minnehaha	87	58	Frivol	107
66	*Tinker	88	53	Magic	108
59	Galmeda	89	6	Baggerly	109
69	Dr. McCluer	89	73	Gold Bell	112
55	Matabon	98			

Second Race—Four and a half furlongs; purse:

Indx.	Horse.	Wt.	Indx.	Horse.	Wt.
......	Charley Mitchell	105	61	Dashaway	105
34	Poster	105	......	Orlandwick	105
......	Fullman	105	14	Dick Shanley	105
......	Reside	105	......	Clamor	110
......	Spherical	105	[69]	Billy Vertrees	115
......	Pink Star	105			

Third Race—Five and a half furlongs; selling:

Indx.	Horse.	Wt.	Indx.	Horse.	Wt.
40	Sibylla	87	67	Laura Hunter	102
47	Redwood II.	92	69	Blucher	104
55	Loupy	95	[13]	J. Ed Grillo	104
36	Lady Esther	99	......	Ayr	104
47	Lady Anne	99	......	Airship	107
74	*Prestige	99	[58]	Precious Stone	113
53	Percy Green	101			
45	Fugurtha	102			

Fourth Race—Steeplechase, full course, about two miles; $1,000 added:

Indx.	Horse.	Wt.	Indx.	Horse.	Wt.
[64]	Manners	137	11	Chanlay	142
53	Belle Dodson	139	21	Charawind	144
64	Judge Nolan	140	......	**Red Car	146
64	Itacatalara	142	71	**Dr. Nowlin	160
			71	Lights Out	148
			64	Picktime	150

**Boyle entry.

Fifth Race—One mile; selling:

Indx.	Horse.	Wt.	Indx.	Horse.	Wt.
68	*Josie's Jewel	82	55	*Mandator	96
52	*Begonia	88	59	Louise MacFarlan	103
39	Ferroniere	90	......	Mogregor	105
68	*Col. Bartlett	90	80	Liddon	108
66	*Woggle Bug	91	66	Bell the Cat	112

Sixth Race—One mile, selling:

Indx.	Horse.	Wt.	Indx.	Horse.	Wt.
......	*Little Elkin	100	58	Harding	105
23	Naran	101	......	Red Light	105
65	Royal Legend	103	68	Foreigner	105
45	Judge Du Relle	105	......	Liberty, Mo.	107
			72	Benvolio	110
			......	The Gadfly	110

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

CHAT OF THE COURSE.

At least one bookmaker had the right guess on the third race, which was for two-year-old colts. This was the race in which Fair Fagot ran third. In all of the books but one, Fair Fagot was held at from 3 to 5 to 7 to 10, but the one man referred to kept Fair Fagot's price at 4 to 5, and took many bets on the Hayes' colt at these odds. Shortly before they were sent away, this same bookmaker sent his betting commissioners out in the ring and wagered on Zal. It goes to show that sometimes bookmakers get to gambling instead of making book.

* * *

Judge Charles F. Price yesterday fined W. V. Couran $50 for being late at the paddock with Sam Craig on Monday. The owner was fifteen minutes late getting to the paddock with his horse according to Judge Price.

* * *

Jockey Sheridan will not ride any more during the remainder of the meeting, because he was suspended yesterday afternoon by Judge Price for his ride on Husted in the second race. Husted was as good as 10 to 1 in the ring, and he finished in second place, but Sheridan did a lot of rough work coming through the stretch, and undoubtedly spoiled the chances of two or three horses in the race.

* * *

That was a dandy finish in the last race between The Englishman and Iole, and the result showed that Jockey Swain is a good race rider. The finish that he put up on The Englishman would have been hard to improve on.

* * *

Little Preston put up a fine ride on Don Domo in the handicap. He kept the son of Rancocas always within striking distance of the leader, and taking command in the stretch he rode the horse close to the inside rail and prevented Robinson from coming through with Envoy.

* * *

There was at least one "layer" in line yesterday to whom the victory of Don Domo was not like unto the ever welcome "Eagle Bird." It was Barney Schreiber. After betting on the handicap had settled and the prices about all the starters except Hyperion II. and Envoy had gone soaring, a gentleman stepped up, and handing out a little pleasantry in the way of "Just taking a shot at the moon," that hoary-headed gag which has so often been given bookmakers, wagered the big bookmaker $20 through the board on Don Domo at 60, 20 and 8 to 1. After the bet had been called and registered $1,200 to $20, $400 to 20 and and $160 to $20, Schreiber directed his blockman to make the price 40, 15 and 5. And then the gentleman took another "shot at the moon." Just a little "flyer" of $10 through the board on the "gray streak." The two "shots at the moon" cost the proprietor of Missouri's leading breeding establishment something over $2,300—pretty expensive gunning.

* * *

Sallie B. D. was the way some had the name after the first race was run.

* * *

Zal figured to be favorite in the two-year-old colt race, and the betting on the race had a suspicious look to it. There was a reason for the funny angle to the betting, though about the time business on the race began somebody started a report that Zal was lame. The way his price climbed in conjunction with the manner in which the supposed wise ones set it in on Fair Fagot, carried with it a suggestion that the Gerst colt had "shed a leg." That "lame" story was a good thing for those who cling to form, as it enabled them to get as good as 12 to 5 against a legitimate 4 to 5 chance.

* * *

Rome Respess thought well enough of his filly Caper in the two-year-old filly race to hold her in his book and bet $300 on her in the ring, but just when the daughter of Ballyhoo Bey looked to have her race won, she hung and Betsy Binford nailed her in the closing strides. Incidentally 8 to 1 was a liberal price against Betsy in the light of her previous good race.

* * *

The combination-book man had the "smile that won't come off" when Don Domo breezed home first in the handicap. The "gallant gray" settled many a piker's hopes of getting much for little.

* * *

A very raw piece of faking was laid bare after the running of the fourth and feature event of the day, which only tends to demonstrate how careful the public should be to guard against these nefarious grafters known as tipsters, who, for stipulated sums, offer to sell "inside" or "stable information." The one in question, a particularly loud-mouthed individual, who has infested the local track for several meetings, after the running of the above race in which Don Domo cavorted home an easy winner with the lucrative odds of 30 to 1 against his chances, started at breakneck speed through the ring yelling: "We gave you the winner," and immediately began disgorging himself of slips of pink paper bearing the name of the "grey streak"—that is what he thought—but imagine the chagrin of the faker when he discovered that instead of the name of Don Domo appearing in big black-faced type on the aforesaid slips to find that the name of the Hayes candidate, Princess Orna, was printed thereon. The modus operandi of these "guaranteed special" agents is as follows: In order to obtain advertising they select a race with a small and evenly balanced field, then hie themselves to a print shop and have a couple of thousand slips of every horse in the race printed. In this manner they are prepared to swindle the gullible public. When the winner of the selected race is officially announced a "free distribution" takes place, with the result that the faker's game is patronized and thrives for a time until the something for nothing aggregation get "hep" to the swindle.

* * *

William Gerst has a real bear-catcher in Gambrinus. The way the unsexed son of Sorcerer—Jean put it over the shifty field which he was stacked up against in the sixth lent color to the belief that he can beat better ones than these right now.

* * *

They do say that the "blind turfman of the West" and a few others took an airship yesterday in an endeavor to locate a directorate for a new Jockey Club.

* * *

Zal was the real oil in the can for a select few yesterday. "Nuff sed."

* * *

Reticent and Prestige gave Minnie the Haha.

* * *

Arrow took a flight, but it was a slow one.

* * *

Bon Mot took to the feed box for his as the barrier was sprung in the second.

* * *

How can Webberfields show when they have disbanded?

* * *

Freebooter lived up to his name, as he was given the place free.

* * *

Most of the fair sex played Don Domo on her fair and pretty color.

* * *

Dr. Wang was winging for a few strides only.

* * *

Tirene finished very tired.

* * *

Rosaline May will not do in May. Perhaps she will land some hot June day.

* * *

Princess Marie ran to the show.

* * *

Harpoon would not stick.

* * *

The Outlaw is still out.

* * *

A great many had Knowledge to their sorrow.

* * *

Col. Harry Brennan certainly looked the part of a thoroughbred owner yesterday.

* * *

Liddon certainly had his lid on, as he failed to show.

* * *

Hyperion II. lived up to his name as he finished second.

* * *

Col. Simpson must have been waiting for a mint julep when the barrier went up, as he started and finished a bad last.

* * *

Rebounder failed to rebound.

* * *

The first foul of the meeting was allowed, when the judges disqualified Husted, who finished second to Clifton Forge. The fouling occurred in the stretch, where Husted swerved and caused Freebooter and Joe Coyne to partly pull up. The disqualifying was popular, as the crowd cheered when the numbers were changed.

* * *

Fair Fagot ran like a truck horse instead of a 3 to 5 chance.

* * *

Dalseman was the redhot tip in the sixth, but failed to run inside the money.

* * *

Happy Jack failed to make the fair sex happy.

* * *

The bookies had the odds posted right on Poster Girl.

* * *

Lum Simons tried to make a killing in the first, as he bet $25 each way on Bernie Cramer at the long price of 50, 20 and 10, but Bernie ran in the also.

* * *

Loupy looped the track, but failed to repeat.

COURIER-JOURNAL FORM CHART

CHURCHILL DOWNS, May 15, 1906.—Twelfth Day of the Spring Meeting of the New Louisville Jockey Club. Weather Clear. Track Fast.

Presiding Judge Chas. F. Price, Associate Judge Francis Trevelyan, Starter Richard Dwyer, Paddock Judge John Walsh, Clerk of Scales and Starting Judge Wm. Shelley, Entry Clerk Fred W. Gerhardy.

74—FIRST RACE—Seven furlongs; purse $400; for three-year-olds and upward; selling. Start good. Won easily; place same. Winner, L. L. Lamar's b. g., 5, by Fresno—Secretive; trained by B. C. Evans. Value to winner, $300. Fractional time: :24 3-5, :49 4-5, 1:16 3-5, 1:30 3-5.

Indx	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockeys.	Opg.	Clos	Pl'e
59	Reticent	107	3	......	8..½	4...h	3...3	1...3	B. Davis	6-5	13-10	1-2
53	Prestige	103	8	......	2.1½	2...1	2...h	2.1½	Penderg't	6-1	6-1	2-1
65	Minnehaha	91	5	......	1.1½	1...1	1...h	3..½	Oregar	4-1	9-2	7-5
19	Trappist	103	1	......	3.1½	3...1	4..½	4..½	Boland	30-1	30-1	10-1
55	Lady Charade	91	2	......	6...h	7...1	6...h	5..½	C. Morris	6-1	10-1	3-1
46	Bernie Cramer	105	6	......	12...h	11...2	6...2	6...1	W. Allen	30-1	30-1	10-1
35	Irene Mac	105	7	......	5...1	6...1	5...1	7...h	Seder	60-1	100-1	40-1
40	Sallie B. B.	91	14	......	14	13...3	10...4	8..½	Boadwel	60-1	100-1	40-1
31	Green Gown	98	4	......	4...1	5.no	11...2	9...2	Koerner	30-1	50-1	20-1
......	The Laurel	107	11	......	10...1	10..½	12...2	10...3	Dealy	60-1	60-1	20-1
40	Tadellos	91	9	......	9...h	8..½	8...h	11...2	Heffernan	30-1	40-1	15-1
40	Arrowflight	105	10	......	7...h	9...h	7..½	12...4	Robinson	15-1	30-1	10-1
58	Maverick	107	12	......	11...3	12...4	13...6	13...5	Jenkins	15-1	75-1	25-1
8	Zack Rose	93	13	......	13...1	14	14	14	Swain	60-1	75-1	25-1

Reticent was much the best. Davis took him back the first part; took command turning for home, winning pulled up. Prestige, always a contender, held the balance safe. Minnehaha, heavily supported, displayed burning early speed, but could not sustain it. Trappist, off on the wrong foot, ran a winning race. Lady Charade about ran her race. Last three as good as left.

75—SECOND RACE—Six furlongs; purse $400; for three-year-olds and upward; selling. Start good. Won easily; place cleverly. Winner, J. U. Strode's ch. h., 5, by Handsome—Illisee; trained by owner. Value to winner, $300. Fractional time: :24, :49 2-5, 1:15 2-5.

Indx	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockeys.	Opg.	Clos	Pl'e
[35]	Clifton Forge	112	1	......	1..½	1..½	1.nk	1...3	Nicol	7-5	8-5	3-5
[3]	**Husted	104	5	......	5.1½	3..½	3...h	2.1½	Sheridan	8-1	12-1	4-1
[15]	Free Booter	110	2	......	6...1	6...2	6...4	3...1	D. Austin	6-1	7-1	5-2
......	Joe Coyne	93	4	......	4..½	4..½	5..½	4...h	Swain	15-1	15-1	6-1
......	Matador	112	6	......	3.nk	5..½	4..½	5.1½	Robinson	30-1	50-1	15-1
56	Banner	112	3	......	2.1½	2.1½	2...h	6...8	J. Hicks	8-5	9-5	3-5
58	Marco	103	8	......	8..10	7...2	9...h	7..½	C. Morris	30-1	150-1	30-1
......	Miss Mamie M.	87	9	......	9	9	8..10	8...3	Heffernan	50-1	100-1	30-1
......	Halley Lisle	92	7	......	7...1	8..25	9	9	T. Taylor	30-1	150-1	30-1
......	Bon Mot	111	*						B. Davis	12-1	20-1	7-1

*Left. **Disqualified.

Nicol got the winner off well in motion and, taking immediate command, held his field safe at all stages. Husted ran a good even race, closed strong rounding the far turn, but swerved in the final drive, interfering with Joe Coyne and Banner, forcing the latter to pull up; was disqualified and placed last. Coyne ran a good even race; worth remembering. Free Booter closed strong after being outrun.

76—THIRD RACE—Five furlongs; purse $400; for two-year-old colts and geldings. Start good. Won cantering; place easily. Winner, Wm. Gerst's ch. c., by First Mate—Emerald; trained by W. McDaniel. Value to winner, $300. Fractional time: :23 3-5, :48 2-5, 1:01 4-5.

Indx	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockeys.	Opg.	Clos	Pl'e
51	Zal	106	3	......	1...h	1...5	1...5	1...4	Obert	8-5	9-5	7-20
57	King Leopold	106	1	......	2...3	[illegible]	2.1½	2...2	B. Miller	10-1	10-1	2-1
[30]	Fair Fagot	103	4	......	4...8	3.nk	3...2	3...2	D. Austin	3-5	4-5	1-4
57	Chandler	96	2	......	3..½	4...8	4...2	4...6	Oregar	20-1	25-1	7-1
57	Sir Godfrey	99	6	......	5..½	5...3	5...5	5...5	Penderg't	20-1	25-1	4-1
7	Early Spring	96	5	......	6	6	6	6	Perrett	30-1	150-1	50-1

Zal had the foot of the party and smothered his field with speed at all stages; was only romping all through the final furlong. King Leopold ran a good even race and held those behind him safe at all stages. Fair Fagot ran far below her true form. Chandler had a flash of early speed, but chucked it up when collared. Others always outrun. The field was badly strung out at the finish.

77—FOURTH RACE—Six furlongs; purse $500; for three-year-olds and upward; free handicap. Start good. Won cleverly; place easily. Winner, J. F. Newman & Son's gr. g., 5, by Rancocas—Faithless; trained by H. S. Newman. Value to winner, $400. Fractional time: :23 3-5, :48 1-5, 1:15.

Indx	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockeys.	Opg.	Clos	Pl'e
......	Don Domo	104	1	......	3.1½	2...3	1.1½	1...1	Preston	20-1	30-1	8-1
[22]	Hyperion II	112	5	......	2...3	1..½	2...5	2...1	Nicol	6-5	11-10	2-5
[49]	Envoy	108	2	......	7..½	5.1½	3.1½	3...5	Robinson	7-5	9-5	1-2
48	Princess Orna	109	6	......	8	7...3	5..½	4.1½	Griffith	12-1	20-1	5-1
70	Tocolaw	112	4	......	6...3	6..½	6...h	5...h	Otis	20-1	20-1	7-1
62	Dr. Wang	105	8	......	5...h	8	7...8	6...6	Swain	10-1	15-1	5-1
49	Meadow Breeze	99	3	......	1...h	3..½	4...h	7...4	Morrison	20-1	10-1	4-1
......	Bass d'Or	107	7	......	4...1	4...h	8	8	Aubuchon	25-1	60-1	25-1

Don Domo outbroke his field, and after racing Hyperion into submission in the first half drew away turning for home, winning with something to spare. Hyperion II., free of interference, was in close quarters all last seventy yards. Envoy, outrun early, closed very strong; was running over leaders at finish. Princess Orna is about due. Meadow Breeze had burning early speed, but could not live the pace. Tocolaw is improving.

78—FIFTH RACE—Four and one-half furlongs; purse $400; for two-year-old fillies; selling. Start good. Won driving limit; place easily. Winner, W. Chamberlain's ch. f., by Merry Day—Lizzie Truex; trained by S. N. Holman. Value to winner, $300. Fractional time: :24, :49 2-5, :56 2-5.

Indx.	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockeys.	Opg.	Clos	Pl'e
[61]	Betsy Binford	105	2	......	......	6.1½	6...h	1...h	J. Dale	6-1	8-1	3-1
27	Caper	105	4	......	......	3..½	2.1½	2.1½	Aubuchon	6-1	6-1	5-2
27	Princess Marie	105	10	......	......	4...3	3.1½	3.nk	T. Taylor	6-1	6-1	5-2
54	Ingenue	105	7	......	......	5..½	5..½	4.1½	Austin	6-1	6-1	5-2
36	Margaret Morris	105	3	......	......	1..½	1.nk	5..½	Nicol	8-5	11-5	9-10
44	Poster Girl	105	12	......	......	7...h	7.nk	6...1	Obert	8-1	8-1	3-1
......	Fragile	105	6	......	......	8...1	8...3	7..½	C. Morris	15-1	20-1	7-1
54	Junco	105	11	......	......	2..½	4.1½	8.1½	Swain	20-1	30-1	10-1
54	Sweet Ell	105	8	......	......	11...2	10...1	9..½	W. Allen	20-1	16-1	6-1
17	Laura E	105	1	......	......	9...h	9..¾	10...2	B. Miller	30-1	50-1	25-1
44	Rosaline May	105	15	......	......	12...2	11...h	11.1½	Penderg't	30-1	60-1	25-1
54	Fanny Marks	105	13	......	......	10...1	12...1	12...1	Robinson	30-1	60-1	25-1
36	Tirene	105	9	......	......	13..½	13.1½	13...3	Oregar	20-1	15-1	6-1
27	Bonus	105	5	......	......	14...1	14...2	14...4	Seder	20-1	60-1	20-1
......	Bedrice	105	14	......	......	15	15	15	McDonald	30-1	50-1	20-1

The winner met early interference and was pinched off and shuffled back; closed with a magnificent burst of speed under punishment, just getting up in time to snatch victory in the final stride from Caper. The latter ran a good even race, but hung when the pinch came; race bound to improve her. Princess Marie ran a good even race, but Taylor was of little assistance to her when the pinch came. Ingenue closed strong. Margaret Morris had burning early speed, but stopped badly in the final drive. Junco ran well for a half.

79—SIXTH RACE—Seven furlongs; purse $400; for three-year-olds and upward; selling. Start good. Won driving; place same. Winner, Wm. Gerst's br. g., 4, by Sorcerer—Jean; trained by W. McDaniel. Value to winner, $300. Fractional time: :24 2-5, :49 4-5, 1:16 2-5, 1:30 1-5.

Indx.	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockeys.	Opg.	Clos	Pl'e
[53]	Gambrinus	109	1	......	6...1	4..½	1..½	1..½	Obert	6-1	8-1	3-1
38	Rosi Ni Ni	90	6	......	2.1½	1.nk	2..½	2.nk	Scoville	20-1	15-1	7-1
[25]	Elliott	114	2	......	9..½	6..½	6...2	3..½	J. Daly	7-5	9-5	4-5
[60]	Rebounder	112	8	......	8..½	7...h	4...h	4.1½	T. Taylor	6-1	8-1	3-1
65	Goldproof	96	7	......	5.1½	5.nk	5...h	5.1½	Oregar	20-1	30-1	8-1
......	Arachue	105	9	......	3.1½	8..½	8...4	6...3	W. Allen	40-1	200-1	50-1
65	Self Reliant	100	5	......	7.1½	9..½	3.nk	7...5	Robinson	20-1	20-1	7-1
53	Dalesman	107	3	......	4...1	3.nk	7..½	8.nk	D. Austin	40-1	8-1	3-1
65	Zarda	93	11	......	11..10	10...5	10...6	9.1½	Hunter	40-1	200-1	50-1
45	Garrett Wilson	112	12	......	10...1	11..½	11..½	10...5	Nicol	5-2	13-5	1-1
19	Queen Caroline	91	10	......	1...h	2.no	9..½	11.1½	Swain	40-1	50-1	20-1
......	Dungannon	105	4	......	12	12	12	12	Griffith	40-1	100-1	30-1

Obert rated the winner in behind the pace the first part, moved up strong and took command rounding the far turn, and outgamed Rosi Ni Ni when the latter made her determined stretch challenge. The latter ran a good even race; tired in the final effort from forcing the early pace. Elliott, pinched off at the start, went all round his field rounding the far turn and closed strongest of all three. Rebounder had no apparent excuses. Garrett Wilson was practically left and given an easy ride.

80—SEVENTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles; for four-year-olds and upward; selling. Start good. Won driving; place easily. Winner, W. A. Smith & Co.'s b. h., 4, by Sorcerer—Perfume; trained by W. A. Smith. Value to winner, $300. Fractional time: :25, :50 2-5, 1:16 3-5, 1:51 1-5.

Indx.	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockeys.	Opg.	Clos	Pl'e
66	The Englishman	102	1	[illegible]	3...3	2..½	2...3	1..½	Swain	6-5	7-5	2-5
48	Iole	101	5	3...1	2.nk	1...1	1.1½	2...3	D. Boland	7-5	8-5	1-2
73	Reveille	106	10	11...4	10...3	8..½	5.1½	3...3	Penderg't	30-1	100-1	20-1
68	Orient	103	11	6..½	5...h	4...3	3..½	4...2	Robinson	12-1	12-1	4-1
53	Knowledge	98	4	1...1	1.1½	3...3	4..½	5..½	Flannery	40-1	100-1	30-1
46	Liddon	103	7	8..½	8.nk	6..½	6...1	6..½	W. Allen	15-1	20-1	6-1
59	Harpoon	91	6	4..½	6...h	7.nk	7...2	7...4	Koerner	30-1	200-1	50-1
......	Dr. Riley	103	3	5...1	4...h	5..½	8...1	8...4	Boadwel	40-1	300-1	80-1
......	Brigand	103	12	13	13	13	9...1	9...2	Preston	40-1	100-1	40-1
25	Happy Jack	102	13	12...2	11...1	10...1	12...1	10...2	C. Morris	20-1	40-1	10-1
......	Malvina	97	9	10...3	9...2	11...2	10...1	11..½	Heffernan	20-1	100-1	40-1
32	Outlaw	103	8	7...1	7...h	9...1	11...2	12...5	Aubuchon	20-1	40-1	10-1
65	Col. Simpson	102	2	6..½	12...3	12...1	12....	13	Griffith	30-1	50-1	20-1

The Englishman ran in close pursuit of the pacemaker to the turn for home, where Swain sent him up with a rattle, and after standing a long stretch drive gamely, won going away. Iole had all the early speed, but tired right at the end. Reveille, outrun in the early stages, closed fast in the run home, dropping into the short end when Orient chucked it up. The latter ran as if a trifle short. Knowledge had early speed, but quit under pressure.

LIKELY TO BAR TURF PLUNGERS.

NEW YORK, May 15.—The turf plunger may be barred from Eastern tracks if an order promulgated by the Jockey Club here to-day is carried into effect. This order has taken the form of a not wholly hostile note, to be addressed to all recognized race plungers, requesting that they cease from betting thousands on the chances of horses in races, and requiring that if betting must be indulged in, it be conducted without public display. This conclusion was reached following a meeting, but the matter of sending out official notice of the action of the Jockey Club was deferred, for reasons best known to the officials themselves. Mr. Belmont is declared to be heartily in favor of the plan.

L. AND E. MOTORMAN HURT BY A FALL.

W. H. Brightman, of 1615 West Main street, employed as motorman by the Louisville and Eastern Traction Company, was thrown from his car near Lyndon yesterday afternoon by a sudden jolting and received slight injuries about the head and shoulders. He was taken to his home, where he was attended by Dr. T. B. Thompson.

REBO WINS THE FEATURE RACE

Drake's Colt Beats Security In Harlem Selling Stakes.

DANDELION SCORES AGAIN.

W. H. Daniel Breaks World's Record For Five Furlongs At Belmont Park.

ON STRAIGHTAWAY COURSE.

NEW YORK, May 15.—J. A. Drake's Rebo, even favorite with Security, won the Harlem Selling Stakes, one mile, at Belmont Park to-day. Security, which finished second, was played down from 5 to 2 to 8 to 5. On account of his good race in the Metropolitan, when he finished second to Grapple, Dandelion was made a hot favorite in the last race and rewarded his backers by winning easily. Two favorites were successful. W. H. Daniel, winner of the second race and second choice, created a new race record for five furlongs straightaway by stepping it in :59 flat, two-fifths of a second faster than First Water's time made last year. Summaries:

First Race—Selling; six furlongs:
Optician, 104 (Lowe), 6 to 1 1
Lord of the Forest, 101 (Miller), 3 to 2 ..2
Mintia, 109 (Lyne), 10 to 1 3
Time, 1:14 1-5. Lester L. Hayman, Last Cherry, Nellie Burn and Glenclare also ran. Calabash and Sue Smith fell.

Second Race—Five furlongs:
W. H. Daniel, 110 (J. Jones), 2 to 1 1
Golfball, 110 (Miller), 4 to 1 2
Belcast, 110 (Radtke), 7 to 1....3
Time, :59. Eusebio, Treasureseeker, President Monroe, Joe Cassidy, Duffield, Moyea and Zeebedee also ran.

Third Race—Four and a half furlongs:
Toddles, 107 (Sewell), 7 to 2 1
Mirza, 107 (O'Neil), 6 to 1 2
Estimate, 107 (Martin), 8 to 1 3
Time, :53 2-5. Leo Swatts, Steadfast, Waltz King, Seawater, Pohgenie Belle, Miss Cowen, Sally K., Lida Jones, Anna May, Garters and Killicrankie also ran.

Fourth Race—The Harlem Stakes; selling; one mile:
Rebo, 106 (Garner), 8 to 5 1
Security, 104 (Burns), 8 to 5....2
Grenade, 111 (Wishard), 4 to 1....3
Time, 1:40 1-5. Batts and Glen Echo also ran.

Fifth Race—Selling; seven and a half furlongs:
Mary Morris, 84 (Garner), 16 to 5 1
Yorkshire Lad, 107 (Martin), 13 to 10.....2
Robador, 107 (Burns), 12 to 1....3
Time, 1:34 1-5. Aucassin, Neptunus, Deuxtemps and Warning also ran.

Sixth Race—Mile and a sixteenth:
Dandelion, 119 (Miller), 7 to 2 1
Lord of the Vale, 116 (Robbins), 10 to 1..2
Edith James, 103 (Radtke), 8 to 1....3
Time, 1:46 1-5. Go-Between, Chimney Sweep and Cederstrome also ran.

BELMONT PARK ENTRIES.

First Race—Selling; five and a half furlongs. Shotgun, 113; Keator, 110; Knight of Weston, 104; Austin Allen, 104; Aeronaut, 104; Bluecoat, 104; Right and True, 104; Escutcheon, 104; Idle Dream, 102; Van Ness, Panique, 101; Nostromo, 100; Teacress, 99; Stepaway, 99; Subtle, 99; Brigantine, 97; Just So, 98; Broadcloth, 98; Brushup, 94; Melbourne Nominee, 93; Don Fonso, 93; Just, 93; New England, 90; Cassandra, 88; Homoselle, 88; Delude, 86; Swimming Girl, 86; Green Room, 85.

Second Race—Four and a half furlongs. McCarter, 110; Conville, 110; The Wrestler, 110; Winston, 107; Lally, 107; Affinity, 107; Water Pearl, 107; Tanager, 107; Bat Masterson, 107; Darabow, 107; Belchamber, 107; Little Captain, 107; Boola, 104; Daisy Frost, 104.

Third Race—Selling; five furlongs. Whiz, 104; Census, 104; Monfort, 99; Conville, 97; McCarter, 97; Compensation, 97; Acrobat, 97; Campaigner, 97; Tileing, 97; Clare Russell, 95; Frances H., 95; Fantastic, 94; Bemay, 89.

Fourth Race—Steeplechase; about two miles. Wild Range, 159; Willie Price, 159; Copper, 155; Commondale, 153; Judge O'Gin, 153; Gamecock, 152; Palm Room, 155; Waterford, 146; Adams, 138; Iron Heart, 138; Fergus, 138; Navahoe, 135; Little Casino, 132.

Fifth Race—Selling; seven furlongs. New York, 112; Tomcod, 107; Toscan, 107; King Pepper, 104; Commedienne, 103; Caprice, 91; St. Estephe, 88; Lady Valentine, 86.

Sixth Race—Handicap; one and one-eighth miles. Colonial Girl, 123; Pretension, 118; Adbell, 117; Clark Griffith, 115; Logistilla, 114; Oliver, 105; Cromwell, 105; Bragg, 98; Sailor Boy, 90.

TO SHIP HORSES EAST.

Ellison To Keep Lady Navarre Here For the Kentucky Oaks.

Memphis, Tenn., May 15.—[Special].—With James Reddick, John Smulski and others in the stable that won races or stakes at the local spring meeting, Trainer George P. Brazier left to-night for New York to begin his third annual campaign on Eastern tracks with horses owned by C. R. Ellison. There are eight two-year-olds in the collection, most of whom started here but failed to win.

Lady Navarre, winner of the Tennessee Derby and Oaks, who is at Louisville will be sent East after filling her engagement in the Kentucky Oaks. The small racing strings of C. DeWitt & Co. and William Wallace accompanied Ellison's horses East.

Troubles between Jockey William Cherry and his employer, Louis A. Cella, are ended, according to a statement of the young rider's father who says his son has apologized to Cella in addition to promising to keep close to stable headquarters after dark. Young Cherry ran up a large expense account during his celebration here which the senior Cherry is trying to straighten out in several different localities.

TRUSTY CORLET WALKS AWAY FROM REFORMATORY.

Would Have Been Eligible For Parole On January 1, With Chances For His Release.

Garden-making and garden-tending became irksome to Everett Corlet, an inmate of the Indiana State Rerfomatory, at Jeffersonville, yesterday afternoon, so he laid down his tools and walked away, out of the preserves of the prison and out of sight. He had proved to be a most trustworthy prisoner, and in the eleven years he had been in the place had earned the approval of the superintendent. On the first of January he would have been eligible to parole, and his prison record was such that he would more than likely have benefited by that action. The Reformatory guards and other officers of the law are searching for him.

Corlet is twenty-one years of age, six feet and one inch in height. He was sentenced to the Reformatory from his home in Bloomfield, Greene county, Ind., December 23, 1904, for fourteen years on conviction of housebreaking. Previous to his imprisonment there he had, as a boy, been in the school of reform, and had served a thirty-day sentence at Bloomfield for petty larceny. Descriptions will be sent to all police headquarters.

TEARING DOWN FAMOUS TRACK

Washington Park Course Now Being Dismantled at Chicago.

ALL STALLS THE FIRST TO GO.

List of Great Thoroughbred Stars Which Helped To Make Turf History.

SOME STIRRING CONTESTS.

CASTLES of thoroughbreds; homes wherein were kept the American Derby winners and the fleet-footed Lou Dillon, queen of the trotting world; stalls where the proudest blue-blooded animals of the American turf have been groomed for some special stake; beds upon which rested the tired limbs of Robert Waddell, Sidney Lucas, High ball, Pink Coat, Wyeth, The Picket, Boundless, Rey El Santa Anita, Modesty and others famous in turf history; all of these are being dismantled at Washington Park and lovers of the once exciting sport are sighing, says the Chicago Daily News.

It is a matter of special interest that the work of demolition should begin in what might be termed the "Nob Hill" of the equines. For years there has been talk that before long the pretty race course in the heart of the city would eventually become a solid mass of flat buildings or residences, but time dragged on until every one would say:

"Oh, well; I will have to see the work begin before I will believe it."

The time has finally arrived. This morning workmen began razing the long row of barns on Cottage Grove avenue and at this point will be cut through to South Park avenue what is known on that plat of the city as Sixty-second street. The first stall or row of barns that felt the blow of the sledge was once the home of Sidney Lucas, that big chestnut son of Top Gallant—Addie C. II., which romped home so easily in the American Derby of 1900 when his owners, Dick and Charlie Thompson stood by, broke, but rich in hopes. Back of him trailed Sam Phillips, James and the highly touted Lieut. Gibson. All of these thoroughbreds, the racers of the hour, were stalled in these self-same barns which have been demolished.

Later, when another year had rolled around, these stalls quartered Robert Waddell, an obscure candidate from "Pa" Bradley's stable. This son of Aloha-Virgie, raised down on Mr. Bradley's old Virginia farm, did not come heralded as a worldbeater. That honor went to The Parader, an Eastern importation from R. T. Wilson's stable which had all the elite of Gotham back of him. He came here in a private car with barrels of a special spring water to drink and feed shipped along from New York. He was looked upon as a certainty and a high-priced jockey was sent here to ride him. He took his place in a stall in derby row guarded by a score of swipes and stable hands, who watched every breath the thoroughbred took, fearing he might choke or swallow the breastbone of a humming bird, as one "rubber" put it.

Bonnibert was another one sent along at the same time to take the measure of whatever the Western people had. W. T. Shafer had Terminus and Frank Van Meter relied upon His Eminence. Sadie S. in the colors of Terry McGovern, then a great prize fighter, came touted as a whirlwind. Richard Croker was represented by Beau Gallant, and his colors were well backed. Every man, woman and child among the horse lovers and old enough to remember know well what happened. Robert Waddell simply "ran the eyeballs out" of The Parader and when it came to the final eighth Robert drew away and came home alone. Terminus was second and The Parader a disgraceful third.

Next year the effete East was represented in these very same stalls by that sensational Heno, a son of Falsetto or Henry Young-Quiver. Along with him also came Arsenal, Pentacost and Hermis. It was the grandest field of thoroughbreds the East had ever sent to the West. The West had nothing that year after McChesney went to the bad in the Derby Trial Special at Harlem, when he fell. That was why the East sent such a large number of candidates. All of these, the cream of the East, were quartered in derby row. History tells what happened. A homely, unknown, despised selling-plater named Wyeth, which wasn't worth forty cents before the Derby and which has not been worth twenty since, led the field home for John A. Drake. It was a popular victory in that Mr. Drake was a Western man and the Derby won by a Western horse. Lucien Appleby finished second and Aladdin third, while the Eastern importation breathed the wave of dust.

The year following the Derby resulted in a Western battle exclusively between Savable, Claude, The Picket, Bardolph and others. Savable had won the Futurity the year previous and was from the Drake stable. Of him it was said that he had worked faster than any other horse had ever raced. He was a hot thing, but when he finished he was not inside the money. The Picket made a runaway race of it, while Claude was second and Bardolph third. These runners occupied the star's "dressing rooms" in the once-painted sheds.

Finally the East sent on one that proved good enough. W. T. Scheftel shipped Highball to Washington Park in 1904, and his head stuck out from these same stalls. He ran away from the Western colts, English Lad, Moharib and others, while Woodson, a rank outsider, took second money, and Rapid Water, another Eastern importation, was third. That was the last year of the Derby. It was not its most brilliant event that year on account of the public criticism against the booking. After the meeting had tried to run three days without the gambling fad the association gave it up. Then State's Attorney Healy announced that there should be no more gambling at Washington Park while he was in the north side chair and he has kept his word.

Since then there have been sensational trotters and pacers in these stalls in Derby row. Lou Dillon and Major Delmar last year occupied the barns during the running of the Intercity matinee. In fact, all the sensational record holders in the barn of C. K. G. Billings were quartered there.

Horses Sold At Cleveland.

Cleveland, O., May 15.—There was a very large attendance at the Fasig-Tipton horse sale at the Glenville track to-day. Among the horses sold was the mare Partia, 2:11¼, sold to John Wood, of New York, for $1,100. The stallion McAdams, 2:12, was sold to J. S. Esling, of Cleveland, for $1,025. The mare Caracalla, 2:10, went to W. F. Dustly, of Boston, for $800. All of the horses named were from the Forest City Stock Farm.

SYSONBY DECLARED OUT OF BROOKLYN.

NEW YORK, May 15.—Sysonby, J. R. Keene's great racer, was this afternoon declared out of the Brooklyn Handicap. Over a million dollars had been wagered in the future books on his chances.

It was a foregone conclusion that the great colt would not be a starter in that event because of his ailment, eczema. The colt is rapidly recovering, however, and may be in shape to send to the post in the Suburban later in the season. Already Sysonby is on the track daily taking short gallops.

Boston Women Win.

Boston, May 15.—Two victories in doubles and two in singles to-day gave the Boston women players the intercity tennis meet with the representatives of Philadelphia and New York, the local players having scored an additional point yesterday. To-morrow, Philadelphia, with two points, and New York, with one, will fight it out for second place.

TURF FOLLOWERS!

Are you losing money by the in-and-out running now going on? If so, why not give me a trial? Being closely connected with one of the most conservative trainers now operating on the local track, enables me to secure real choice information, and I am willing to impart same to a few responsible business men, and ask for NO FEE WHATEVER IN ADVANCE. For particulars address K 83, Courier-Journal.

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RETICENT
13—10—WON

was my one best bet yesterday, and he came home alone for the Wardites. The best proof in the world that Reticent, my one best bet, was a good thing, was that he was backed from 13 to 10 to even money at the post. He got off absolutely last, run all around his field and won, pulled to a walk. Are you wise?

I also gave for a heavy plunge bet to win

ZAL
11—5—WON

while the unwise public went to Fair Fagot, and bet their heads off on him; the Wardites went to Zal, 11 to 5, and copped the coin. Is this the kind of info. that gets the money?

TO-DAY

we'll PUT OVER one THEY have been WAITING WITH for OVER a YEAR—one that's BEEN ENTERED and SCRATCHED a DOZEN TIMES because the RIGHT SPOT had NOT BEEN FOUND. The controllers of this trick are as shrewd as they make them. Everything has been looked after. The jockey has been engaged and now all that is necessary is to bet and bet the limit.

This will be my one best bet. The owner says: "John, he will have to break a leg to lose." He is a man I have done business with in the past, and he never threw me down. We expect at least 8 to 1. Nuff Sed.

THE TALK OF THE TOWN
BRENNAN'S TIPS

OFFICE: Room 17, 2d floor, Wilkes blk. 562 Fourth ave.
Price One Dollar Daily.
Our Adv. Special Wins Again Yesterday.

DON DOMO 50 to 1
Watch Us To-day!

Our clocker informs us of a sleeper. This one hails from Sleepersville, and is trained by one of the shrewdest horsemen that ever saddled a thoroughbred. His winning in our estimation is a foregone conclusion. On past performances this one should be

A 30 to 1 SHOT
BETTER JOIN US.

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At all Saloons, Groceries, Cafes and Stands.
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HOW TO PICK THE WINNER.

Call for the most popular whisky and the man will set out a bottle of

Old Charter.

BOTTLED IN BOND.

THE REASON—It is the highest type of Kentucky whisky, made from the best grain and purest spring water, aged in wood and bottled only when fully matured.

GOOD CARD
INCLUDING
A Purse Race for Sprinters.

STAKE STEEPLECHASE
AT CHURCHILL DOWNS.

TO-DAY
FIRST RACE 2:30 P. M.
Admission $1; Ladies 50c; Boxes $5 and $8.

Tickets on sale at Taylor's, Buschemeyer's, Renz's, Fowler's and Rosenham's drug stores, all hotels, United Cigar Stand, Levy's, Humler & Nolan's, Mathey's, Boston, Gatto's, Dan Coleman's, McNarry's and Ehrich's. No improper characters allowed.

DOUGLAS PARK PEOPLE GET OUT INJUNCTION

Judge Evans, in United States Court, Temporarily Restrains Kentucky Racing Commission From

INTERFERING WITH PROPOSED RACE MEETING

Matter to Be Finally Decided Here Next Tuesday.

ORDER ISSUED LATE AT NIGHT

ACTION INCREASES INTEREST IN BATTLE BETWEEN BIG TURF BODIES.

WHAT ALL CONCERNED SAY.

A TEMPORARY restraining order directed against the Kentucky Racing Commission was granted last night by Judge Walter Evans, of the United States Circuit Court for this district. The order was signed between 8 and 9 o'clock in Judge Evans' apartments in the Weissinger-Gaulbert building, after Judge Evans had received and examined a signed affidavit of John Hachmeister, secretary of the Douglas Park Jockey Club, and had read a bill praying for an injunction, which consumes twenty-six closely typewritten pages.

The final hearing of this petition will take place before Judge Evans at 10 o'clock next Tuesday morning, May 22.

The above announcement will come in the nature of a big surprise to all men interested in the turf throughout the country. While it was known that the Western Jockey Club people had expended a considerable amount of money on a race track here, it was generally believed that these men would apply for racing dates to the recently appointed commission, and that they would abide by the decision of this body.

The action last night proves that these calculations were wrong. It also indicates beyond the question of a doubt that the Western Jockey Club people intend to begin a race meeting at Douglas Park on June 2, to continue for thirty-one days, and to fight out in the courts the turf battle which was begun last year at New Orleans.

The temporary restraining order, which was issued by Judge Evans last night, enjoins Charles F. Grainger, Louis des Cognets, Milton Young, J. P. Chinn and E. F. Clay, the five members of the commission, from in any way interfering with the conduct of the officials or with the preparations for a race meeting to be given at Douglas Park on June 2, 1906, to July 7, 1906, inclusive, or in any manner giving it out that the commission will prevent or interfere in any way with the proposed exhibition.

The lawyers who applied for the restraining order to Judge Evans last night were Alfred S. Austrian, of Chicago, a member of the firm of Moran, Meyer & Meyer, of that city; Judge H. W. Bond, of St. Louis, and Helm Bruce and W. Marshall Bullitt, of this city. Mr. Austrian had been here since Monday morning, and these lawyers and Secretary Hachmeister spent the entire night from 6 o'clock Monday evening until 5 o'clock yesterday morning in framing the petition which was presented to Judge Evans with Mr. Hachmeister's affidavit.

* * *

Mr. Austrian was asked last night why he had asked for a restraining order in the Federal courts in preference to the State courts, and in reply he said:

"I merely like the Federal courts because a good deal of my practice has been done there. I am an attorney for the so-called Whisky Trust, and this position natrually brings me into the United States Court. Besides, I believe that this is a constitutional question which the Federal courts should decide. In my opinion the law recently passed by the Kentucky Legislature, which provided for the appointment of the commission, was, and is, in violation of the Fourteenth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States. It is also my opinion that the law is in violation of Section 10 and Article 1 of the Kentucky Bill of Rights. It is simply a piece of class legislation, and I have no doubt regarding the outcome of this matter."

* * *

The order signed last night by Judge Evans is, in full, as follows:

United States Circuit Court for the Western District of Kentucky. Douglas Park Jockey Club, Complainant, vs. Charles F. Grainger, Louis Des Cognets, Milton Young, J. P. Chinn and E. F. Clay, Defendants.

ORDER OF INJUNCTION.

This case coming on to be heard upon the application of the complainant, Douglas Park Jockey Club, for a temporary restraining order, as prayed for in the verified bill of complaint, this day filed herein, and the court having heard read such bill and the affidavit and exhibit attached thereto, it is hereby ordered that said defendants, Charles F. Grainger, Louis Des Cognets, Milton Young, J. P. Chinn and E. F. Clay, and each of them, do show cause by the 22d day of May, 1906, at 10 o'clock a. m., why a temporary injunction should not issue in conformity with the prayer of said bill of complaint, and that in the meantime and until said rule to show cause is disposed of, that said defendants, Charles F. Grainger, Louis Des Cognets, Milton Young, J. P. Chinn and E. F. Clay, their agents, attorneys and employes, and each and every of the same, be, and they are hereby restrained and enjoined from in any manner giving out, publishing, circulating or ordering that the Douglas Park Jockey Club has not the right and will not be permitted to conduct an exhibition of running horses or trials or contests of speed between running horses on said Douglas Park Jockey Club's race track, located near to or immediately adjoining the city of Louisville, county of Jefferson, State of Kentucky, beginning on June 2, 1906, and continuing thereafter up to and including July 7, 1906, and that the defendants, Charles F. Grainger, Louis Des Cognets, Milton Young, J. P. Chinn and E. F. Clay, and each of them, be further enjoined and restrained from in any manner attempting to enforce an alleged act of the General Assembly of the State of Kentucky, entitled "An Act to Regulate the Racing of Running Horses in the Commonwealth of Kentucky and to Establish a State Racing Commission and Prescribe Its Powers and Duties" or any of its terms, provisions or conditions against the said Douglas Park Jockey Club, its servants, agents, officers or employes, or against any person or persons owning, managing, running or exhibiting, or intending to exhibit, horses upon the said Douglas Park Jockey Club's race track; and that said defendants, Charles F. Grainger, Louis Des Cognets, Milton Young, J. P. Chinn and E. F. Clay, and each of them, be further enjoined and restrained from in any manner instituting any suits, either at law or in equity, or instigating any civil or criminal action or actions in furtherance of said act of the General Assembly of the State of Kentucky, or as provided for therein; and that the said defendants, Charles F. Grainger, Louis Des Cognets, Milton Young, J. P. Chinn and E. F. Clay, and each of them, be further enjoined and restrained from in any manner interfering with the operation, conduct or management of the Douglas Park Jockey Club's said race track, or causing or instigating any other person or persons to so interfere with the operation, conduct or management thereof.

Judge U. S. Circuit Court in and for the Western District of Kentucky.

Secretary Hachmeister, who signed the affidavit on which the restraining order was granted, was asked last night why he had decided to go into the courts and fight the Racing Commission. Here is what he says:

"I made this affidavit because I know that we would not receive desirable dates from the commission. We asked for dates for a meeting to begin on May 12 and this application was refused. I have in my pocket a letter which was written to me by Mr. A. B. Rouse, who is secretary of the Racing Commission, and in this letter, after informing me that the commission would be unable to grant our request for dates, he stated that all the dates up to and taking in July 4 had been applied for previously, and had been granted by the commission. Since then I am reliably informed Chairman Chinn and other members of the commission have stated publicly, through the press, that they would be unable to grant us dates, at least, until after the conclusion of the proposed meeting at Latonia, and after a conference yesterday, among those interested in the Douglas Park Jockey Club, it was decided to go into the courts and test the constitutionality of the law which created the commission. In my affidavit I stated that I was satisfied that this commission, if allowed to operate, would seriously interfere with our business. I also stated that I did not feel that we were under any obligations to the commission as far as racing dates were concerned because I did not believe this body had any legal right to tell us when we should begin or end our meeting."

* * *

Contrary to the announced intention, the Douglas Park Jockey Club was not organized yesterday. A conference was held, however, between local men who expect to be members of the board of directors and the following: John Condon, of Chicago; Louis A. Cella, of St. Louis; Alfred S. Austrian, of Chicago; C. J. Meirs, of Chicago, and Judge W. H. Bond, of St. Louis, who is the chief attorney of the Western Jockey Club.

This conference was held in the office of Marshall Bullitt, in the Illinois Trust Company's building at Fifth and Market streets. Messrs. Austrian, Hachmeister and Judge Bond had previously prepared the petition, and when they met the local men, the ground was carefully gone over, and late yesterday afternoon it was finally decided to go into the United States Court with the matter, as all present were of the opinion that the Racing Commission would refuse the dates desired. After the temporary restraining order had been granted last night, Mr. Austrian, who acted as spokesman for the part, said:

"The Douglas Park Jockey Club will be completely organized within the next two or three days. This park was incorporated as the Douglas Park Jockey Club, and while we may change its name to the Castleton Jockey Club, this step as yet has not been taken. Our charter is entirely satisfactory, and within the next few days we will form an organization which will contain among its membership some of the most prominent men in the city."

* * *

Immediately after the order was granted by Judge Evans, the necessary papers were placed in the hands of Deputy United States Marshals, with orders to serve them at once. The order was served on Mr. Grainger last night after he had retired, while other Federal officers proceeded to the bluegrass section of the State to serve the papers on the other members of the commission.

* * *

John Condon, the blind turfman, who is recognized as the head of the faction which is fighting the American Turf Association, which controls the tracks in Louisville, Latonia, Nashville and elsewhere, was asked last night what he had to say regarding the sensational turn of affairs. He said:

"I don't know how this fight will turn out, but I do know that we have come down here and spent a good deal of money, and I think we will race here. We have now more than 1,000 horses, which are ready to race, and there is no place for them to earn their oats except Louisville. If we are denied a race meeting here, the owners of these horses might as well give them 'rough-on-rats,' because they are practically valueless except for racing purposes."

Reid Likes The Picket.

Carroll Ried, trainer of the stable of Middleton & Jungbluth, of Kentucky, was at the races yesterday for the first time this season, says the New York Telegraph. Mr. Ried has all his horses in the East and he says The Picket, winner of the American Derby of 1903, and the Brooklyn Handicap of 1904, is in good health. Whether the Falsetto horse will train again this season the Kentuckian is not certain, but he is satisfied with the way The Picket is going now. He seems to have got over the foot trouble which bothered him two seasons back and none of the ulcers on the jaw, which so seriously interfered with his training last season, have reapppeared. Mr. Ried says, however, that The Picket is not as forward as he was at this time two years ago. The weather in Kentucky in March was not fit for the training of horses. It was too cold and stormy. March, 1906, was, in fact, the worst March the oldest inhabitant of Central Kentucky can remember.

Mr. Ried says he will, if possible, get The Picket ready for the coming Brooklyn Handicap. The star three-year-old of the Ried string this season is Bayonet, a half-brother to The Picket by Handspring. Bayonet is not as big a horse as The Picket, but he is a well-built fellow and Mr. Ried is not sorry he did not sell the colt last season, when he disposed of Riedmore and Ben Hodder. If Bayonet develops first-class form he may win a lot of money. He is in practically all the valuable three-year-old specials. How good he is now Mr. Ried cannot say. The bad weather which prevented the Kentuckian from getting an edge on The Picket before he left the Bluegrass country interfered with the training of Bayonet.

Good Tennis Practice.

New York, May 15.—The practice of the American lawn tennis team, which will compete for the Davis cup in London, was begun to-day at the Crescent Athletic Club, Bay Ridge. Wright defeated R. D. Little, 6—3, 6—2, 6—1, and Ward won from Collins, Chicago, who was in poor form, being beaten at 6—1, 6—2, 6—3. In the doubles Wright and Ward overwhelmed Collins and Little, 6—2, 6—4. Frederick B. Alexander and H. H. Hackett then played a hard three-set match with the national champions, in which they won the last set. The score in favor of Wright and Ward was 6—4, 7—5, 6—8.

PITCHER MOORE, of the Clevelands, has recovered from his recent illness, and will take his regular turn in the box.

KENNA WEAKENS IN TWO INNINGS

Louisville Boy Pitches Fine Ball, But Loses the Game.

THREE TWO-BAGGERS IN ROW.

Both Teams Put Up Splendid Game In the Field In Spite of the Mud.

CATCHER SHAW IS INJURED.

ST. PAUL, Minn., May 15.—[Special.]—Inability to hit Buchanan, who held the Colonels down to four scattered hits, and the Saints bunching their hits off Kenna was the cause of Louisville's defeat by a score of five to nothing at the hands of the Saints to-day.

Kenna pitched great ball until the seventh inning, when he gave two bases and allowed two hits, which resulted in three runs. In the eighth, three consecutive two-baggers gave the Saints their other two. The game was played on a muddy field, but both teams put up an excellent article of ball.

For the first six innings the Saints were made to go out in one-two-three order. Kenna didn't give a free pass, did not hit a man, and allowed but one hit during all of this time. In the seventh, after Geier had fouled out to Stoner, Sugden walked, and Coy singled past Quinlan. Frisk walked, filling the bases. Wheeler's grounder to Brashear scored Sugden, and Padden's single against the left field fence brought Coy and Frisk over the plate. In the eighth the Saints held a little hitting bee, which did not last long, but was productive of two more runs.

Consecutive two-base hits over the right field fence by Geier, Sugden and Coy scored the two runs. The Colonels had men on bases in every inning but two; about the only good chance they had to score was in the seventh when Woodruff on Wheeler's error, went to second on Quinlan's sacrifice and got to third on Stoner's out at first. A hit would have scored him, but Kenna went out on a high fly to Frisk. A heavy shower before the game converted the diamond into a mud puddle, but the game was delayed about half an hour, and in the meantime the sun came out and dried up the ground so effectively, that not a bad slip was made in the whole game.

An injury to Shaw's ankle caused quite a shake-up in the Louisville team, but the new arrangement worked splendidly, and the team went through the game without an error. Woodruff's work at third base was one of the features. The score:

St. Paul.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	L'ville.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Geier rf.	4	1	1	2	Kerwin rf.	5	1	0	0
Sugden 1b.	3	1	12	1	Hallman lf.	2	1	3	0
Coy cf.	4	2	4	1	Sullivan 1b.	3	0	13	0
Frisk lf.	3	0	1	0	Brashear 2b.	3	1	1	3
Wheeler 3b.	3	0	3	2	Murphy cf.	3	0	3	0
Padden 2b.	3	1	1	3	Woodruff 3b.	4	0	0	4
Marcan ss.	3	0	1	1	Quinlan ss.	3	1	1	4
Pierce c.	3	1	3	0	Stoner c.	2	0	3	0
Buchanan p.	3	0	1	3	Kenna p.	3	0	0	2
Totals	29	6	27	13	Totals	28	4	24	13

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9—T.
St. Paul	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	*—5
Louisville	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Error—Wheeler. Two-base Hits—Geier, Coy, Sugden. Sacrifice Hits—Hallman, Sullivan. Stolen Bases—Padden, Hallman. Bases on Balls—Off Buchanan 2; off Kenna 2. Hit by Pitched Ball—Stoner, Brashear. Struck Out—By Kenna 2; by Buchanan 3. Left on Bases—St. Paul 2; Louisville 8. Double Plays—Coy and Wheeler; Wheeler and Sugden; Quinlan, Brashear and Sullivan. Time—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpire—Egan.

* * *

Indianapolis 4, Minneapolis 1.

Minneapolis, May 15.—Poor ball was the order of the day, and Minneapolis lost to Indianapolis by the score of 4 to 1. Kellum was given excellent support by the entire Indianapolis team. Score:

Minne.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Ind.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Davis cf.	4	1	1	1	Dunleavy cf.	4	3	2	0
Sullivan rf.	3	1	0	0	J. Carr ss.	2	2	1	5
Hart 1b.	4	1	7	0	Perry lf.	4	1	3	0
Grem'ger 3b.	3	1	0	2	C. Carr 1b.	3	1	12	0
Graham lf.	3	1	1	0	Rothgeb rf.	4	0	1	0
Oyler ss.	4	1	9	2	James 3b.	4	0	1	1
Yeager c.	4	2	6	4	Holmes c.	4	3	3	0
Fox 2b.	4	0	3	3	Kelley 2b.	4	0	3	5
Sporer p.	0	0	0	0	Kellum p.	4	1	1	3
Ford p.	3	0	0	4					
*Gehring	1	0	0	0	Totals	33	11	27	14
Totals	33	8	27	16					

*Batted for Ford in the ninth.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9—T.
Minneapolis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0—1
Indianapolis	0	2	0	0	1	0	1	0	0—4

Errors—Yeager, Ford. Two-base Hits—Davis, Holmes. Double Play—J. Carr, Kelley and C. Carr. Bases on Balls—Off Ford 2; off Kellum 2. Struck Out—By Kellum 3; by Ford 4. Sacrifice Hits—Perry, C. Carr. Stolen Bases—Greminger, Yeager, Perry, Kellum. Left on Bases—Minneapolis 8; Indianapolis 5. Time—Two hours and ten minutes. Hits—Off Sporer 3 in 1 inning. Umpire—Kane.

* * *

Toledo 5, Kansas City 4.

Kansas City, May 15.—Opportune batting on the part of the Toledo players and effective pitching of Camnitz defeated Kansas City to-day. Score:

K. C.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Toledo.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Waldron rf.	4	1	0	1	Cannell cf.	4	1	3	0
Perrine ss.	4	2	2	3	Demont ss.	5	1	4	3
Hill cf.	2	0	2	0	Nance lf.	3	1	2	1
Cassady lf.	3	0	3	0	Jude rf.	3	3	1	0
Donohue 2b.	3	0	3	1	Krueger 3b.	4	1	4	0
Whitney 1b.	4	1	11	0	Knabe 2b.	4	1	0	2
Burke 3b.	3	1	1	4	Clark 1b.	4	1	9	0
Sullivan c.	2	0	5	3	Abbott c.	4	2	4	4
Frantz p.	3	1	0	3	Camnitz p.	3	0	0	2
Totals	28	6	27	15	Totals	34	11	27	12

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9—T.
Kansas City	0	0	0	0	3	0	1	0	0—4
Toledo	1	0	0	2	0	0	1	1	0—5

Error—Krueger. Three-base Hit—Frantz. Two-base Hits—Jude 2, Perrine, Nance, Whitney. Home Run—Abbott. Bases on Balls—Off Camnitz 4; off Frantz 2. Struck Out—By Camnitz 4; by Frantz 5. Left on Bases—Toledo 7; Kansas City 2. Double Play—Nance and Knabe. Wild Pitch—Camnitz. Hit by Pitcher—Cannell, Jude. Stolen Bases—Hill, Donohue, Burke 2. Sacrifice Hits—Hill, Camnitz. Umpires—Owen and Sullivan.

* * *

Columbus 5, Milwaukee 3.

Milwaukee, May 15.—Errors by the home team and failure to hit the ball when men were on bases resulted in a victory for Columbus to-day. Pickering's stick work, which resulted in runs for the visitors, was a feature of the game. Score:

Mil.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Col.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Robinson ss.	5	0	2	2	Pickering cf.	5	4	3	1
Green rf.	3	3	2	0	Wrigley 2b.	4	0	2	3
Hemphill lf.	1	0	5	0	Coulter lf.	3	0	1	0
Bateman 1b.	4	1	6	2	Kihm 1b.	3	0	8	0
Clark 3b.	2	0	2	1	Friel 3b.	4	1	2	1
Roth c.	3	1	3	0	Hulswitt ss.	3	0	3	2
McCh's'y cf.	4	1	4	1	Bruce rf.	3	1	3	0
M'C'ick 2b.	3	0	3	3	Ryan c.	4	2	5	3
Dougherty p.	2	0	0	1	Veil p.	3	0	0	1
Oberlin p.	1	0	0	1					
*Hines	1	1	0	0	Totals	32	8	27	11
Totals	29	7	27	11					

*Batted for Oberlin in the ninth.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9—T.
Milwaukee	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0—3
Columbus	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	2—5

Errors—Clark, Roth, McChesney, Hulswitt. Hits—Off Dougherty 5 in 6 innings; off Oberlin 3 in 3 innings. Two-base Hits—Green, Hines, Pickering, Ryan. Home Run—Green. Stolen Bases—Hulswitt, Bruce, McChesney. Bases on Balls—Off Dougherty 3; off Oberlin 1; off Veil 6. Hit by Pitcher Ball—Hulswitt. Struck Out—By Dougherty 1; by Oberlin 1; by Veil 3. Double Plays—Clark, McCormick and Bateman; Hulswitt and Kihm; Pickering and Friel. Sacrifice Hits—Hemphill 2, Wrigley, Veil. Left on Bases—Milwaukee 6; Columbus 4. Time—One hour and forty minutes. Umpire—Haskell.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE.

Montgomery 11, Little Rock 6.

Little Rock, May 15.—Montgomery won from Little Rock in a slow game. Watt, of Little Rock, was taken from the box after the second inning, and Malarkey, of Montgomery, was retired in the fifth. The game was full of wrangling. Score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9—T.
Montgomery	2	1	4	0	0	0	2	0	2—11
Little Rock	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	0	0—6

Hits—Off Watt 6; off Mueller 8; off Malarkey 6; off Hale 1. Two-base Hits—Meany, McCann, Mullaney, Schwartz. Three-base Hits—McKean, McAleese. Sacrifice Hits—Noblett, Apperious. Stolen Bases—McCann, Johnson, Hansen, Mullaney. Struck Out—By Mueller 2; by Malarkey 3; by Hale 5. Hit by Pitcher—By Mueller 1. First on Errors—Little Rock 2; Montgomery 4. Left on Bases—Little Rock 5; Montgomery 8. Time—Two hours and seven minutes. Umpire—Buckley.

New Orleans 2, Birmingham 0.

New Orleans, May 15.—The Pelicans outplayed and outhit Birmingham to-day, shutting them out by a score of 2 to 0. Rickert's assist to the plate from deep left field was the fielding feature. Score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9—T.
Birmingham	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0
New Orleans	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	*—2

Two-base Hits—Ury, Stratton, Knoll. Stolen Bases—Mathews, Blake 2. Sacrifice Hits—Beck, Manual. Double Plays—Montgomery, Walter and Ury; Oyler and Ury; O'Brien, Blake and Beck. Struck Out—By Sallee 4; by Manual 1. Hit by Pitched Ball—Manual 2. Bases on Balls—Off Sallee 1; off Manual 3. Left on Bases—New Orleans 7; Birmingham 12. First on Errors—New Orleans 2. Time—One hour and thirty-seven minutes. Umpire—Rudderham.

Memphis 11, Nashville 6.

Memphis, May 15.—The Nashville team played a steady game until the seventh inning, when Dugan was hit freely, which, coupled with the visitors' errors, enabled Memphis to pile up eight runs and win to-day's game. Score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9—T.
Nashville	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1—6
Memphis	0	0	3	0	0	0	8	0	*—11

Two-base Hits—Castro, Pearsons, Raley, Owens. Three-base Hit—Gilbert. Stolen Bases—Pearsons 2, Thiel, Nadeau. Bases on Balls—Off Liebhart 6; off Dugan 1. Struck Out—By Liebhart 2; by Dugan 1. Hit by Pitcher—Nadeau, Cooley. Sacrifice Hits—Carney 2, Dugan, Raley. Time—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpire—Pfenninger.

Central League Results.

Evansville, Ind., May 15.—Evansville defeated Grand Rapids in the last game of the series. The winning run came in the tenth inning. Score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10—T.
Evansville	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1—1
Grand Rapids	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Batteries—Freeman and Fuller; Van Anda and Hawkins.

Terre Haute, Ind., May 15.—South Bend won to-day's game and broke even with Terre Haute on the series. Score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9—T.
Terre Haute	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0
South Bend	0	0	1	2	0	1	0	0	0—4

Batteries—Weisenberg and Downing; Telinde and Richardson.

Dayton, O., May 15.—Dayton made a great finish this afternoon, and by rallying in the eighth won from Canton, 5 to 3. Score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9—T.
Dayton	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	3	0—5
Canton	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0—3

Batteries—Wise and Cross; Wilson and Ernst.

Springfield, O., May 15.—Alberts pitched magnificent ball to-day, and held the champions down to four hits. Score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9—T.
Springfield	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0—4
Wheeling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Batteries—Alberts and Clark; Doyle and Shriver.

South Atlantic League.

At Jacksonville.—Jacksonville 1; Charleston 1. Called at the end of the eleventh inning on account of darkness.

At Savannah.—Savannah 6; Augusta 7.

At Macon.—Macon 3; Columbia 5.

Hirsch Bros. and Dusty Rhodes.

At Straub's Park, Preston and D streets, the Hirsch Bros. and Dusty Rhodes will play the first of a series of games for a side bet. The following Sunday the second game will be played at Rhodes Park. A good game is assured next Sunday, as neither team has suffered defeat this season.

Ball Player Wears Whiskers.

A special from Detroit says: Has a baseball player the right to wear chin whiskers? Umpire Tommy Connolly says he has not, and Dutch Schaefer insists he has. Davy Jones, of the Tigers, also insists it is perfectly proper for one to adorn himself with such hirsute honors. In fact, he was so positive yesterday at Cleveland that Connolly "chased" him from the bench.

Schaefer's yellow chin whiskers resulted in a big argument. He came to bat looking very much like Joe Weber.

"Take them there things off," demanded Connolly.

"I haven't time to get a shave," Mr. Umps," responded Dutch. "Honest, they are mine. I've been growing them since Saturday. I want to please an uncle who owns a brewery in Milwaukee. He saw you umpire a game in Chicago last week, and, as he has a weak heart, it is not thought he will recover."

Hess zinged a few over, and Dutch fouled to Buelow. Then Connolly called him over.

"Lemme see 'em," he said. "They're false; take 'em off."

Now, Dutch Schaefer had bought those whiskers purposely to outshine Lajoie at second. According to Herman, there are but two second baseman doing business. "The other one is Lajoie."

Connolly, however, does not care for vaudeville, although very fond of baseball, and told Dutch to get rid of them.

At this instance Davy Jones made several remarks relative to the value of whiskers and their treatment, and Connolly informed him that if he cared to harangue on tonsorial topics he had better "duck."

To save being suspended, Davy "ducked."

It was said after the game that Schaefer wore the fringe on a bet, in an argument over the side whiskers worn by "Cotton-top" Turner, the Cleveland shortstop.

MUCK-RAKE TOPICS

Which Have Not Been Touched Upon As Yet.

Vol. I., No. 1.—Foreword (of course.)

Crime of 1492; Graft of Columbus.

The Ointment Trust Grabs the Fly Market.

Some Barnacles on Our Ship of State.

How Ben Franklin Amused Himself in Paris (never before exposed).

Crime of 1508.

City Club at Play (a phantasy).

Shames That Have Helped Me.

Peanut Brittle Made Flabby for the Poor by the Peanut Trust.

Who Embalmed the Pigs' Knuckles?

Short Shames for Busy Men.

Raking (a poem).

Shoofly Roundsman of Industry. T. W. Lawson.

Painless Dentistry is Painful for the People (pathetic).

Molly Pitcher Was Not Kind to Kittens.

Crimes of the Years 1817-1839 Inclusive.

Daniel's Debts; True Story of the Overrated Webster.

Underground Methods of Subway Trust.

Beer Wears a Higher Collar Every Year (with diagrams).

Treason of the Government's Ethnological Bureau (illustrated).

The Story of the States: Mangled Maine, Nauseating New Hampshire, Venomous Vermont, Manacled Massachusetts, Reeking Rhode Island, Contented Connecticut. (Middle Atlantic States next month).

Progress in Science: Exposure by Machinery; Ball-bearing Reforms, Without Flywheels, Adjustable for Towns of Less Than Ten Thousand. Assorted Crimes, Ready To Eat.

Little Folks' Department: A New Parlor Game, Rotten, Rotten, Who Ain't Rotten?

Brief Verse: "Crushed," "Bilked," "Hornswoggled," "Done Good," "Down Trod," "All In Now."—[New York Sun.

Forty Small Houses Burned.

Atlanta, Ga., May 15.—About forty houses, occupied for the most part by negroes, were burned in South Atlanta late to-day. The loss will be $40,000. The location is several miles from the center of the city and quite outside the city limits, surrounding Clark University for negroes and not far from the Federal prison, both of which were stated to be in danger for a time.

Cox Appointed Delegate.

Maysville, Ky., May 15.—State Senator William H. Cox, of this city, received word this morning that he had been appointed a delegate to the National Republican League which meets in Philadelphia June 17.

GIANTS TAKE ANOTHER GAME

Pittsburg Beats Philadelphia In Hotly-Contested Game.

ST. LOUIS DEFEATS BOSTON.

New York, Washington, Philadelphia and St. Louis Win In the American League.

RESULTS OF OTHER GAMES.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

American Association.

ST. PAUL........5 INDIANAPOLIS....4
LOUISVILLE......0 MINNEAPOLIS.....1

COLUMBUS........5 TOLEDO..........5
MILWAUKEE.......3 KANSAS CITY.....4

National League.

PITTSBURG.......5 ST. LOUIS.......5
PHILADELPHIA....4 BOSTON..........3

NEW YORK........4 CHICAGO.........2
CINCINNATI......1 BROOKLYN........1

American League.

ST. LOUIS.......9 NEW YORK........5
BOSTON..........5 CLEVELAND.......4

PHILADELPHIA....1 WASHINGTON......5
CHICAGO.........0 DETROIT.........0

SCHEDULE FOR TO-DAY.

American Association.

Louisville at St. Paul. Toledo at Kansas City.
Indianap. at Minneap. Col'mbus at Milwaukee

National League.

Boston at Cincinnati. New York at Pittsburg.
Brooklyn at St. Louis. Philadel. at Chicago.

American League.

Chicago at Wash'gton. Detroit at Philadel.
St. Louis at New York. Cleveland at Boston.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

American Association.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Toledo	14	9	.609	Louisville	11	12	.478
Milwaukee	12	8	.600	Minneap.	12	14	.462
Columbus	14	12	.538	St. Paul	11	13	.458
Kansas City	12	13	.480	Indianap.	9	15	.375

National League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
New York	19	7	.731	St. Louis	12	14	.462
Chicago	21	9	.700	Boston	11	16	.407
Philadel.	16	12	.571	Cincinnati	9	19	.321
Pittsburg	13	12	.520	Brooklyn	7	20	.259

American League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Philadel.	16	7	.696	Wash'gton	12	11	.522
Detroit	13	9	.591	New York	10	12	.455
Cleveland	12	9	.571	Chicago	8	14	.364
St. Louis	14	10	.583	Boston	6	19	.240

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Chicago 2, Brooklyn 1.

Chicago, May 15.—The locals won in the last inning to-day in a game that was a decided pitchers' battle. Brooklyn scored on Wicker's only gift, a sacrifice and Chicago's only error. A fumble, a sacrifice, two steals and Tinker's hit to the fence scored Chicago's two. Score:

Chicago.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Brook.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Slagle cf.	4	2	1	0	Casey 3b.	4	1	0	4
Sheckard lf.	2	1	2	0	Hatch lf.	4	1	4	0
Schulte rf.	3	0	1	0	Lumley rf.	4	1	0	0
Chance 1b.	4	0	8	1	Jordan 1b.	4	0	8	1
Steinfel't 3b.	4	0	2	2	Maloney cf.	3	0	1	0
Tinker ss.	4	1	2	1	Alperman 2b.	3	0	4	1
Evers 2b.	3	0	3	3	Lewis ss.	2	0	1	4
Kling c.	3	0	7	1	Ritter c.	3	1	7	1
Wicker p.	1	0	1	1	Eason p.	3	0	1	3
Beebe p.	0	0	0	0					
*Gessler	1	0	0	0	Totals	30	4	†26	14
Totals	29	4	27	9					

*Batted for Wicker in the eighth.
†Winning run scored with two out.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9—T.
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2—2
Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0—1

Errors—Steinfeldt, Alperman, Lewis. Left on Bases—Chicago 4; Brooklyn 3. Two-base Hits—Slagle, Tinker. Three-base Hit—Batch. Sacrifice Hits—Lewis, Schulte. Stolen Bases—Evers, Lumley, Chance, Steinfeldt. Double Play—Eason, Ritter and Jordan. Struck Out—By Wicker 3; by Beebe 2; by Eason 6. Bases on Balls—Off Wicker 1; off Eason 3. Hits—Off Wicker 3 in 8 innings; off Beebe 1 in 1 inning. Time—Two hours and five minutes. Umpire—Emslie.

* * *

Pittsburg 5, Philadelphia 4.

Pittsburg, May 15.—Pittsburg to-day won the second game in succession from the Philadelphias. Wagner played a star all-round game, and to his work in the field and at the bat the victory is due. He batted in three of the five runs and scored one himself. Score:

Pittsb'g.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Philadel.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Clarke lf.	3	0	3	0	Thomas cf.	4	2	4	0
Ganley rf.	3	1	1	0	Ward 3b.	4	2	2	0
Leach cf.	4	1	2	0	Magee lf.	4	0	5	1
Wagner ss.	4	3	5	6	Titus rf.	3	1	3	0
Nealon 1b.	3	0	8	0	Bransfield 1b.	4	0	6	0
Ritchey 2b.	3	0	4	2	Doolin ss.	3	1	2	1
Sheehan 3b.	3	0	2	0	Gleason 2b.	4	1	0	0
Gibson c.	3	0	2	2	Dooin c.	4	1	2	2
Phillippe p.	3	1	0	2	Sparks p.	1	0	0	0
					*Courtney	1	0	0	0
Totals	29	6	27	12	Pittinger p.	0	0	0	0
					Totals	32	8	24	4

*Batted for Sparks in the eighth.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9—T.
Pittsburg	0	1	3	0	0	1	0	0	*—5
Philadelphia	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0—4

Errors—Wagner, Gleason. Two-base Hits—Wagner 2, Phillippe, Ward, Gleason. Three-base Hit—Wagner. Stolen Bases—Ganley, Nealon, Ward, Gleason, Dooin. Double Plays—Wagner and Sheehan; Wagner and Nealon; Gibson and Wagner. First on Balls—Off Phillippe 3; off Sparks 2; off Pittinger 1. Struck Out—By Sparks 2. Left on Bases—Pittsburg 2; Philadelphia 4. Hits—Off Sparks 6 in 7 innings; off Pittinger 0 in 1 inning. Time—One hour and thirty-five minutes. Umpire—Klem.

* * *

New York 4, Cincinnati 1.

Cincinnati, May 15.—Wiltse, pitching for New York, struck out twelve men in to-day's game, seven of them being in succession. No hits were made off him until the seventh inning. Fraser also pitched well for Cincinnati, but was given poor support. Donlin sprained his ankle sliding to third base in the seventh inning and had to be carried off the field. Score:

Cincin.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	N. Y.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Huggins 2b.	3	1	5	4	Bresnahan c.	3	1	11	0
Barry 1b.	4	1	11	0	Browne rf.	5	0	0	0
Kelley lf.	3	1	0	0	Donlin cf.	4	3	0	0
Seymour cf.	4	0	4	1	Strang cf.	0	0	2	0
Barrett rf.	1	0	0	0	Mertes lf.	3	0	0	0
Hi'chman rf.	3	0	0	0	Dahlen ss.	4	1	1	6
Delhanty 3b.	4	1	1	1	Devlin 3b.	4	2	0	1
Corcoran ss.	4	1	0	4	Gilbert 2b.	3	0	1	3
Schiel c.	3	0	6	2	Bowman 1b.	4	0	12	0
Fraser p.	3	0	0	3	Wiltse p.	3	1	0	2
*Odwell	1	0	0	0					
Totals	33	5	27	15	Totals	33	8	27	12

*Batted for Fraser in the ninth.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9—T.
Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0—1
New York	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0—4

—Errors—Huggins 2, Hinchman, Corcoran, Bresnahan 2, Devlin. Two-base Hits—Kelley, Delehanty, Corcoran, Donlin, Devlin. Sacrifice Hits—Kelley, Wiltse. Stolen Bases—Donlin, Mertes, Delehanty, Dahlen. Struck Out—By Fraser 2; by Wiltse 12. Bases on Balls—Off Fraser 3; off Wiltse 2. Hit by Pitched Ball—By Fraser 1. Time—Two hours and five minutes. Umpires—Johnstone and O'Day.

* * *

St. Louis 5, Boston 3.

St. Louis, May 15.—After a bad start the locals succeeded in overcoming a lead of three runs and defeated Boston 5 to 3. Not one of the eight runs was earned. Score:

St. L.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Boston.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Bennett 2b.	3	0	2	1	Bridwell ss.	5	1	3	3
Shannon lf.	4	0	3	0	Tenney 1b.	4	1	9	0
Smoot rf.	4	1	2	0	Dolan rf.	4	0	0	1
Beckley 1b.	4	2	14	1	Howard 2b.	4	0	2	2
Arndt 3b.	4	1	2	4	Pfeffer lf.	4	0	3	1
Himes cf.	4	2	0	0	Brain 3b.	4	0	1	5
McBride ss.	4	0	0	5	Bates cf.	3	1	1	0
Grady c.	3	2	3	0	Needham c.	4	3	5	2
McFarl'd p.	3	0	1	4	Young p.	3	0	0	3
					*Stroebel	1	0	0	0
Totals	33	8	27	15	Totals	36	6	24	17

*Batted for Young in the ninth.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9—T.
St. Louis	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	1	*—5
Boston	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—3

Errors—Arndt 4, Tenney, Dolan, Howard 3, Brain, Bates, Needham. Three-base Hit—Himes. Sacrifice Hit—Bates. Double Play—Brain, Bridwell and Tenney. Stolen Base—Beckley. Bases on Balls—Off Young 2. Struck Out—By McFarland 4; by Young 1. Left on Bases—St. Louis 5; Boston 7. Time—One hour and twenty-eight minutes. Umpires—Carpenter and Conway.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Philadelphia 1, Chicago 0.

Philadelphia, May 15.—Philadelphia defeated Chicago to-day in a battle of the pitchers. The only run of the game was made by Murphy on his single and Cross' double. Score:

Chicago.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Philadel.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
O'Neill rf.	3	2	2	0	Ar'bruster cf.	4	1	0	0
Isbell cf.	4	0	1	0	Brouthers 3b.	4	0	0	3
G. Davis ss.	3	0	2	3	Lord lf.	4	0	5	1
Donohue 1b.	3	1	11	0	H. Davis 1b.	3	0	11	0
Hahn lf.	4	0	1	0	Seybold rf.	3	1	0	0
Sullivan c.	3	2	3	1	Murphy 2b.	3	1	2	1
Tannehill 3b.	3	0	1	4	Cross ss.	2	1	1	5
Dundon 2b.	3	0	3	5	Powers c.	3	0	6	0
Altrock p.	3	0	0	3	Plank p.	2	1	2	1
Totals	29	5	24	16	Totals	28	5	27	11

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9—T.
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0
Philadelphia	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	*—1

Errors—Tannehill, Powers. Left on Bases—Chicago 5; Philadelphia 5. Two-base Hits—Sullivan, Cross. Double Plays—Lord and Powers; Sullivan, Tannehill and Donohue; Cross and H. Davis; Murphy and H. Davis. Struck Out—By Plank 3; by Altrock 3. Bases on Balls—Off Plank 2; off Altrock 2. Hit by Pitched Ball—G. Davis. Time—One hour and thirty-five minutes. Umpires—Sheridan and Evans.

* * *

New York 5, Cleveland 4.

New York, May 15.—The New York Americans outbatted the Cleveland team to-day, getting thirteen safe hits off Bernhardt, while the visitors made only six off Newton, who pitched a strong game. Score:

Cleve.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	N. Y.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Flick rf.	4	0	1	0	Keeler rf.	5	2	2	0
Bay cf.	4	1	3	0	Elberfeld ss.	4	1	0	3
Bradley 3b.	3	1	1	4	Chase 1b.	3	1	12	0
Lajoie 2b.	4	0	1	3	Laporte 3b.	2	0	0	0
Rossman 1b.	4	0	9	0	Moriarity 3b.	2	2	0	2
Congalton lf.	3	0	1	0	Williams 2b.	4	2	3	3
Turner ss.	4	2	4	2	Delehanty lf.	3	0	1	0
Bemis c.	4	1	3	1	Hoffman cf.	4	1	2	0
Bernhardt p.	2	1	1	4	McGuire c.	4	2	7	2
*Stovall	1	0	0	0	Newton p.	4	2	0	3
†Jackson	1	0	0	0					
Totals	34	6	24	14	Totals	35	13	27	13

*Batted for Congalton in the ninth.
†Batted for Bernhardt in the ninth.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9—T.
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	1—4
New York	0	2	0	0	0	0	3	0	*—5

Errors—Bradley, Turner, Elberfeld, Moriarity, McGuire. Two-base Hit—Bemis. Three-base Hit—Williams. Home Run—Turner. Sacrifice Hits—Flick, Chase. Stolen Bases—Hoffman, Bradley. Double Play—Bernhardt and Bradley. Left on Bases—Cleveland 6; New York 8. First on Balls—Off Newton 2. First on Errors—Cleveland 2; New York 2. Struck Out—By Newton 7; by Bernhardt 2. Time—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpire—O'Loughlin.

* * *

St. Louis 9, Boston 5.

Boston, May 15.—Boston suffered its twelfth successive defeat to-day, St. Louis winning by a score of 9 to 5. Score:

St. Louis.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Boston.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Hartsell 3b.	4	0	1	4	Parent ss.	5	0	1	2
Hemphill cf.	5	2	3	0	Stahl cf.	5	2	4	0
Stone lf.	5	2	5	0	Collins 3b.	4	2	1	4
Wallace ss.	4	2	1	2	G'mshaw 1b.	4	2	5	0
O'Brien 2b.	3	2	1	2	Freeman rf.	4	0	0	0
Jones 1b.	5	0	10	0	Selbach lf.	3	1	3	0
Spencer c.	5	2	3	1	Ferris 2b.	4	1	4	2
Niles rf.	5	3	3	0	Armb'ster c.	4	0	9	1
Pelty p.	2	1	0	0	Tannehill p.	4	2	0	1
Jacobson p.	3	0	0	2					
Totals	41	14	27	11	Totals	37	10	27	10

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9—T.
St. Louis	2	0	2	0	1	0	0	2	2—9
Boston	0	0	0	4	1	0	0	0	0—5

Errors—Niles, Parent, Collins, Freeman, Ferris. Two-base Hits—Grimshaw, Wallace. Three-base Hits—Stahl, Niles 2. Sacrifice Hits—Selbach, O'Brien 2. Stolen Bases—Wallace, O'Brien, Jones. Hits—Off Pelty 4 in 3 innings; off Jacobson 6 in 6 innings. First on Balls—Off Tannehill 1. Struck Out—By Tannehill 8; by Pelty 1; by Jacobson 1. Hit by Pitched Ball—Wallace. Passed Ball—Armbruster. Wild Pitch—Jacobson. Time—One hour and forty-eight minutes. Umpire—Connolly.

* * *

Washington 5, Detroit 0.

Washington, May 15.—Falkenburg was a puzzle to the Detroits to-day and shut them out. Score:

Wash.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Detroit.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Nill ss.	3	0	2	3	Cobb cf.	4	1	1	0
Jones cf.	2	2	3	0	Lindsay 1b.	4	0	4	1
Cross 3b.	3	3	0	1	Mcintyre lf.	4	0	1	0
Anderson lf.	4	1	3	0	Crawford rf.	4	0	0	0
Stahl 1b.	3	2	13	0	Schaefer 2b.	3	2	4	2
Hickman rf.	3	1	0	0	Coughlin 3b.	2	1	2	2
Williams 2b.	4	1	2	3	O'Leary ss.	2	0	5	2
Kittredge c.	4	1	4	5	Schmidt c.	3	0	6	2
Falkenb'g p.	2	0	0	1	Eubank p.	2	0	1	2
					Wiggs p.	1	0	0	1
Totals	28	11	27	13	Totals	29	4	24	12

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9—T.
Washington	0	2	2	0	1	0	0	0	*—5
Detroit	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Errors—Nill, Jones, O'Leary, Eubank. Two-base Hit—Cobb. Three-base Hit—Cross. Sacrifice Hits—Jones, Cross, Stahl, Hickman, Falkenburg, O'Leary. Stolen Bases—Jones, Lindsay. Double Plays—Schaefer, O'Leary and Lindsay; Nill, Williams and Stahl. Hits—Off Eubank 11 in 5 innings. Left on Bases—Washington 4; Detroit 4. First on Balls—Off Falkenburg 1; off Eubank 1; off Wiggs 1. First on Errors—Washington 1; Detroit 2. Struck Out—By Falkenburg 5; by Eubank 1; by Wiggs 3. Time—One hour and thirty-five minutes. Umpire—Connor.

NAIL BITING HEREDITARY.

Doctor Finds It a Family Habit In Many Cases.

[New York Sun.]

"Heredity? Look at these finger nails of mine," said a physician of somewhat stolid exterior. "Observe that every one of them is bitten down to the quick. They've been bitten down to the quick ever since I can remember, and in spite of everything I could do. I've tried all or most of the schemes that have been invented to stop folks from gnawing on their nails, and yet here are my disgracefully bitten nails to show how ineffective such schemes are —in my case, at any rate.

"Now, my mother bit her finger nails in precisely the same fashion. She had a beautiful pair of hands, with long, slender, tapering fingers, and it was one of the miseries of her existence that she simply could not get away from the habit of ruining her nails by biting them. Not only that, but my mother told me that her father, in turn, told her that his mother had tried all of her life to do away with the habit of biting her nails without success.

"So you see that in my case the nail biting habit is distinctly hereditary.

"My curiosity as to this matter led me to investigate it in the cases of other persons, all of them in my practice, who had the nail-biting habit, and I found that in every case I tackled their immediate progenitors, on one side or the other, had the nail-biting habit.

"There's no reason whatever why I should bit my nails. It is asserted by some specialists in nerve diseases that the practice springs from a certain form of nervousness; but I doubt if that can be true, for I am actually the least nervous person on top of the globe, so far as I know. My mother was one of the most composed persons of her sex I ever knew. I have long since given up trying to break myself of the practice, which, being an involuntary and unconscious one, is almost impossible to control. I have, with the greatest difficulty, contrived at times to let four or five of my nails grow, permitting them to attain an almost foolish length, because I was so proud of them; but at the same time that these long ones looked like the hooked finger nails of a Buddhist anchorite, the other ones were gnawed to the quick.

"Among other things, I've tried the scheme of dipping my finger tips in a colorless and extremely bitter composition, so that when I put my nails to my lips to bite them I'd be reminded of my resolution by the bitter taste of my fingers. I found it about as hard to remember to keep my finger tips dipped in this fluid as it was to remember not to bite the nails, and so there I was. Also, for a time, I employed the plan of keeping my finger tips encased in thin patent metal tips, made for the purpose, but these things aroused so much curiosity among my patients and forced me to answer so many questions that I had to give up that scheme. Moreover, the same difficulty about remembering to keep the unhandy things on was always present.

"I recently saw it stated in a French medical journal of the greatest reliability that fully two-thirds of all the school children of France are addicted to the practice of biting their finger nails, and the article expressed the writer's alarm over this fact, as showing that nervous diseases must be undermining the French race. While I don't agree with the nervous disease part of this, the showing is certainly a curious one. A very small proportion of the school children of this country, so far as my observation goes, bite their nails. I do not believe that nervousness has anything to do with the nail biting habit."

Bartender's Superstition.

[St. Louis Globe-Democrat.]

"Did you ever see a bartender take a drink alone?" Grant Straub, mixologist, asked me. "No? Well, I guess not, for every good bartender knows it's bad luck to take a drink all by his lonesome. If he does, trouble is sure to follow. A couple of drunks will come in and start a rough house or he'll be beat out of the price of a round of drinks.

"I've never known it to fail, and, consequently, in so far as I am personally concerned, I couldn't be persuaded to take a drink by myself. It isn't good policy for a bartender to drink much, and few of them do, on duty, anyhow; but occasionally a fellow may get thirsty and feel a little beer would do him good. Then is the time for him to remember the pet superstition of the trade and give somebody a treat, or else he's kicking up some sort of trouble for himself. I knew a fellow over in Cincinnati who laughed at the superstition and insisted upon having his occasional drink without indulging in a treat for somebody.

"In the space of one month he had seven fights in the saloon where he worked in consequence, had two or three bad falls and sustained more or less severe bruises, a keg of beer rolled on him, his hand was cut on several occasions while picking up broken glasses or bottles, and in the end he slipped on a fruit peel and broke his arm, winding up his career in Cincinnati, so far as I know. And each one of these accidents was preceded by one of his 'lonely' drinks."

Dispute Over Shoeing Horse.

Milwaukee, May 15.—(Special.)—A. H. Brush, of Louisville, a blacksmith, is suing John L. Slaughter for shoeing Mayor David S. Rose. Rose is a race horse owned by Mr. Slaughter, which, with a string of others—Peter J. Sommers, Anna L. Beal, Lucy E. S. and The Badger Girl—were trained by Ed Brown at Louisville. Brush took care of the string and finally sent his bill of $29.50 to Slaughter for payment. Slaughter claimed that Brown was responsible for the bill, and refused to pay. The fight brings up a much-mooted racing dispute never before settled.

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Charles Boeswald	Sixteenth and Walnut.
William J. Baker	Twenty-fifth and Montgomery

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THE VOTE IN THE MAY CONTEST TO DATE.

Miss Pesielean Schnepp, 2731 Madison	5,000	Mrs. John Ottis, 2415 Second street	1,500
Sallie Curley, 125 Fourth	4,000	Mr. Eugene Ireland, Seymour, Ind.	1,300
Mrs. Sallie Coke, 2401 Twenty-sixth st.	2,200	Mr. Carl Sauer, Thirty-fifth and High	100
Mr. Biel, Sixteenth and Harney	100		

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1 Cadillac, Model F, top and full equipment	750
Buick Touring Cars	675
1 Ford Tonneau Car	500
1 Knox Runabout (top)	675
1 Knox Touring Car (top)	800
1 Waverley Electric	600

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MAY 7 TO 19 INCLUSIVE.

Under the Auspices Louisville Retail Merchants' Association

THE OBJECT

In promoting these periodical rebate periods to Louisville is for the purpose of demonstrating the commercial importance of this city.

For that reason the leading merchants in all lines formed an organiation to bear jointly the cost of railroad tickets for out-of-town patrons who shop here.

Such a method puts people living at a distance on an equal footing with Louisville people.

The tremendous success of this departure from the old-time merchandising methods was assured from the start, and now thousands of people in the territory adjacent to Louisville await an opportunity to come here upon this liberal fare-paying plan.

Note carefully the dates at top of this advertisement, and make your arrangements accordingly.

THE PLAN.

Buy a round-trip excursion ticket, now being sold from all points on account of the races.

Ask for a rebate book in the first one of the following stores you buy from, the amount of this purchase will be entered in this book. Take the book with you, and present it when you buy in some other store, where the amount purchased will also be entered. Be sure to have every purchase in each store put in the book.

When through shopping present the book and your round-trip railroad ticket at the Retail Merchants' Association headquarters, 232 Fourth avenue, and your railroad fare, both ways, will be paid in cash, providing your total purchase equals $30.00, and that you did not come a greater distance than 100 miles.

If your book shows more than $30.00 bought you will be allowed 1 per cent. additional in cash. If you come over 100 miles the Retail Merchants' Association pays 100 miles of the trip, and you the balance.

The plan is simplicity itself; no red tape, no troublesome delays, no bother. Just a plain cash refunding proposition.

THE BENEFITS

To be derived through such a plan as the merchants here have taken up are manifold. Even if you were to leave out the fare-paying feature, the great advantages in shopping in this metropolitan city are many.

The great number of new stores started here in the last few years, and the steady and substantial growth of the older establishments, make Louisville the most important shopping center in the Southwest. Competition here is notably strong.

Stocks in all the stores are larger and better than at any previous time. A glance at the membership list below will demonstrate that the representative and reliable establishments of this city are interested in this great movement.

Purchasers desiring to take advantage of this offer may buy in any one or any number of these stores, and their railroad fares both ways will be paid.

MEMBERS RETAIL MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION

JAMES K. LEMON & SON.
JEWELERS,
511 Fourth Ave.

THE ARONSON CO.
CLOAKS, SUITS AND FURS,
334 Fourth Ave.

J. BACON & SONS.
DEPARTMENT STORE,
332 West Market St.

D. H. BALDWIN & CO.
PIANOS, ORGANS, PIANO PLAYERS,
529-531 Fourth Ave.

LORCH & LEVI CO.
CLOAKS, SUITS, ETC.,
315 Fourth Ave.

BESTEN & LANGEN.
LADIES' OUTERGARMENTS, FURS,
538-540 Fourth Ave.

THE BIG STORE.
CLOTHING, HATS, GENTS' FURNISHINGS,
424-434 West Market St.

BOSTON SHOE CO.
FOOTWEAR,
534 Fourth Ave.......553 Fourth Ave.

WM. KENDRICK'S SONS.
JEWELERS,
336 Fourth Ave.

J. DOLFINGER & CO.
CHINA AND HOUSEFURNISHINGS,
584 Fourth Ave.

ECLIPSE COAL CO.
COAL,
339 West Market St.

GEO. G. FETTER CO.
OFFICE SUPPLIES, PRINTERS, BINDERS,
424 West Main St.

GEHER & SON.
STOVES, RANGES, ETC.,
217 West Market St.

JAMES GREENE.
FURNITURE AND CARPETS,
425 to 429 East Market St.

H. J. GUTMAN & CO.
CLOAKS, SUITS, ETC.,
521 Fourth Ave.

HARTMAN FURNITURE CO.
FURNITURE AND CARPETS,
436 West Market St.

J. S. HILTON.
UMBRELLAS, GLOVES,
413 Fourth Ave.

HUBBUCH BROS.
CARPETS,
524-528 West Market St.

HUSCH BROS.
CLOAKS, SUITS, ETC.,
326-328 Fourth Ave.

KAUFMAN-STRAUS CO.
DEPARTMENT STORE,
533-549 Fourth Ave.

FRED W. KEISKER & SON.
FURNITURE,
586 Fourth Ave.

GREENSTEIN'S.
DRY GOODS AND LADIES' READY-TO-WEAR GARMENTS,
Market, between Second and Third.

BYCK SHOE CO.
FOOTCOVERERS TO ALL MANKIND,
338 Fourth Ave.

CRUTCHER & STARKS.
CLOTHING, MEN'S FURNISHINGS, HATS, SHOES,
Fourth and Jefferson Sts.

LEVY BROS.
CLOTHING, MEN'S FURNISHINGS, HATS, SHOES,
Third and Market Sts.

JOHN C. LEWIS CO.
DEPARTMENT STORE,
558-574 Fourth Ave.

LOEVENHART & CO.
CLOTHING, HATS, GENTS' FURNISHINGS,
Third and Market.

MAMMOTH GROCERY CO.
FANCY GROCERIES, WINES AND LIQUORS,
Second and Jefferson Sts.

W. H. M'KNIGHT SONS & CO.
CARPETS AND FURNITURE,
Fourth Ave. and Walnut St.

NORMAN & TAYLOR.
CARPETS AND DRAPERIES,
520 Fourth Ave.

MONTENEGRO-RIEHM MUSIC COMPANY.
PIANOS, ORGANS, PIANO PLAYERS,
628-630 Fourth Ave.

RHODES-BURFORD FURN. CO.
FURNITURE, CARPETS, ETC.,
631-639 West Market St.

ROCHE & ROCHE.
Men's Furnishers, Shirt Makers and High-Class Clothing.
220 Fourth Ave.

RODGERS & KRULL.
JEWELERS AND OPTICIANS,
Fourth Ave. and Green St.

SCHUPP & SCHMIDT MFG CO
FURNITURE,
421-423 West Market St.

STEWART DRY GOODS CO.
DEPARTMENT STORE,
335-341 Fourth Ave.

HERMAN STRAUS & SONS CO
DEPARTMENT STORE,
414-422 West Market St.

OFFICE SUPPLY CO.
STATIONERY, PRINTING,
438 West Main St.

RAAB & BOHMER.
COAL,
223 West Market St.

STARR DRY GOODS CO.
DEPARTMENT STORE,
523 Fourth Ave.

THE HUB SHOES.
H. J. MULLINS, Proprietor,
202 West Market St.

THALHEIMER & FRANK.
JEWELERS,
321 Fourth Ave.

GEORGE WOLF & CO.
JEWELERS,
528 Fourth Ave.

LOUIS ZAPP & CO. (Inc.)
FANCY GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS,
324 West Market St.

Write J. V. BECKMANN, Manager, for further information, Urban Building, 232 Fourth Ave., Louisville, Ky.

ACT OF GOD

Asserted By City in a Damage Suit.

FALLING TREE BROKE LEG OF PLAINTIFF.

HELM, BRUCE & HELM DISSOLVE LAW PARTNERSHIP.

WILL OF MRS. ANNIE KITZERO.

A jury in Judge Gordon's court yesterday reached no verdict and will be closeted to-day in the case of George Zanone, clerk at the Old Inn, against the city for $5,000 damages. April 20, 1905, Mr. Zanone was standing on Twenty-fourth street just south of Chestnut. A storm was blowing up at the time and the wind was unusually heavy. Suddenly a tree nearby about ten inches in diameter, though much decayed at the trunk, gave way under the force of the wind and went crashing down. Mr. Zanone ran to get out of the way, but in doing so he stumbled and fell under the tree. He was caught by the descending limbs and his right leg fractured. For some weeks he was unable to resume his duties.

Mr. Zanone charged that the city was at fault because the tree which had become a menace to the safety of pedestrians had not been cut down, and because he would not have fallen except for a projecting sewer cap which caused him to stumble just at the point where the danger was greatest.

The city denied that it was in fault and asserted that the tree's falling was an act of God which could not have been prevented. It was averred that the tree was entirely safe and only gave away before an unusually high wind. It also was denied that the sewer cap projected from the pavement in such a manner as to cause the plaintiff to stumble.

Dissolve Partnership.

Dissolution of the law firm of Helm, Bruce & Helm, consisting of James P. Helm, Helm Bruce and T. Kennedy Helm is announced to take place July 1. James P. Helm and his son T. Kennedy Helm, will continue in the firm's present quarters on the fifth floor of the Louisville Trust Company. Helm Bruce will have offices in the Kenyon building. The firm has been prominent in practice for a long time. It has represented the Louisville and Nashville and Louisville, Henderson and St. Louis Railroad Companies in jury cases.

Annie M. Kitzero's Will.

The will of Annie M. Kitzero, widow of George Kitzero, was tendered for probate yesterday in the County Court. The testatrix states that she has $900 deposited in the German Bank of which she says, $400 shall be paid to the Cathedral of the Assumption for masses to be said for the repose of the souls of her and her husband. After her funeral expenses are paid the following special legacies are to be met: St. Joseph Orphan Asylum, $50; Little Sisters of Poor, $50; Sisters of the Good Shepherd, $25; St. Vincent de Paul Society, $25; St. Elizabethan Society of the Cathedral, $25.

The rest of her property goes to her children. Fannie K. Wessel, a daughter, is named executrix. The will was executed July 29, 1903.

Court Paragraphs.

—H. Z. Marshall sued Harry A. Smith for $200 alleged due on a note.

—T. V. Van Meter sued Asie Van Meter for divorce, alleging improper conduct.

—The appraisers of the estate of Sallie E. Dorsey reported the value of her personalty as $2,300.

—Carrie Rose sued Thomas D. Rose for divorce, alleging cruelty. They were married December 27, 1889.

—The grand jury returned an indictment against Thomas Wilkerson on the charge of grand larceny and adjourned until this morning.

Hollie Hook sued the Louisville Railway Company for $10,000 damages claiming that she was injured in attempting to get off a car.

—E. M. O'Brecht sued Paul and Sarah Ottman in order to secure the sale of a piece of property on Letterle avenue in which they were jointly interested.

—In the absence of Judge Field, who is at Middle Bass Island with the Ananias Club, Judge John S. Jackman is sitting in the Common Pleas Branch, First Division, this week.

—The case of Harry Rhodes, colored, charged with murder was called for trial in the Criminal Court yesterday, but passed until May 24 because of absent witnesses for the defense.

—The following confessed judgment for back taxes on omitted personalty valuations yesterday in the County Court: Morgan-Lyons Vinegar Company, $2,000 a year for three years; J. S. Minor & Son, $1,500 for one year; J. Steele Minor, $3,700 for one year.

Court of Appeals.

Frankfort, Ky., May 15.—Present: Chief Justice and Judges Barker, Paynter and Nunn.

Commonwealth vs. Schwieters, Jefferson; reversed. versed.

Garrison vs. Commonwealth, Leslie; affirmed.

Gillum, etc., vs. Kirksey, Graves; affirmed.

Lytle vs. Bach & Miller, Perry; reversed.

McCormick vs. Perry, Morgan; reversed.

Illinois Central Railroad Company vs. Belt, Lyon; affirmed.

The New Ellerslie Fishing Club vs. Stewart, Fayette; affirmed.

Wiesiger vs. Mills, Boyle; petition for rehearing overruled.

Taylor, Jr., & Sons vs. Johnson, Franklin; motion and notice by appellee to destroy supersedeas and to quash supersedeas bond executed in the Franklin Circuit Court; motion submitted.

Marcum vs. Davidson, Breathitt; case advanced and submitted.

Duff vs. Crawford, Combs vs. Combs, Perry; appellees' motion for subpoena duces tecum.

Gardner vs. Moss; appellee given ten days to file reply to petition for rehearing.

Smith vs. Illinois Central Railroad Company, Grayson; appellee given ten days' further time to file brief.

Langhorn vs. Nelson, Johnson; appellee given sixty days to file brief; agreement filed.

Goodman vs. Beard, Breckenridge; motion by appellee to advance under rule 16.

Commonwealth vs. Price, Hopkins; appellant filed notice and motion to advance.

Landrum vs. Commonwealth; motion by appellant for oral argument; motion submitted.

City of Louisville vs. Key; agreement filed; appellee given until June 12 to file petition for rehearing.

Pike county vs. Sowards, Pike; agreement filed; additional record filed; appellee given sixty days to file brief.

Gardner vs. Continental Insurance Company, Mason; agreement filed; appellee given until June 1 to file brief; appellant thirty days thereafter to respond.

Cook vs. Burton; appellee filed a petition for rehearing.

Dupyster vs. First National Bank, Ballard; appellee filed supplemental brief.

Leonard, administrator, vs. Cowling; appellant filed notice and affidavit of Lewis Merriwether and H. L. Means and tendered and moved to file bill of evidence herein and set aside order of submission; appellee objects and given three days to file counter affidavits.

Tyler vs. Siemp, Jefferson; appellee filed petition for rehearing.

Georgetown Water, Gas and Electric and Power vs. Smith, Scott; agreement filed together with additional transcript filed.

Coyle vs. Commonwealth, Madison; agreement as to mandate filed.

Prewitt, Insurance Commissioner, vs. Illinois Life Insurance Company, etc., Franklin; submitted.

Miller vs. Mutual Life Insurance Company; appellants filed briefs on petition for rehearing.

Stevens vs. Smith, Fayette; appellee granted a cross-appeal.

City of Louisville vs. Seng, agreement filed, order of submission set aside, case dismissed, settled at appellant's cost.

Shelbyville Water Company vs. McDade, appellee filed petition for rehearing.

Pennsylvania Iron Works Company vs. Vogt Machine Company, Jefferson; Commonwealth, by etc., vs. City of Paducah, McCracken; appellee filed brief.

Bowles, executor, etc., vs. Jones, etc., Christian; Proctor Coal Company vs. Strunk, Whitley; appellants filed briefs.

Brumley vs. Nichols & Sheppard Company, Spencer; appellant filed petition for rehearing.

Locheim vs. Eversole, etc., Perry; appellant filed supplemental brief.

Camden Interstate Railway Company vs. Moran; same vs. Stine; same vs. Mott; same vs. Frazier; C. and O. vs. Richards; same vs. Vaughan; appellees given thirty days to file brief.

McDonald, administrator, vs. Franklin county; appellee given until May 24 to file brief.

Hobakes vs. L., H. and St. L. R. R., Daviess; appellant given thirty days to file brief.

Cases 1, 11, 18, 19, 20, 22, 27 and Wittenhouse vs. Swange, passed.

Cases 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 12, 17, 21, 23, 25, 26 and 30 submitted.

Brown, Jr., vs. Columbia Finance and Trust Company, Fayette; motion by parties to advance case submitted on motion and merits.

Cases 8, 9, 10, 15 and 16, agreements filed and cases submitted.

Marcum vs. Davidson; motion by appellee to dismiss.

Pike County vs. Sowards, Pike; motion by appellant to advance.

H. L. Means, of Jefferson county, sworn as attorney of this court.

Owensboro Water Company vs. City of Owensboro; appellee tendered and offered to file the affidavit of Nimrod Long; argued by J. D. Atchison for appellant, George J. W. Jolly for appellee, and submitted.

Court adjourned until to-morrow at 11 o'clock.

Court of Appeals Decisions.

G. W. Smith vs. J. W. Woodson, etc.—Filed May 8, 1906.—(Not to be reported.)—Appeal from Hart Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Judge O'Rear, affirming.

Lands—Cancellation of Conveyance on the ground of fraud.—In this action by appellees to cancel their conveyance to appellant of the land in controversy, the evidence examined and held that appellees in ignorance of their rights executed to appellant a deed under the mistaken belief that they were merely relinquishing their title to their brother's one-third interest in the lot, and that this fact, together with the grossly inadequate consideration paid, authorized the cancellation of the deed.

H. C. Martin, J. S. Lay, for appellant; D. A. McCandless, for appellees.

Lucien Treadway vs. J. H. Daniels' administrator.—Filed May 8, 1906.—(Not to be reported.)—Appeal from Lee Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Judge Nunn, affirming.

First—Common Schools.—The contract of appellant to teach the public school in controversy having been made prior to the first of July of the calendar year in which the school was to begin was invalid and under it he had no right to teach the school.

Second—Same — Contract to Teach—Rights Under. — Appellee having a contract to teach the public school had a valid right and had a right of action against appellant to prevent him from interfering with such right.

J. B. White, White & Roberts, for appellant; O. H. Pollard, Sutton & Hurst, S. P. Stamper, for appellee.

Anna V. Brice vs. South Covington and Cincinnati Street Railway Company, etc.—Filed May 10, 1906.—(Not to be reported.)—Appeal from Kenton Circuit Court. Opinion of court by Judge Nunn, affirming.

First — Damages — Negligence—Action Against Street Railway Company for Injury.—In this action against appellee street railway company for damages for injuries sustained, the evidence failing to show any negligence on the part of those in charge of the car, a peremptory instruction directing the jury to return a verdict in its favor was properly given by the lower court.

Second—The proof shows clearly that the injury to appellant resulted from the negligent acts of two men in jumping on and swinging to the car, crowding others upon appellant so that she was injured. These men got upon the car without the knowledge of those in charge of it, nor was their presence discovered in time to have stopped the car and thus prevent the injury.

B. F. Graziani, J. H. Tarvin, for appellant; Ernst, Cassatt & McDougall, for appellee.

N. W. Cochran vs. J. N. Cochran—Filed May 8, 1906.—(Not to be reported.)—Appeal from Spencer Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Judge Nunn, affirming.

First—New Trial—Failure to Plead—Agreement That Pleading Shall Be Controverted of Record.—It appearing that no reply in this action was filed for the reason that the parties had agreed that the answer should stand controverted of record, the court properly granted appellee a new trial.

Second—Same—Discretion of Court in Granting or Refusing New Trials.—Courts have large discretion in granting or refusing new trials and the Court of Appeals will not interfere unless there was an abuse of discretion.

L. W. Ross, R. F. Peak, for appellant; Reason & Crume, for appellee.

Benjamin Hay vs. J. T. Simon.—Filed May 8, 1906.—(Not to be reported.) Appeal from Harrison Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Chief Justice Hobson, affirming.

First—Attorney and Client—Authority to Bring or Prosecute Action—Action Against Attorney for Loss of Debt.—The rule is that if an attorney is employed to bring an action his authority ends with the rendition or final judgment in the case, and that he has no authority to take an appeal without further employment or direction from his client.

Second—Same.—The sum of the petition is that the debt was lost because no appeal was taken and no supersedeas executed when the actions were dismissed that appellant had brought, and that no information was given him by appellee, his attorney, of the necessity for such action. The language of the petition showing that the appellee's duty went no further than to institute and prosecute the actions, his authority ceased with the rendering of the judgment without further direction or employment by appellant.

Joe Fennell, M. C. Swinford, W. C. Cason, Henry Bailey, J. J. Blanton, W. H. Lail for appellant; J. J. Osborne for appellee.

Ballard Barton, etc., vs. Eminence Building and Loan Association, etc.—Filed May 8, 1906.—(Not to be reported.) Appeal from Henry Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Chief Justice Hobson, affirming.

First—Mortgages—Agreement by Mortgagee to Pay Off Existing Mortgage.—The evidence showing that Barton had executed a mortgage to Loudenback, another to a building and loan association and another to Turner, and that in the action of the latter to enforce his lien Barton set up the defense that Turner agreed that out of the money he received he would pay the loan association's debt, but that Barton received all the money from Turner on the mortgage and paid it out himself on his indebtedness, there is no reason to deny Turner his lien for the amount of his debt.

Second—Same—Consideration—Parol Evidence.—The recital in a deed as to its consideration is only prima facie evidence and may be rebutted by parol proof. (Gordon vs. Gordon, 1st Metcalfe, 287.)

J. R. Fears for appellant; Moody & Barbour for appellee.

City of Madisonville vs. J. F. Hardman.—Filed May 1, 1906.—(Not to be reported.) Appeal from Hopkins Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by John D. Carroll, Commissioner.

First—Nuisances—Damages for—Measure of—Limitation.—The rule in this State is that where the injury or nuisance complained of is permanent, the measure of damages is the depreciation in the market value of the property, and where such is the case limitation begins to run from the completion of the improvement or structure that caused the injury.

Second—Same.—It not appearing that appellee with any thought that the sewer complained of would be constructed to his premises and there stop, approved its building, or consented to it, and the trial Judge properly refused to submit this question to the jury.

Yost & Laffoon, Gibson & Hall, for appellant; Gordon, Gordon & Cox, for appellee.

J. H. Johnson vs. William R. Green.—Filed April 25, 1906.—(Not to be reported.) Appeal from Carter Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Judge O'Rear, affirming.

First—Lands—Contracts—Abatement of Price.—Appellant when sued for the recovery of the balance of the purchase price of land seeks to abate such price to the extent of the value of some coal rights which were not conveyed out of the land some thirty years ago. He did not proffer to return what he had bought upon learning of the defect of title, but injured the land by its cultivation and by cutting timber from it, and the abatement of price which he now seeks would result in the making of an altogether different contract from that entered into by the parties.

Second—Same—Laches.—By his election to take the property as it was conveyed he will at this late day be held to look to the warranty of his grantor for redress in the event of the possible molestation from the owner of the coal rights.

G. W. Armstrong, E. B. Wilhoit, for appellant; Theobold & Theobold, for appellee.

Commonwealth of Kentucky vs. A. S. Berry, Judge.—Filed April 27, 1906.—(Not to be reported.) Appeal from Campbell Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Chief Justice Hobson on motion for writ of prohibition.

First—Proceedings Before Grand Jury—Secrecy of.—The statute providing that no one but the Commonwealth's Attorney and the witness under examination shall be present while the grand jury are examining a charge is peremptory, and it was error for the Circuit Court to direct a stenographer to take the testimony heard before that body. (See Section 110 Criminal Code.)

Second—Same.—It follows, therefore, that to permit the presence of one to take the testimony of witnesses before the grand jury would defeat the purpose of the law entirely, and the writ of prohibition sought in this action must be granted.

W. A. Burkamp, J. W. Heuver, for plaintiff; Hazelrigg, Chenault & Hazelrigg, for defendant.

Central Planing Mill and Lumber Company vs. Mary Betz, etc.—Filed May 1, 1906.—(Not to be reported.) Appeal from Jefferson Circuit Court, First Chancery division. Opinion of the court by Chief Justice Hobson, affirming.

Mechanic's Lien—Evidence.—This is an action by appellant, a planing mill, to enforce a lien upon appellee's house to satisfy it for lumber they furnished contractors to go into it. The proof shows that appellee paid the contractors in checks for the building of the house and that the latter paid to the mill company an amount out of these checks greater than the bill of lumber that went into the house. There is some conflict in the evidence as to the notice of whether the money came from appellee, but the action of the Chancellor in dismissing the action is approved.

Joseph B. Conkling, C. B. Seymour for appellant; Matt O'Doherty for appellee.

R. F. Corwin vs. Mary A. Young.—Filed May 1, 1906.—(Not to be reported.) Appeal from Pendleton Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Chief Justice Hobson, affirming.

Measure of Damages—Instructions.—In this action upon an alleged rental contract, when the jury reached the conclusion that the contract had not been made, the plaintiff was not prejudiced by an instruction as to the measure of damages, for in view of the verdict their finding would not have been affected by his version of the question as to the measure of damages.

John H. Barker for appellant; Applegate & Clarke for appellee.

Farmers' and Shippers' Leaf Tobacco Warehouse Co. vs. Head & Switzer, etc.—Filed May 4, 1906.—(Not to be reported.) Appeal from Franklin Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Judge O'Rear, affirming.

First—Accounts—Interest Charges—Shipments of Tobacco to Commission Merchants.—In this action by a tobacco warehouse firm against a firm of shippers for about $10,000, an alleged balance due it, the evidence examined and held that the apparent discrepancy results from a system of compounding interest that the warehouse firm indulged in, and a loss of $2,200, one-half of which was the loss of appellants as some of its officers were partners of appellees in a purchase of tobacco to that extent, and that when the account is corrected of these items there is nothing due appellant.

Second. — Same. — Mutual running accounts between the warehouse firm and the shipper should have been treated on the same basis, and therefore there is nothing in the record that justified the former in getting all of the interest.

Montgomery & Lee for appellant; Hazelrigg & Hazelrigg and J. A. Violett for appellees.

Hunyadi János

Not a medicine but a Natural Laxative Water for sluggish bowels. Get quick, positive relief by taking half a glass on arising.
Hunyadi János

FOR
CONSTIPATION

"FORT HILL" AT SPRING AND ST. BERNARD CAPITULATES TO COMMERCE

One of the Civil War Breastworks To Be Converted Into 100,000,000 Brick.

After forty-three years of waiting siege, which bids fair to result in capitulation, has been laid to the old fort at Spring and St. Bernard streets, known to the residents of the neighborhood as Fort Hill. The besiegers are brickmakers, and it is their purpose to force the surrender of the fort by removing it absolutely shovelful by shovelful to be made into bricks. The attacking party has moved up under the very battlements and has constructed a shelter behind which it can work unmolested and eat into the fortifications secure from danger by sallies on the part of the defenders.

The attacking party is represented by a brick manufacturing company. That company bought the property last November and began immediately to cut away the southeast corner of the hill for the erection of the plant and the burning kilns. The shed for the brickmaking and drying machinery and appliances is erected, and much of the machinery installed, so that the plant will be ready for operation by the first of next month.

It is estimated by the company that there is material enough in the old hill and the fortifications for the making of fully 100,000,000 bricks. They have material enough in sight to keep busy for twenty years and expect to make from 6,000,000 to 8,000,000 brick every year. The clay has been subjected to rigid tests by the company, and it has been found that it is the best brick clay in this part of the country. Instead of requiring two or more days to dry, the pressed block of earth, it will be dried in one day and put at once into the kilns for firing. When fired, it is said, the clay takes on a very pleasing cherry red, much better than most of the clay in this part of the country.

Except for the cut that has been made in the corner by the brickmakers, the fortifications still retain much of their original shape. The hill is grown to grass now, and there are a few stunted trees on the top of it. The boys of the neighborhood have converted the interior of the fortifications into a base ball park and play there, high over the heads of everyone else around. It is all right so long as the ball stays within bounds, but it is such a tedious climb to the lower level that the boys have decreed, "over the hill is out." The original portholes are still to be seen and are pointed out from the windows of the L. & N. Railroad coaches.

The fortifications were constructed under the direction of Major General W. Nelson in the fall of 1862, when it was feared that the Confederate army was about to lay siege to Louisville. It was a part of the scheme of intrenchments built then all around the city. Forts were built on such eminences as the ground afforded. Aside from the one at Spring and St. Bernard streets, there were others built, one on the Preston street road, one near the present site of the Masonic Widows and Orphans' Home, one on Ash Bottom road, and one in Parkland. All were connected by a line of rifle pits. Except for the sense of security they afforded and for what influence they may have had on the intending attackers, they were of no use to the city or to the Federal army. Louisville was four times threatened by the Conferedate armies, but never attacked, and the forts were called upon to repulse no onslaughts. The armament was removed at the end of the war.

Many men in Louisville to-day have occasion to remember the old fort at Springer and St. Bernard streets, as they helped to throw up the earthworks. A five-sided stronghold is revealed in the present appearance of the fort. Down below the upper works is a circular trench entirely encircling the fort proper. Even to this day it is hard work to climb the walls, and it is only by using the worn paths and by stepping in the holes worn by the water that ascent is made anything else than difficult.

CUT OUT OF GRAFT.

Ohio Auditors Barred By Supreme Court Decision.

Columbus, O., May 15.—The Auditors of the eighty-eight counties of Ohio are cut out of a graft of about $150,000 by a decision of the Supreme Court to-day in the case of Eugene L. Lewis, ex-Auditor of Hamilton county, against Auditor of State Guilbert and others.

Lewis sued to compel the payment to him of an additional fee of two-tenths of 1 per cent. of the school tax as collected under a recent construction of the fee laws. He claimed this additional fee for three and a half years.

The Supreme Court to-day dismissed his petition on the ground that all compensation must be deducted when the County Auditor makes his settlement with the Auditor of State and that no fee can be collected after the distribution of the taxes has been made.

JEROME'S SCOOP.

He Secures Valuable Records of Insurance Company.

New York, May 15.—After the adjournment of the insurance grand jury yesterday District Attorney Jerome announced that he had secured the entire records of the supply department of the Mutual Life Insurance Company. Whether he had secured them upon an order of the court he refused to state. Shortly after the announcement of the District Attorney a truck backed up to the Criminal Court building, and three huge packing cases, containing vouchers, books and letter files, were brought up to the District Attorney's office.

GIFT OF $1,000,000

Promised For Fine Arts Building In New York.

New York, May 15.—It was learned last evening that $1,000,000 had been conditionally promised by a wealthy New Yorker toward the erection and endowment of a united fine arts building to house the dozen societies composing the Fine Arts Federation. This plan, formulated several years ago, has received a fresh impetus since the Union of the National Academy of Design and the Society of American Artists, as was expected.

John W. Alexander, a member of the Council of the National Academy of Design, has estimated the cost of financing the scheme at $3,000,000 at least, appropriating $1,000,000 each for site, building and endowment.

ACCUSED OF ROBBING CIRCUS TICKET WAGON.

Cleveland, O., May 15.—William T. Spaith, auditor of the Carl Hagenbeck circus, was arrested here charged with the theft of $30,000 from the ticket wagon of the Forepaugh-Sells show in October, 1904, while he was treasurer of that enterprise. The robbery, it is alleged, occurred at Tarboro, N. C. The arrest was made by Sheriff Karb and Deputy Phelan, of Columbus, who took Spaith to that city. Extradition papers have been prepared, and he will be taken to North Carolina for trial.

WORK OF VANDALS.

Plant Beds Destroyed On Farms In Tennessee.

Clarksville, Tenn., May 15.—Plant beds on Hinton Bros.' farm, in this county, were destroyed last night by unknown persons. The beds of J. S. Rosson were also visited, but the men were frightened away. About half a dozen men with hoes went to Mr. Rosson's farm, but Rosson had men on guard, and when they appeared the guards opened fire and drove them away.

Congratulations For Taylor.

Nashville, Tenn., May 15.—Ex-Gov. Robert L. Taylor has received hundreds of telegrams from every section of the country congratulating him on his nomination for United States Senator, and wishes, through the Associated Press, to thank the senders.

CONVICTED

DR. CRAPSEY TO BE SUSPENDED FROM MINISTRY.

Suspension To Last Until Such Time As He Shall Conform To the Creed.

Rochester, N. Y., May 15.—The verdict in the heresy trial of the Rev. Dr. Algernon S. Crapsey to-day was delivered to the accused minister.

Four of the jurors state that in their opinion sentence should be passed as follows:

That the respondent should be suspended from exercising the functions of the church until such time as he shall satisfy the ecclesiastical authorities of the diocese that his belief and teaching conform to the doctrines of the Apostles' Creed and the Nicene Creed as this church hath received the same. However, we express the earnest hope and desire that the respondent may see his way clearly during the thirty days that under the canons of the church must intervene before sentence can be pronounced to the full satisfaction of the ecclesiastical authorities of such conformity on his part.

W. C. ROBERTS.
C. H. BOYNTON.
G. S. BURROUGHS.
JOHN MILLS GILBERT.

The charges against Dr. Crapsey grew out of a series of sermons delivered by him while he was rector of St. Andrews church at Rochester and whch he subsequently published in book form under the title "Religion and Politics." In brief the charges declare that Dr. Crapsey in these writtings denies the doctrines of the divinity of Christ, His virgin birth, His resurrection and the doctrine of the trinity, as contained in the apostles, and Nicene Creed and the book of common prayer of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the United States of America.

Dr. Francis Dunham filed a minority report.

BUFFALO LITHIA WATER

"All the Argument Necessary."

The International Journal of Surgery, August, 1905, under the heading "CYSTITIS" says: "In the treatment of Cystitis water is the great aid to all forms of medication. Moreover, **BUFFALO LITHIA WATER** is the ideal form in which to administer it to the cystitic patient, as it is not only a pure solvent, but has the additional virtue of containing substantial quantities of the alkaline Lithates. Patients should be encouraged to take from two to four quarts per day if they can, and the relief they will obtain will be all the argument necessary after the first day or so.

"IN URIC ACID DIATHESIS, GOUT, RHEUMATISM, LITHAEMIA, and the like, ITS ACTION IS PROMPT AND LASTING."

Dr. Geo. Ben. Jonnston, M. D., LL. D., *Richmond, Va., Ex-President Southern Surgical and Gynecological Assn., Ex-President Virginia Medical Society, and Prof. of Gynecology and Abdominal Surgery, Medical College of Virginia:* "If I were asked what mineral water has the widest range of usefulness, I would unhesitatingly answer, **BUFFALO LITHIA WATER**. In Uric Acid **Diathesis, Gout, Rheumatism, Lithaemia,** and the like, its action is prompt and lasting. * * * **Almost any case of Pyelitis and Cystitis** will be alleviated by it, and many cured. I have had evidence of the undoubted **Disintegrating, Solvent** and **Eliminating** power of this water in **Renal Calculus**, and have known its long continued use to permanently break up the gravel forming habit."

Voluminous medical testimony on request. For sale by the general drug and mineral water trade. Hotel at Springs opens June 15th.

PROPRIETOR, BUFFALO LITHIA SPRINGS, VA.

Woman's Nightmare

No woman's happiness can be complete without children; it is her nature to love and want them as much so as it is to love the beautiful and pure. The critical ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass, however, is so fraught with dread, pain, suffering and danger, that the very thought of it fills her with apprehension and horror. There is no necessity for the reproduction of life to be either painful or dangerous. The use of **Mother's Friend** so prepares the system for the coming event that it is safely passed without any danger. This great and wonderful remedy is always applied externally, and has carried thousands of women through the trying crisis without suffering.

Mother's Friend

Send for free book containing information of priceless value to all expectant mothers.

The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

SAVE MONEY

By ordering your season's supply of Coal now. Ask about our SCREENED SELECT PITTSBURG Fourth Pool Lump, which we sell at

$3.25 per load. $13.00 per 100 bushels.

Pacific Coal Co.,

452 WEST JEFFERSON.

Phones 1821. WM. EVERING, Gen'l Manager.

$ DOLLARS FOR YOU $

Plant a Dollar Now. Get Two Next Year.

You can do this if you buy a lot in the Progress Land Co.'s subdivision on O street, between Seventh st. and Taylor Boulevard, street and sidewalk made, at $10 per foot. No other lots in South Louisville on made street can be had for less than $22.50 per foot; close to L. and N. R. R. shops, Ky. Wagon Works and other large plants. Rents are better here than any other section of the city.

Buy now at the reduced prices.

THOS. BOHANNAN & CO., 247 Fifth st.

Tel.—Cumb. Main 1101—A. Home 3756. List your property with us for sale.

AMUSEMENTS.

Fontaine Ferry Park

"THE PARK BEAUTIFUL."

HIGH-CLASS VAUDEVILLE

Sisters Macarte and Five Other Acts.

NEW ROLLER RINK

Finest Skating Surface in the South.

MEXICAN NATIONAL BAND

Two Free Concerts Daily.

ISLAND QUEEN —TO— CINCINNATI

50c ONE WAY OR ROUND TRIP 50c

FRIDAY, MAY 18

Leaving 8 a. m.; returning leaving Cincinnati 8 a. m. Thursday May 24.

MATINEE EVERY DAY. SEATS 15c, 25c. THE NEW AVENUE

Every night 15c, 25c, 50c.

EMILY GALE and big cast in the sensational melodrama AS TOLD IN THE HILLS.

Next (Last) Week— Ernest Hogan in Rufus Rastus.

APOLLO CLUB CONCERT

and

Mrs. Corinne Rider-Kelsey

WOMAN'S CLUB, Thursday, May 17th.

Seats at Smith & Nixon's.

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

STRS. CITY OF CINCINNATI AND CITY OF LOUISVILLE

For Madison, Carrollton, Cincinnati and Upper Ohio River points at 5 p. m. daily, except Sunday at 9 a. m., from foot of Third. Phone 141. C. C. FULLER, Supt.

Louisville and Evansville Packet Co.

For Owensboro, Evansville and way points, Steamer TELL CITY, Monday and Friday; steamer MORNING STAR, Wednesday and Saturday at 4 p. m. Freight received daily. Wharfboat foot Fourth. Both phones 495-827.

C. V. WILLIAMS, G. F. and P. A.

LEE LINE STEAMERS.

TO MEMPHIS—$9.50 One Way. $16 Round Trip.

To Evansville, $2. To Cincinnati, $2.

Cheap freight and passenger rates to all points on Ohio and Mississippi rivers. **Peters Lee** leaves **Thursday**, May 17, noon. **Georgia Lee** follows **Thursday**, May 24, noon. Freight received Wednesday and Thursday to hour of departure from foot of Fourth st. Office, 353 W. Main st. 'Phone Cumb. M—26; Home 7610.

W. F. BRANDENBURG, A. F. and P. A.

RIVER AND WEATHER

LONGITUDE AND LATITUDE OF LOUISVILLE.

Latitude, 38° 15'. Longitude, 85° 45' West From Greenwich.

STAGE OF THE RIVERS.

Louisville, Ky., May 15.

Stations.	Danger line ft.	Height in ft.	Change 24 hrs.	R'fall 24 hrs.
Louisville	28	6.6	—0.4	...
Frankfort	31	6.3	—0.3	...
Evansville	35	13.8	—0.1	...
Paducah	40	14.0	+0.1	...
Nashville	40	10.1	—0.5	...
Chattanooga	33	5.1	—0.4	...
Cairo	45	25.0	—0.3	...
St. Louis	30	17.8	—0.6	...
Memphis	33	14.8	—0.6	...
Helena	42	27.4	......	...
Vicksburg	45	39.7	—0.6	...
Shreveport	29	19.5	+1.5	...
New Orleans	16	16.2	0	...
Little Rock	23	9.2	—0.9	...
Kansas City	21	10.3	—0.2	...
Davenport	15	8.4	—0.2	...

+Increase. —Decrease. T.—Trace.

Reports of maximum temperature and precipitation for the twenty-four hours ended May 15 at 7 p. m.:

Stations.	Temp.	Pre.	Stations.	Temp.	Pre.
New York	64	.09	Cairo	82	.00
Pittsburg	84	.01	St. Louis	84	.00
Washington	64	T	Cincinnati	86	.00
Charlotte	84	.00	Indianapolis	84	.00
Atlanta	84	.00	Chicago	86	.00
Jacksonville	74	.58	Davenport	82	.00
Montgomery	86	.00	Marquette	84	.00
New Orleans	82	.04	St. Paul	78	.08
Galveston	76	.00	Bismarck	82	.00
Cor's Christi	78	.00	North Platte	80	.00
San Antonio	88	T	Omaha	72	.02
Shreveport	82	.20	Kansas City	76	.02
Palestine	78	.06	Dodge City	80	.00
Vicksburg	84	.00	Oklahoma	74	.00
Little Rock	82	.00	Amarillo	86	.02
Fort Smith	80	.02	Abilene	82	.00
Memphis	84	.10	El Paso	90	.00
Nashville	84	.00	Modena	66	.00
Chattanooga	84	.00	Yello'ne Park	46	.60

T—Trace.

SEMI-DAILY OBSERVATIONS.

[Official.] Louisville, May 15, 1906.

	7 a. m.	7 p. m.
Barometer	30.27	30.17
Temperature	64	81
Dewpoint	56	53
Relative humidity	74	38
Wind velocity	1	6
State of weather	Pt.cl'y	Clear

TEMPERATURE AND PRECIPITATION.

Constants and Normals.

[Official.] Louisville, May 15, 1906.

Maximum temperature	89
Minimum temperature	60
Mean temperature	74
Normal temperature	64
Departure for day	+10
Departure for month	—11
Departure since March 1	—15
Mean barometer	30.22
Mean relative humidity	56
Prevailing winds	S-SE
Character of day	Clear
Rainfall	.00
Normal rainfall	.11
Departure for day	—.11
Departure for month	—.79
Departure since March 1	—.66

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

City of Cincinnati, from and to Cincinnati....Helen M. Gould, from and to Carrollton.

BOATS LEAVING THIS DAY.

City of Louisville, Capt. Brennen, for Cincinnati, at 5 o'clock p. m....Helen M. Gould, Capt. McIntyre, for Carrollton, at 4 p. m....Morning Star, Capt. Ryan, for Evansville and all way landings at 4 p. m.

RIVER, BUSINESS AND WEATHER.

The river was falling last evening with 6 feet 5 inches in the canal, 4 feet 3 on the falls, and 14 feet at the foot of the locks. Business good, weather clear and cloudy; pleasant.

DRIFTWOOD.

Fine weather for business and boats....The Peters Lee leaves for Memphis and all way landings to-morrow at noon....The City of Louisville is the Cincinnati boat at 5 p. m. to-day....The Morning Star leaves for Evansville this afternoon at 4 p. m....All boats up stream and down use the canal now....Evansville is enjoying a season of river business prosperity. All the packets are doing well and business is fine....Capt. Ed Howard will launch a big transfer boat for the mouth of Red river next Saturday. She will be towed to Cincinnati to receive her machinery and be completed....The City of Louisville is the Cincinnati boat at 5 p. m. to-day....

He was headed for the river,
With some worms and chink of liver,
And out upon a coal barge he did creep;
And he stayed there until night
Waiting for a cat to bite,
But a catfish never woke him from his sleep.

....You can go up on the Louisville next Sunday morning and wait at Madison until the City of Cincinnati comes along and come home on her. The round trip rate is very low....The arrangements of the new steamer S. S. Brown, being built at Pittsburg, are designed to obviate the necessity of employing rousters and to require only a few laborers to move the freight on and off the conveyors. The boat is also designed to have the fuel stored in the hull, to be elevated to the furnaces by means of steam conveyors. Each stateroom is to be supplied with hot and cold water and the after portion is to be partitioned off for colored passengers. The steamer is to be finished about July 1, and the cost will be about $125,000....Drennon Springs on Kentucky river was a famous resort of ante-bellum days, and is to-day one of the most popular resorts in the State....The river men of the Ohio valley need intelligent representation in the counsels with the powers that be in the city of Washington, D. C. We do not believe the Government desires to cripple the river business or work hardships on the boat owners and if the river men would have their interests properly looked after, many of the unreasonable as well as unnecessary rulings that have caused much trouble and expense would never have been enacted. There is too much apathy among river men....The Nugents of this city will introduce their fast automobile boat which they will use for pleasure and business combined in a few days. She is twenty-four feet long, five feet wide and three feet depth of hull, with ten-horse power machinery, and will be a hard one to catch and a swift one to pass. She has been named Catherine, in honor of their mother, who has every reason to be proud of her sons. The Catherine is a beauty....The Fallie has towed the New South to Cincinnati from Bethlehem, where she has been tied up for some time....Pilot Henry Nye, of the Sprague, has gone to Alabama to meet his wife, who is on a visit to relatives....The Thealka hit a rock in the Big Sandy Tuesday and sunk in three minutes. No lives were lost....Send and get a folder or booklet of the Louisville and Cincinnati Packet Company if you want something handsome and instructive. It is finely illustrated, beautifully printed and full of interest....It will soon be "swimming" time....A crowd will witness the launching of the big transfer boat at Howard's, Saturday....The City of Louisville will have a big crowd up Saturday on her regular trip to Cincinnati and back. The City of Cincinnati will be crowded Sunday morning with people going up to meet the down boat....Henry Thomas is pilot on the Lizzie Bay now....The Avalon has gone to Wheeling to go in the excursion business....Capt. John A. Harpham, aged eighty-three, died at Aurora, Ind., Monday....Some commotion was caused in river circles at Parkersburg Monday afternoon by the spectacle of the new towboat Reaper passing down stream with her distress whistle blowing. Everything appeared all right on board. A telephone message from Portland, twenty-five miles below Parkersburg, says that the Reaper had not reached that place at 9 o'clock. The only place at which she might have received aid would be at Hall's woodyard....A boat that don't advertise, don't get any business and don't deserve any....No towboats came or went yesterday; very quiet in towboat circles....Capt. James Good, of St. Louis, is laid up with a severe case of rheumatism, and is in an almost helpless condition. He is one of the best-known river men in the country....The Chaperon and Summer Girl left here for below yesterday morning.

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Pittsburg, Pa., May 15.—[Special.]—The Keystone State, which left here yesterday, met with an accident at Dam No. 13 in the Ohio river about 8 o'clock this morning. A carrier wire stretched across the river hit one of the stacks of the packet and forced it over. The stack fell into the cabins below, but no one was injured. Capt. Knox did not meet with a narrow escape from injury, as reported. The damage was slight, as the packet proceeded to Cincinnati. Charles Parkinson is the new wharfmaster at Pittsburg, succeeding Robert Johnson. There was 2.9 feet of water in the harbor to-night, 5 feet at Davis' Island dam and 14.1 feet and 3.9 feet below Herr's Island dam.

Wheeling, May 15.—River 6 feet 5 inches; falling. Departed: Queen City, Pittsburg; Keystone State, Cincinnati; H. K. Bedford, Parkersburg.

Cincinnati, May 15.—[Special.]—At 6 p. m. to-day the river at Cincinnati was 14.7 feet and falling. To-day's arrivals were: Virginia, Henry M. Stanley, Courier, City of Louisville and Peters Lee. To-day's departures were Virginia for Pittsburg, Henry M. Stanley for Pittsburg, Courier for Maysville and City of Louisville for Louisville. The towboat J. B. Lewis had an accident above Portsmouth a few days ago and was towed here by the Catherine Davis for repairs. It developed that the boat had a broken shaft. The excursion business on the packets plying out of this port has started in earnest. Clear and warm.

Madison, Ind., May 15.—[Special.]—River 13.7 feet; falling. Douglas Hall down. Gasoline boat Ollis is here from Louisville for repairs. Capt. Louis Stuart is ill. Clear and warm.

Evansville, Ind., May 15.—River 13.7 feet and rising. Clear and warmer.

Cairo, Ill., May 15.—River 25 feet and falling. Clear and warm. Arrived: John A. Wood, St. Louis, 9 a. m.; Wash Honshell, lower Mississippi, 2 p. m. Departed: John S. Summers, lower Mississippi, 9 a. m.; John A. Woods, St. Louis, 3 p. m.

St. Louis, May 15.—River, 17.8, a fall of .6 in twenty-four hours. Departed: Ferd Herold, Memphis. Clear, warm.

ENTIRE ISSUE

Walhalla Water and Light Bonds Sold.

LOUISVILLE FIRM BUYS FOR EASTERN CAPITALISTS.

COMPANY SUPPLIES NEEDS OF FIVE CITIES.

NEWS OF BUSINESS WORLD.

Walhalla, S. C., May 15.—[Special.]—Mayor James Thompson and a group of well-known Walhalla citizens have sold the entire issue of the Oconee Water, Light and Power Company of Walhalla, S. C., amounting to $250,000 to Frank Head, representing Head & Co., bankers, of Louisville, who are said to be acting for Eastern capitalists. The deal created quite an excitement in Walhalla, being the largest one closed in years. The company supplies water, electric light and power to five cities and has valuable franchises and contracts.

DOUBLE RATES

Being Charged By Some Insurance Companies In 'Frisco.

San Francisco, May 15.—The Call says to-day:

"Certain insurance companies doing business in San Francisco are charging double the rate for insurance on local business that were assessed by them before the recent fire. Various reasons are assigned for this. One is that the water pressure is still weak; another is that the fire alarm service is out of order.

"While the double rates are announced, persons seeking insurance are told that there will be rebates later, when the normal conditions are restored and the underwriters have time to look over the field. No time is mentioned positively, but a period of from two to three months is suggested as the possible one during which the present high rates will rule."

OLD FREIGHT CARS BURNED.

Ten Thousand Have Passed Their Days of Usefulness.

Columbus, O., May 15.—The Pennsylvania railroad is burning up 10,000 old freight cars west of Pittsburg, which have passed their useful days and become out of date. They include cars of small capacity worn out cars and all cars that were built long before the fast freight schedule came into effect. The iron is removed from the cars before they are thrown into the heap. Four thousand cars are being burned in the yards here and many alarms have been turned into the fire department by people who have seen the smoke from the burning cars and supposed that there was a big conflagration in the east end.

Piano Dealers Elect.

Washington, May 15.—The National Piano Dealers' Association of America to-day elected officers as follows: President, J. P. Bynne, Chicago; vice president, B. B. Crew, Atlanta, Ga.; second vice president, W. H. Currier, Toledo; secretary, C. R. Putnam, Boston; executive board, R. T. Cassell, Denver; P. S. Foster, Washington, D. C.; J. T. Wamelink, Cleveland, and J. P. Simmons, New Orleans.

J. P. Simmons, of New Orleans, read a paper on advertising in which he recommended the use of the daily newspapers in preference to other mediums as being productive of the best results.

Cotton Men Meet.

Atlanta, Ga., May 15.—Five hundred delegates, representing every cotton-growing State and several Northern States, gathered here to-day for the tenth annual meeting of the Interstate Cottonseed Crushers' Association. The convention was welcomed by Gov. J. M. Terrell, for the State; Mayor Woodward, for the city, and by Sam D. Jones, president of the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce, for the citizens and business men of Atlanta.

Southern Publishers Meet.

Montgomery, Ala., May 15.—The fourth annual convention of the Southern Newspaper Publishers' Association gathered here to-day, President J. C. Hemphill, of the Charleston News and Courier, presiding. After a short session the members took a special train for Jackson Lake, where a barbecue was served. The meeting this afternoon was held at the lake. Mobile and Richmond are competitors for the next meeting.

Standard Oil Dividend.

New York, May 15.—The Standard Oil Company to-day declared a quarterly dividend of nine dollars a share. This compares with a fifteen dollar dividend in the last previous quarter and one of nine dollars a years ago.

NIGHT CLERK AT HOSPITAL ILL OF HEART DISEASE.

Henry Campbell, night telephone clerk at the City Hospital, is critically ill at that institution, and is not expected to recover. Mr. Campbell is a resident of Louisville, and prior to his obtaining the position of clerk was a patient at the hospital. He was admitted to the institution about two months ago to be treated for a heart affection. The malady has progressed rapidly within the last few days, developing into a dropsy of the lower extremities. Otto Cook, of Nashville, Tenn., has succeeded Mr. Campbell as night telephone clerk at the hospital.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Fidelity Trust Co. to Bettie Buckner, etc., 149½ feet, south side Rowan street, 152 feet west of Twelfth, $12,000.

Ewald Iron Co. to Louisville and Jeffersonville Bridge Co., two tracts of land, Clay street and Louisville, Cincinnati and Lexington railroad, $6,000.

Virginia Lee Landrum to William F. Ahlmeyer, 30 feet, east side Twenty-fifth street, 192 feet south of Market, $1,600.

W. H. Rupert to L. S. Rupert, 20 feet, north side Market street, 63 feet east of Third, $1.

J. B. McCormick to E. J. Seefried, 36 feet, southwest side Bank street, west line of Twentieth, $1.

Henry Bachmann to Charles Eberenz, 120 feet, west side Third street, 174 feet north of L, $1.

Highland Park Land Company to T. Pidgeon, lot 2, block 5, Vance Land Company subdivision, $1.

Berry Land Company to Lottie Lyons, lot 24, block 36, Jacob addition, $1.

Berry Land Company to John W. Sweet, lots 27 and 28, block 9, Jacob addition, $300.

Morris Shapiro to Sarah S. Shapiro, 26 feet, south side Market street, 157 feet east of Eleventh, $1.

D. E. Edmunds to James P. Edwards, lot 8, block D, Southern Heights, $1.

Isaac P. Miller, executor, to A. M. P. Newbold, 75 feet, east side Hemlock, 20 feet south of Southern avenue, $300.

Eugene C. Eblen to Bessie W. Eblen, 38 feet, south side Baxter avenue, 986 feet east of Stevens, $1.

D. M. Wood to C. W. Wood, 95 feet, southeast corner Seventh and Chestnut streets, $1.

William Steller to Mary E. Steller, 25 feet South side of Payne street, 110 feet west of Cooper, $1.

Robert Tyler to C. J. Sonne, lots 3 to 12, block 1, Queen addition, $1,850.

E. S. Lafollette to J. Pflumm, lot 36, Deer Park addition, $2,600.

Henry Stucky to M. B. Beville, 36 feet, south side Ormsby avenue, 169 feet east of Brook, $960, etc.

TO FIX TIME

TO NOMINATE DEMOCRAT FOR CONGRESS.

Republicans Will Probably Hold a Convention In June.

The Democratic Congressional Committee of the Fifth district will meet at noon to-day at Democratic headquarters, room 404 Equitable building, for the purpose of fixing the time, place and manner of nominating a candidate for Congress to succeed the Hon. Swagar Sherley. The call was made by Biscoe Hindman, State executive committeeman for this district, who by virtue of his office is chairman of the Congressional Committee. The committee that will meet to-day is composed of the following members:

M. W. Neal—Forty-fourth Legislative district.

W. Jule Day—Forty-fifth Legislative district.

Dr. M. K. Allen—Forty-sixth Legislative district.

Louis Summers—Forty-seventh Legislative district.

W. Hume Logan—Forty-eighth Legislative district.

Charles C. Martin—Forty-ninth Legislative district.

John J. Keane—Fiftieth Legislative district.

Ben C. Watson—Fifty-first Legislative district.

Should there be no opposition to Representative Sherley, he is likely to be declared the nominee as is customary.

SUBCOMMITTEE APPOINTED

To Recommend Manner of Nominating Republican Candidate For Congress.

The Republican Congressional Committee of the Fifth district met last night in Judge George Du Relle's office, in the Illinois Life building, and appointed a subcommittee to recommend the time, place and manner of making a nomination for Congress. This committee was instructed to report at the next meeting of the Congressional Committee which will be next Tuesday night. The members of the subcommittee appointed are Judge George Du Relle, John Casseday, Albert Scott, Joseph Green, Martin Schupp and Scott Prather.

While the members of the subcommittee would not express themselves last night yet it is believed that they will recommend that precinct conventions be held to select delegates to a delegate district convention which will nominate a candidate for Congress. It is likely that the Republicans will hold their convention in June. It is a strong probability that there will be several Republican candidates for the nomination. So far William C. Owens is the only person who has announced that he would be a candidate for Congress. The local machine has not decided on a candidate yet. While A. E. Willson has been spoken of as a candidate yet there is a chance of Judge George Du Relle being called upon to make the race.

While Judge Du Relle says he prefers to practice law, yet he says he is always willing to respond to the call of his party. David W. Fairleigh, who has been a leader for several years, has announced that he would not be a candidate under any circumstances. He would probably cast his weight for Judge Du Relle should he announce.

BUY WAREHOUSE

TOBACCO COMPANY PREPARING TO ENLARGE BUSINESS.

Buckner, Dunkerson & Co. Purchase Property On Rowan Street.

Buckner, Dunkerson & Co. purchased yesterday for $12,000 the warehouse on Rowan street, between Twelfth and Thirteenth streets. The lot has 149½ feet frontage and is 200 feet deep, and the improvements consist of a brick warehouse that has been used for general storage purposes. The sale was negotiated by C. J. Meddis, of O'Reilly & Meddis, and the owner, Mrs. Matilda N. Barrett, was represented by Daniel F. Murphy, of the Fidelity Trust Company.

The new owners are engaged in the tobacco rehandling business, and are renting the property which they now occupy at 917 West Jefferson street. Their former quarters were at Hancock and Market streets. They outgrew their first location and are changing from their present in order to add a general warehouse and storage business to their present business. They will spend about $5,000 in improvements on their new property in the way of boiler and engine room, drying room and contrivances for carrying on their business.

The new plant is in the center of the railroad district, and will offer greatly improved shipping facilities. Negotiations for the property had been pending for several weeks.

SIMON SHAPINSKY BUYS MRS. MATHEWS' RESIDENCE.

Pays $20,000 For the Three-story Stone Front On Fourth Avenue.

At the reported price of $20,000 cash, R. E. Miles has sold the home of Mrs. Virginia Mathews, 1333 Fourth avenue, between Oak street and Ormsby avenue, to Simon Shapinsky. The lot is 80x200 feet to an alley, and the improvements consist of a double three-story white stone front dwelling with stone porch cochere and every modern convenience. Mr. Shapinsky will occupy the dwelling as a home.

Through the Burton-Whayne Company, auctioneers, Mr. Miles also sold the ten-room brick dwelling at 611 East Green street to Joseph Vollmer for $3,000.

The same firms also sold at auction a two-story brick dwelling at 904 East Walnut and a two-story brick storehouse at 906 East Walnut to Louis Fleischaker for $4,375.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—SOUTHERN REAL ESTATE AND BUSINESS AGENCY.

Modern 7-room frame, Clifton	$2,700
5-room modern cottage, Highlands	2,200
8-room dwelling and cottage, Highlands	4,000
Only lot in Belgravia Court, cheap	1,600
E. Market-street saloon, first-class	2,100
Central grocery and meat market	500
Preston-street saloon and boarding house	2,200
Cash grocery and meats, central	1,250
E. Jefferson-st. saloon; fine trade	1,400
7-room brick; West Chestnut	2,700
Modern 4-room cottage, W. Main	1,800
Central restaurant, fine trade	1,000
6-room frame, West Madison st	2,000
Gents' furnishings, E. Market	2,500

Bargains in Kentucky and Indiana Country Stores, Hotels and Farms.
416 West Jefferson, both phones.

FOR SALE—SUBURBAN BUILDING SITES:
Two tracts, one of 16 acres and one of 27 acres near Prospect, overlooking river; beautiful trees, delightful elevation; also convenient to cars. 17-acre building site, right on electric line, convenient to city. 120 acres near Prospect, fine brick dwelling, good water, convenient to car line. Beautiful building sites near Harrods creek; will sell from 8 acres up; all convenient to car line and pike. See us if you want a country home. H. J. McCLAIN & CO., 345 Fifth st. Both phones 1349.

FOR SALE—
A very attractive 5-room cottage on W. Chestnut st. at a bargain; price $2,250.
Two cottages on West Jefferson; will make a nice home or a good investment; will sell at a sacrifice; $3,000.
East Gray street, 4-room cottage, in fine repair, cheap; $1,500.
COOPER & THOMAS, 236 Fifth.

FOR SALE—If you want to buy or build a home, go to Second and Avery and see in Avery Court the best models in this city of complete, up-to-date homes. Both phones 414 for particulars.

FOR SALE—2-story brick warehouse, on track in railroad district; best suited for seed or grain business. Address L 73, this office.

FOR SALE—A COZY FARM HOME—Good 7-room house, 25 a. on S. boundary of Pewee Valley P. O. Stephen Schuler.

FOR SALE—1630 Longest ave., the best located home in the Highlands. Inquire by phone 7209 or 7216.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—
Kurtzmann Piano.
Gas Stove.
6-piece Parlor Suit.
Office Desk.
Hall Mirror.
1 Large Mirror.
APPLY 2007 FLOYD ST.

FOR SALE—Four good delivery wagon horses, two horses for family use, pair of young mules five years old, and one fresh cow, four gallons per day. Apply 2423 Griffiths ave. Home phone 6787.

FOR SALE—Splendid mare, seven years old and sound in every respect; well city broke, not afraid of autos, street cars or trains; good mover and full of go. Address Y 129, this office.

FOR SALE — Gasoline boat, 40x9, full cabin, sternwheel, 8 horse-power Watkins engine, model hull; will sell or trade for a larger boat. WARSAW FERRY CO., Warsaw, Ky.

FOR SALE—Rarest collection of war-time photographs of Confederate Generals, Confederate and Union gunboats, views, etc. Address Chas. Marlowe, P. O. Box 507, Louisville.

FOR SALE—Drug store, shelving and wall cases with glass doors and drawers; cheap if taken at once. 145 W. Jefferson.

FOR SALE—The best bread on earth, just like mother used to make—MOTHER'S BREAD. Save the labels and get premiums and cash prizes. Read the big ads.

FOR SALE—A Gordon job press, paper cutter, racks, stones and complete line of type, cheap. Bought new and used 4 months; a bargain. Address JOEL BAILEY, Sebree, Ky.

FOR SALE—Safes; fire and burglar proof; new and second-hand; low prices. DIEBOLD SAFE AND LOCK CO., 311 Second st.

FOR SALE—Hand-made rubber-tire rockaway surrey; turn-back top; a good set of harness; both for $95. Apply 703 Lucas Place.

FOR SALE—Columbus rubber tire buggy; good condition; new tires. Address E 58, this office.

FOR SALE—A1 wines and liquors. AUGUST HOLLENBACH, 248 Third.

FOR SALE—2 mules and 1 horse. Apply rear 515 West Breckinridge st.

FOR SALE—Two second-hand buggies cheap. 3126 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE— "1906" RACYCLES. JEFFERIS, 666 Third.

PROPOSALS.

For Public Printing, Binding and Paper.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Secretary of State until noon Thursday, May 31, 1906, for the executing of the several classes of the Public Printing and Binding in separate contracts, and for furnishing paper, envelopes and stationery for the term of two years from and after the first day of July next ensuing, at a certain rate per centum not to exceed the rates specified in the law, including the furnishing of the paper for election ballots and its delivery to the several clerks under the provision of the act of the General Assembly passed at the extraordinary session, 1900, which act was approved October 16, 1900.

The law governing the Public Printing and Binding and furnishing stationery for the State is embraced in the act of June 20, 1893, Chapter 105, Kentucky Statutes, and in the act last above referred to.

Sample copies of the Teacher's Registers and Grade Books and Trustee's Record Books may be seen at the office of the Secretary of State.

A bond for $10,000.00 must accompany each bid. Solvent guarantee companies will be accepted in lieu of personal security.

Blanks for bidding may be obtained at the office of Secretary of State.

Address all bids to H. V. McChesney, Secretary of State, Frankfort, Ky., and each bid should be indorsed on the outside of the envelope containing it with the name of the bidder and marked: "Proposals for the Public Printing and Binding and Furnishing Stationery."

J. C. W. BECKHAM,
Governor, Chairman.
S. W. HAGER, Secretary.
April 24, 1906.

NEGRO ARRESTED ON CHARGE OF MURDER.

Roger Warner, Alleged To Have Shot Lonnie French, Also Colored—Makes Vigorous Denial.

Roger Warner, colored, nineteen years old, who is alleged to have shot and killed Lonnie French, another negro, on Floyd street Saturday night, was captured by County Patrolmen Schultz, Barbour and Trigg at Lagrange yesterday afternoon and lodged in the county jail.

Warner denies any knowledge of the crime. He said to his captors that he worked for Sheriff Henry Bell. He remained in the neighborhood of Mr. Bell's house all of Saturday evening, according to his story, and did not visit the section of the city where the murder was committed until yesterday morning.

Warner's arrest was made at the instigation of another negro, who is alleged to have seen him fire the shot at French Saturday night. None of the spectators who witnessed the shooting have identified Warner as the man who fired the shots with the exception of the negro who gave information to the police.

Wireless Conference Postponed.

Washington, May 15.—The State Department has been advised that the wireless telegraph conference which was to have been held at Berlin, June 28 next, has been postponed to Oct. 3.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—BUSINESS FIRMS advised regarding their affairs; if you are making or losing, the exact amount can be easily ascertained, and at small cost. W. H. TRUMAN, Public Accountant and Auditor, 551 Fourth.

WANTED—Professor of music, graduate of Strassburg, Germany, will teach music, vocal and instrumental (piano), in German. A fine opportunity for educated people to learn correct German. Write or call at 220 Woodbine st.

WANTED—To rent, by small family of adults, a small or medium-sized house in good condition. Possession wanted by July. Address, giving location and price, Y 128, this office.

WANTED—To buy old feathers, furniture, carpets and stoves. E. HYMAN, 137 E. Market. Home 'phone 727; Cumb. Main 3181—Z. Prompt attention to all orders.

WANTED—To press your clothes; suits sponged and pressed, 40c; pants, 10c. Called for and delivered. A. FRANKENSTEIN, Masonic bldg. Both 'phones.

WANTED — Circular work done neatly, stenographers furnished quickly. FERRIELL CLERICAL EMPLOYMENT, 447 W. Jefferson st. Home 3647.

WANTED—Man to take interest in light manufacturing business that will pay $25 weekly. $200 cash required. Room 61, 562 Fourth avenue.

WANTED—We distribute circulars, samples, etc.; work done by men only. Williams Distributing Agency, 419 W. Walnut. Tel. 238.

WANTED—We haul freight to and from all depots. WILLIAMS MESSENGER CO., 419 W. Walnut. Tel. 841.

WANTED—Board in country; convenient to trolley line; for man and wife, boy 13, girl 7. Address K 27, this office.

WANTED—You to know we put new tires on baby buggies and go-carts. JEFFERIS, 666 Third. Tel. 2458.

WANTED—Cash for old gold, silver and diamonds. VIC LORCH, 256 E. Market, bet. Brook and Floyd.

WANTED—To buy bicycles, all kinds. 'Phone 5614. SMITH BICYCLE COMPANY, 513 Third st.

WANTED—All kinds of masks and costumes for rent. KUPRION, 508 Fifth.

WANTED—SALESMEN.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—2 more salesmen; good proposition, with advancement. 707 W. Jefferson.

WANTED—AGENTS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Big profits—Permanent business—Price monopoly in engraved silver name and number door plates; never before sold for less than $5, but you can now sell for $1.50 and make 75 cents each; only best families bought when $5; now everyone orders at $1.50; get our exclusive territory proposition. NEW METHOD CO., 5750 Prairie ave., Chicago.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Six or eight young men; must be intelligent and of good address. A fine income and bright future for men willing to learn the magazine subscription business and work at it. Young men now engaged as indoor salesmen, clerks, etc., and who have selling ability should see in this an opportunity to identify themselves with a first-class house and a chance to make from $25 to $50 a week. All inquiries confidential. Only men meaning business need apply. Rich territory now available in Indiana and Kentucky. Rooms 9 and 10, 345 S. Fifth st., Louisville, Ky.

WANTED—BOOKKEEPING at NIGHTS Monday, Wednesday, Friday. From past results this means has loosened the rope that tied fast many ambitious persons; if you have push and ability, the evening course in accounting will do the rest. Call for particulars. W. H. TRUMAN, Expert Accountant, 551 Fourth.

WANTED—For U. S. Army, able-bodied unmarried men between ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to RECRUITING OFFICER, 514 W. Jefferson, Louisville, Ky.

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade; 10 positions for every graduate; top wages paid; few weeks completes; course includes tools and diplomas; can nearly earn expenses; write nearest branch. MOLER BARBER COLLEGE, St. Louis, Mo., or Cincinnati, O.

WANTED—5,000 PEOPLE to work; meet employers who want you at LOUISVILLE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 226 Third st.; established 45 years; all good citizens invited to be pleased with first-class help, male and female.

WANTED—Men and boys learn plumbing, plastering, bricklaying. Special offer, life scholarship $50; easy payments; position and union card guaranteed; free catalogue. Coyne Bros. Trade Schools, New York, Chicago, St. Louis.

WANTED—SHORTHAND taught during day and Monday, Wednesday, Friday nights, by a superior method; private instruction; expert teacher; charges reasonable. W. H. TRUMAN, 551 Fourth.

WANTED—For the U. S. Marine Corps men between ages of 21 and 35; an opportunity to see the world. For full information apply in person or by letter to 230 W. Jefferson st., Louisville, Ky.

WANTED—A good copper-plate printer at once; steady position to first-class man; state ability and salary expected in first letter. FEDERAL ENGRAVING COMPANY, Indianapolis, Ind.

WANTED—First-class machine and bench hands to work in planing mills, sash and door factories; open shop; good wages, steady work and permanent position. Address Lock Box 162, Cincinnati, O.

WANTED—Hand to cut and letter marble; one with some experience granite lettering preferred; steady work. WM. ADAMS & SON, Lexington, Ky.

WANTED—Experienced, sober shear and knife grinder; steady work. Apply or address room 12 Louisville Hotel, evenings between 7 and 8:30 o'clock.

WANTED—White man of good recommendation as night watchman and porter; give reference with your answer. Address M 105, this office.

WANTED—$25 per week and traveling expenses paid salesmen to sell goods to grocery dealers; experience unnecessary. PURITY CO., Chicago.

WANTED—At once, experienced pipe organist and director for Salem Reformed church. Apply 1731 West Kentucky, 6 to 8 p. m.

WANTED—Two boys for work at soda fountain. Apply W. B. DAVIDSON, Renz Drug Co., Third and Jefferson.

WANTED—Stenographer with some experience, $40 month. HAMMERLE, Clerical Employment. Columbia bldg.

WANTED—Three first-class paperhangers; best wages; all summer's work. JOHN JUSTI, 555 Third st.

WANTED—Carpenter and two boys. Apply at HORSE SHOW BUILDING, Sixth-street entrance.

WANTED—White boy about 14 or 15 years to learn baker trade. 549 E. Breckinridge st.

WANTED—Men to interest their wives and families in the MOTHER'S BREAD contest.

WANTED—Waiter and cook; white. 133 W. Jefferson. FAMOUS RESTAURANT.

WANTED—Two pressfeeders and one job printer; cor. Hancock and Main sts.

WANTED—A barber at Thirteenth and Maple streets, at once.

WANTED—Coachman. Apply 1629 Fourth ave.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED — Cooks, housekeepers and maids to order only MOTHER'S BREAD. Then save the labels and get premiums and votes in the big cash contests.

WANTED—Ladies to advertise the latest Massage Skin Food; $5 to $10 per day. Address Madame Robar, G 74, this office.

WANTED—Girls to fold circulars. 50 cents day. HAMMERLE, Columbia building.

WANTED—White girls, 15 or 16 years of age. 928 Seventh st. Ask for forelady.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED — POSITION by competent young lady; desires circular work, etc., on typewriter; neatness and accuracy guaranteed; rates reasonable. Address O O 81, care this office.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

UNION LOAN AND SECURITY CO.,
LOANS ON FURNITURE, PIANOS
LOANS ON SALARY OR ANY SECURITY.
LOWEST RATES. YOUR OWN TERMS.
UNION LOAN AND SECURITY CO.,
413 WEST MARKET STREET,
SECOND FLOOR.
HOME PHONE, 1516. OUR AGENT WILL CALL.

FIDELITY LOAN CO.
MONEY LOANED ON
FURNITURE, PIANOS, ETC.
SPECIAL RATE, TIME AND PAYMENTS FOR THE SUMMER MONTHS.
FIDELITY LOAN CO.,
502 FOURTH AVE., SECOND FLOOR.

$5.00 to $200.
WE LOAN ON FURNITURE,
PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC.,
Without Removal.
LONGEST TIME — LOWEST RATES.
Easy Payments—Strictly Private.
AMERICAN LOAN CO.,
422 W. Jefferson st., second floor.

WE LOAN THE PEOPLE
On Furniture, Pianos or Salary.
Low rates. Private and Confidential.
KENTUCKY LOAN CO.,
Room 1, 423 Fourth. Home 2495.

MONEY LOANED SALARIED PEOPLE and others upon their own names, without security; cheapest rates; easiest payments; offices in 66 principal cities; save yourself money by getting our terms first. TOLMAN, Room 319 Equitable bldg.

LOANS on furniture or salary.
Lowest rates, easiest payments.
GLOBE SECURITY AND TRUST CO.,
S. e. cor. Fourth and Market, 2d floor.
Telephone Home 2967 and our representative will call on you.

FALLS CITY LOAN CO.,
Private loans on furniture, pianos, etc.
Lowest rates and best terms guaranteed.
FALLS CITY LOAN CO.,
407 Fourth, cor. Jefferson. Above tea store.

PATRONIZE HOME CAPITAL.
WE do all that others claim to do.
LOUISVILLE LOAN CO.,
Room 1 Courier-Journal bldg., 515 Fourth.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT OR SALE—In Jeffersontown, 7-room 2-story frame, new. Address P. O. Box 59, Jeffersontown, Ky.

FOR RENT—APARTMENTS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—First-class apartment of 6 rooms and bath, hot and cold water, public lights, laundry, janitor service; 2 storerooms, Central Apartment, flat No. 1, Third, near Kentucky. J. BORNSTEIN, 733 Third st. Home phone 4621.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished modern second-story flat for summer months; price reasonable; reference required; possession given at once. 117 East St. Catherine.

FOR RENT—Beautiful modern flat, 4 rooms, first floor, 1901 Castlewood and Barret ave., $18 per month. J. I. BOONE, 255 Fifth.

FOR RENT—From June 1; furnished apartment in The St. James. Address W. R. NOBLE, Columbia bldg.

FOR RENT—Furnished residence; quiet street; good location; immediate possession. Telephone 2146.

FOR RENT—Desirable four-room flat, lower floor, newly papered, at 422 E. Broadway. Adults only.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—Handsomely furnished room on 2d floor in private family for gentlemen; with or without board. 1200 Second.

FOR RENT—Rooms, beautifully furnished; bath, gas, hot and cold water. Address Y 127, this office.

FOR RENT—2 rooms, furnished or unfurnished. 1135 First st. References.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—2 unfurnished rooms, second floor, bath and gas; references required. 1214 Fourth st.

FOR RENT—Rooms for light housekeeping; cooking gas. 712 W. Broadway.

PERSONAL.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

PERSONAL—"SHUR IT" is the polish that makes kitchenware shine. Scours clean and polishes all at one time. Mailed anywhere for one dime. Shur-It Polish Works, 193 Ferguson ave., Dayton, O.

PERSONAL — Plaks' palmistry, both hands read, 25c; my late books for sale, teach, $1. 265 W. Jefferson.

PERSONAL—Massage and baths. MISS M'CLELLAN, 634 4th. Tel. Main 3559.

POULTRY.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—Incubators and brooders. Louisville Poultry Supply Co., 309 E. Market.

PAINTS AND OILS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—Queenlac, the crown varnish stain, in all shades; for doors, furniture, frames, etc.; made only by VAL. BLATZ PAINT AND VARNISH CO., 619 Shelby st. Both phones.

BOARDING.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

BOARDING—Two young men to board in private family at Anchorage, on trolley line; station at entrance. Address D 141, this office.

BOARDING—Furn. rooms, with board. Best of references. 1114 Second st.

FOR LEASE.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR LEASE—On K. and I. B. Co. railway, along the canal, near Eighteenth st., lots suitable for coal or lumber yard or small factory. ROWAN BUCHANAN, Owner, 518 W. Jefferson st., 2d floor.

UPHOLSTERING.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

UPHOLSTERING in all its branches; Draperies, Leather Work, etc.; let our representative call and show you our line of coverings. Call telephone 2217. G. BITTNER'S SONS, 525-527 First st.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

Blemishes, pimples, eruptions, rashes medicated by Satin skin cream disappear. Taylor's.

LOST.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

LOST—2-year-old yellow Scotch collie; bushy tail. Return 529 E. Broadway; reward.

RESTAURANTS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

THE POPE RESTAURANT, Third and Walnut, serves the best meal in the city for 25c; merchants' lunch 15c.

FOR SALE—TYPEWRITERS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—First-class second-hand typewriters of all makes for sale at the lowest prices. Call or write UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITER CO., n. e. cor. Fourth and Main sts.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.,

Stations, Tenth and Broadway and First and Water streets. City ticket office corner Main and Fourth streets. Both 'Phones 258.

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. S, Sunday.
a Stops at Fourth street on signal.

Union Station, Tenth and Broadway.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati and East	* 2:15am	a* 2:30am
Cincinnati and East	a* 8:30am	a* 9:20pm
Cincinnati and East	a* 1:30pm	a* 2:45pm
Cincinnati and East	a* 5:20pm	a*11:40am
Mobile and New Orleans	* 9:20pm	* 8:20am
Memphis and Hot Springs	* 9:30pm	* 8:20am
Atlanta New Orleans and Memphis	* 2:45am	* 2:10am
Nashville and Atlanta	* 3:00pm	*12:30pm
Nashville and Chattanooga	* 8:00am	* 7:00pm
Bowling Green Accommo.	† 5:05pm	†10:00am
Knoxville Express	* 8:00pm	* 8:00am
Knoxville Mail	* 8:10am	* 6:10pm
Frankfort and Lexington	a † 7:40am	a †12:05pm
Frankfort and Lexington	a † 2:00pm	a † 6:30pm
Bardstown and Springfield	† 4:30pm	† 7:45am
Bardstown and Springfield	† 7:30am	† 5:45pm
Lebanon and Greensburg	† 5:05pm	†10:00am
LaGrange Interurban	a † 7:40am	a †12:05pm
LaGrange Interurban	a † 2:00pm	a † 6:30pm
Sunday Trains.		
Frankfort and Lexington	a 6:20pm	a 10:10am
Bowling Green Accommo	6:15pm	10:55am
Bardstown and Springfield	6:00pm	9:35am
Lebanon and Greensburg	6:30pm	10:00am
LaGrange Interurban	a 6:20pm	a 10:10am
From First and Water-Street Station.		
Cincinnati and East	† 7:20am	† 7:35pm
Frankfort Accommodation	† 4:00pm	† 8:00am
Bloomfield Accommodation	* 5:00pm	† 8:20am
Bloomfield Accommodation	† 8:00am	† 4:40pm
Bloomfield Accommodation	S 5:00pm	S 9:00am

Anchorage, Pewee Valley and LaGrange.

Week-Day Trains.		Sunday Trains.	
Leave.	Arrive.	Leave.	Arrive.
6:00 am	7:00 am	8:00 am	9:00 a m
7:20 am	8:00 am	10:25 am	12:00 n n
9:00 am	10:10 am	1:15 pm	2:15 pm
2:00 pm	3:10 pm	3:00 pm	4:10 pm
4:00 pm	5:50 pm	4:40 pm	5:50 pm
5:40 pm	7:45 pm	7:30 pm	10:15 pm
6:30 pm	10:15 pm		

Shelbyville and Intermediate Stations.

Week-Day Trains.		Sunday Trains.	
Leave.	Arrive.	Leave.	Arrive.
6:30 am	7:20 am	7:28 am	8:10 am
8:00 am	8:20 am	9:15 am	9:10 am
10:30 am	9:20 am	1:50 pm	11:20 am
1:50 pm	11:20 am	3:45 pm	4:10 pm
3:45 pm	1:50 pm	5:00 pm	4:50 pm
5:00 pm	4:50 pm	6:15 pm	7:00 pm
6:15 pm	7:00 pm	8:15 pm	9:35 pm
8:15 pm	9:35 pm		

Through Pullman sleeping car on the 1 p. m. train to New York, on the 2:45 a. m. train to New Orleans and Memphis, and on the 8 p. m. train to Knoxville, and on the 9:30 p. m. train to Memphis, Hot Springs and New Orleans.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY IN KENTUCKY (Inc.)—Seventh Street Station:

ST. LOUIS AND THE WEST.

"Southern Arrow," 9 a. m., daily, Princeton, Mt. Vernon, Centralia and St. Louis. Returning arrives at 7:15 p. m.

Evansville Express, 7:30 a. m., daily, Evansville, Princeton, Huntingburg, Rockport and Cannelton. Returning ar. 5:40 p. m.

"St. Louis Limited," 10:15 p. m., daily, Princeton, Mt. Vernon, Centralia and St. Louis. Solid train to St. Louis. Returning ar. 7:10 a. m.

Evansville Limited, 5 p. m., daily, Huntingburg, Rockport, Troy, Tell City, Cannelton and Evansville. Returning ar. 12:35 p. m.

TO FLORIDA AND THE SOUTHEAST.

Trains leave 4th-ave. crossing 20 minutes later.

No. 5—Accommodation, 6:30 a. m., daily, Shelbyville, Lawrenceburg, Versailles and Lexington, Harrodsburg and Danville. Returning ar. 6:25 p. m.

No. 1—"Florida Limited," 7:50 a. m., daily, Lexington, Lawrenceburg, Harrodsburg and Danville. Returning ar. 8 p. m.

No. 23—"Atlanta Special," 7:45 p. m., daily, to Lexington, Harrodsburg and Danville through service to Knoxville, and sleeper, daily, to Chattanooga, ar. 6:30 a. m., connecting with sleeper arriving Atlanta 11:59 a. m.

No. 9—Accommodation, 3:30 p. m., daily, Shelbyville, Lawrenceburg, Lexington, Harrodsburg, Danville and Georgetown. Returning ar. 10:40 a. m.

BIG FOUR ROUTE—(New York Central Lines)—Depot, Seventh and River:

FROM LOUISVILLE.

Daily, except Sunday, 8 a. m., for Indianapolis, Terre Haute, Mattoon, Chicago, Greensburg, Anderson, Alexandria, Wabash, Elkhart, Niles and Benton Harbor. Returning arrives at 6:30 p. m.

Daily, 8:10 p. m., for Greensburg, Indianapolis, Peoria, Lafayette and Chicago. Returning ar. 7:30 a. m.

FROM CINCINNATI.

No. 46, daily, 8:30 a. m., for Cleveland, Buffalo, New York and Boston.

No. 26, "Twentieth Century Limited," daily, 3 p. m., for Cleveland, Albany and New York.

No. 18, daily, 6:30 p. m., for Cleveland, Buffalo, New York and Boston.

No. 28, daily, 9:40 p. m., for Cleveland, Buffalo, New York and Boston.

No. 6, daily, 8:35 a. m.; No. 10, daily, 1 p. m., and No. 2, daily, 9:30 p. m., for Dayton, Toledo and Detroit.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL—Seventh St. Depot, Seventh and river. City ticket office, Fourth and Market. Effective Sunday, April 29, 1906:

	Leave.	Arrive.
Memphis and New Orleans	9:40pm	7:50am
Memphis and New Orleans	12:01pm	5:35pm
Paducah and Fulton	7:31am	4:55pm
Central City Accom	5:30pm	8:15am
Elizabethtown and Hodgenville	7:31am	4:55pm
Elizabethtown and Hodgenville	5:30pm	8:15am
Owensboro	12:01pm	4:55pm
Hopkinsville	12:01pm	5:35pm
California points, through car Tuesdays	9:40pm	5:35pm

All trains run daily, except no Sunday service to Elizabethtown, Hodgenville or Owensboro.

SUBURBAN LINES TIME TABLES—In effect June 1, 1905:

Pewee Valley Line..............To Beard, Ky.
From Fifth and Green—First car leaves 6 a. m. Every half hour thereafter.
Prospect Line..............To Prospect, Ky.
From Third and Jefferson—First car 5:25 a. m. After that on the hour.
Jeffersontown Line......To Jeffersontown, Ky.
From Sixth and Jefferson—First car 6 a. m. After that 15 minutes after the hour.
Salt River Line.........To Valley Station, Ky.
From Fourth and Jefferson—First car 4:45 a. m. After that 45 minutes after the hour.
Okolona Line..............To Okolona, Ky.
From Fourth and Jefferson—First car 5:30 a. m. After that 30 minutes after the hour.

MONON ROUTE—Chicago, Indianapolis and Louisville Railway — (Station, Tenth and Broadway. Trains pass 14th and Main 14 minutes later):

No. 6, daily, 8:06 a. m., for Bloomington, Lafayette and Chicago. Parlor and Dining Cars. Returning arrive 6:57 p. m.

No. 6 daily, 8:06 a. m., for French Lick. Returning ar. 6:57 p. m.

No. 8, daily, except Sunday, 2:10 p. m., for French Lick and Bloomington. Returning ar. 10:30 a. m.

No. 4 daily, 8:21 p. m., for Bloomington, Lafayette and Chicago. Returning ar. 6:59 a. m.

HENDERSON ROUTE—Louisville, Henderson and St. Louis Railway—Union Station, Tenth and Broadway. City ticket office, 230 Fourth avenue. Effective April 1:

Daily Mail, for St. Louis, Owensboro, Henderson and Evansville, leaves 8:20 a. m. Ar. 7:35 p. m.

Night Express, for St. Louis, Owensboro, Henderson and Evansville, leaves 9 p. m. Ar. 7:25 p. m.

Accommodation, for Evansville, Owensboro and Henderson, leaves 4:55 p. m. Ar. 12:35 p. m.

LOUISVILLE & SOUTHERN INDIANA TRACTION CO.—

	Leaves
First car from Louisville	5:50 a. m.

Thereafter every 15 minutes. Cars pass Jeffersonville for Louisville or New Albany at 12, 27, 42 and 57 minutes past the hour.

	Leaves
Last car from New Albany	11:35pm
Last car from Louisville	12:35am

Silver Hills cars connect with interurban cars at First and Spring sts., New Albany.

LEXINGTON AND EASTERN RY.—Going East—Leave Lexington, No. 4, daily, except Sunday, 7:45 a. m.; No. 2, daily, except Sunday, 2:25 p. m. Ar. Jackson 11:30 a. m. and 6:10 p. m.

Coming West—Leave Jackson, daily, except Sunday, No. 3, 2:25 p. m.; No. 1, daily, except Sunday, 6:25 a. m. Ar. Lexington 6:05 p. m. and 10:10 a. m.

TIMES AND COURIER-JOURNAL BRANCH OFFICES.

Classified Advertisements, such as Wants, Rents, Sales, Lost, etc., or subscriptions for the COURIER-JOURNAL and TIMES, may be left at any of the branch Agencies named below. Rates same as at main office:

L. BIEHL—Grocer, 3300 High street.
BLACK'S DRUG STORE—7th & St. Catherine.
CHAS. H. BODE—Cor. Magazine and 22d.
HENRY F. COHN—Eighteenth and Chestnut.
J. M. COLL—Seventeenth and Bank.
CRESCENT DRUG CO.—Frankfort and Park.
H. ELLMERS—Grocer, 2600 West Market.
GOSS-AVE PHARMACY—Goss and Texas.
F. W. HOFFMAN—Shelby and Washington.
W. B. HOPKINS—Thirteenth and Chestnut.
J. D. JANSING—Breckinridge and Barret.
J. E. KILGUS—Third and Ormsby.
J. E. KREKEL—Twentieth and Market.
KRIEGER BROS.—Eleventh and Market.
C. F. MELTON—Eighteenth and Harney.
E. N. MENAR—Twelfth and Zane.
H. MOORMAN—Preston and Caldwell.
F. E. MONTGOMERY—7th and Broadway.
NUCKOLS BROS.—Fifth and York.
OAKLAND PHARMACY—1818 Seventh st.
PARKLAND PHARMACY—28th and Dumesnil.
ROBERT D. PEYTON—Fourth and Hill.
PFEIFFER DRUG CO.—Cor. 22d and Griffiths.
RADEMAKER'S PHARMACY—1000 Shelby.
THEO. RECTANUS—Cor. Market and Preston.
RED CROSS DRUG STORE—Cor. Third and L.
H. G. SAAM—800 East Broadway.
F. SCHNEIDER—Cor. Broadway and Preston.
JOHN J. SEIBERZ—Story and Webster.
SHAFER'S PHARMACY—12th and Broadway.
F. V. SIMMS—540 Preston street.
J. A. SNYDER—Brook and Ormsby.
JULIUS H. SPELGER—Walnut and Campbell.
ALBERT STRUBY—Cor. Portland and 26th.
VOELCKER & CO.—Clay and Market streets.
FRANK J. VOLKMAR—18th and Jefferson.
JOHN C. WEINEDEL—Baxter and Finzer.
C. L. WOODBURY—First and Breckinridge.
H. G. YOUNG—1102 Frankfort avenue.
W. B. YOUNG—Broadway and Baxter avenue.

NEW ALBANY, IND.

CRECILIUS' DRUG STORES—131 E. Main.
CALLAHAN'S DRUG STORE—E. 8th and Oak.
A. K. HOOVER—512 West Main st.
FRANK E. MILLER—602 Vincennes, cor. Oak.

JEFFERSONVILLE, IND.

C. A. SCHIMPFF & SON—435 Spring street.

Mark Twain says there are only thirteen original jokes, all the rest being but variations. But malaria is no joke, and if you want to get rid of it, take Wintersmith's Tonic.

It

Has A Sparkle Of Its Own

Hold up to the light. Note the rich amber color, the clearness and absolute purity.

Watch the merry little dancing beads glint and glister as they rise and burst into creamy foam.

Compare a glass of this, with any other beer.

F.F.X.L.

WHOLESOME AS SUNSHINE

From every view point it is a Beverage that appeals to the most critical.

Foremost in every element that constitutes perfection in Beer making.

There are few beers, if any, that are given such time and care in ageing. None so scrupulously guarded in every process from grain to bottle.

It is Pure, Delicious, Wholesome.

Frank Fehr Brewing Co.
Louisville, Kentucky.

Members Retail Merchants' Association. Established 1853.

W. H. McKnight, Sons & Co.

Incorporated. Fourth Ave. and Walnut St.

FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES,
JAPAN, CHINA AND CREX MATTINGS AND RUGS,
PORCH RUGS, VUDOR VERANDA SHADES,
HAMMOCKS, AWNINGS.

A most notable showing of ROOM-SIZE RUGS in all popular and many exclusive makes.

LACE CURTAINS in the new Venice make, suitable for the finest homes.

VETO FAILS.

Mayor Burtt Unable to Stop Three Ordinances.

COUNCIL PASSES THEM OVER HIS HEAD.

SALOON LICENSE NOW FIXED AT $150.

NEW CONTROVERSY ARISES.

At a special meeting of the Jeffersonville city council last night, the three ordinances vetoed by Mayor Henry A. Burtt last Friday night were passed over his head, there being but one objecting vote on the three propositions.

John V. Franck, councilman at large, and William G. Young, councilman from the Third ward, were the only members not present when the roll was called at the meeting last night. The Committee on Ordinances recommended that the ordinance regulating the calling of special meetings be passed, notwithstanding the Mayor's disapproval. The ordinance was then read and put upon its passage, the result being that all of the members voted aye.

The License Committee sent in a recommendation similar to that of the Ordinance Committee on the ordinance fixing a fee of $150 per annum for retailing liquor and this was passed over Mayor Burtt's objections by a unanimous vote. The ordinance was declared passed.

A second recommendation was made by the Committee on Ordinances that the ordinance repealing the ordinance to sell six pieces of city property be passed over the Mayor's veto.

The vote on the ordinance stood eight ayes and one nay, Mr. Coots being the only member to object.

A resolution was introduced by Mr. Mahaffey providing that on the taking effect of the license ordinance, a new license be granted all the saloonkeepers now holding license without extra cost, to be in effect until December 28, when their present permits expire.

The resolution was adopted and the council adjourned after a meeting of twenty minutes. It is asserted that the resolution is not operative because it calls for the granting of a free license when an ordinance provides that $150 per annum will have to be paid as soon as the measure goes into force.

Joseph E. Warder, City Clerk, served notice that the City Controller would not issue any free licenses and Henry F. Dilger, City Attorney, voiced the same opinion as Mr. Warder.

Magistrate Considers Case.

Before Magistrate B. J. Ferguson, in Jeffersonville, last evening the attachment proceedings of Harry I. Wood, of Louisville, against Oscar F. Etzkorn, who is now in Seattle, for $33 alleged to be due for repairs made to an electric motor, was tried and taken under advisement. Etzkorn formerly conducted a pants factory and later a merchant tailoring establishment in Jeffersonville, and the motor was used in the first named place. He decided to go to Seattle, with a possible view of remaining there, and stored a number of sewing machines and other property which Wood seeks to cover by the attachment. A defense was made on the ground that the property is not subject to levy and sale because there has not been any attempt to remove it from the jurisdiction of the courts of Indiana.

NOTES OF THE NEWS IN JEFFERSONVILLE.

—$2 Cincinnati and return Sunday, May 20; 7:15 a. m. sharp. B. and O. S. W.

—Homer Gibson was fined $9.50 by Magistrate Delanty yesterday on a charge of assault and battery preferred by his wife, Gertrude Gibson.

—Notice was given yesterday that legal notification had not been served to hear a final report in the estate of Mary Bower for April 16, and the case was reassigned to June 6.

—The six cutters who get out garments at the Government Depot have been ordered back to work next week, but what class of clothing is to be manufactured is not made public.

—Ward H. Watson, administrator of the estate of Edith Barnett, yesterday filed a report of sale of a number of pieces of property in Charlestown, which was approved, and deeds were ordered made.

—The drouth in many parts of the county has begun to assume serious proportions, and farm work is being badly retarded. In Oregon township the want of rain is badly felt.

—The marriage of Miss Florence Miller, of this city, and Albert Ellerhost, of Louisville, will take place June 5, and a linen shower will given the bride-elect to-night at the home of her father, John Miller, Jr.

—Announcement is made of the engagement of Charles Ragan, of this city, and Miss Eva Broady, of Sellersburg, the marriage to take place at the home of William Broady, June 15. A bridal trip to New York will be made.

—A petition for a citation was filed against the defendant yesterday in the suit of James B. Bottorff against the Sellersburg Clay Company, and an appearance was entered by Ward H. Watson.

—It has developed that Mike A. Dreidel, who was thrown from his buggy while out driving Sunday evening and suffered a fracture to his collar bone, also sustained several broken ribs and was badly hurt otherwise.

—Howard L. Rous and others yesterday transferred to the Louisville and Northern Railway and Lighting Company for a right of way, 45 by 1,816 feet of land in Grant 10, and 65 by 586 feet in Grant 11, for $650.

—Slight improvement was shown yesterday in the condition of Joseph B. Spahr, City Treasurer-elect, but not enough to give his relatives any encouragement that he can recover, and the end may come at any time.

—Judge Montgomery heard and took under advisement yesterday the suit of Letitia Cash against the estate of Hannah VanPelt on a claim of $120, which is alleged to be due for board and care rendered Mrs. VanPelt before her death.

—A motion supported by an affidavit of the defendant was filed for a change of venue in the suit of Edward Weber against Herman Preefer on a note of $1,800, which was down for trial Thursday, and the case was sent to Floyd county.

—The employes of the passenger department at the local plant of the American Car and Foundry Company have begun observing Saturday afternoons as a half holiday, and it is believed the men in the freight shops will start a similar movement this week.

—The suit of Herman Preefer against the Louisville and Southern Indiana Traction Company for a restraining order to prevent the defendant laying a track for a log tramway across two lots on Front street, was dismissed yesterday at the cost of the plaintiff.

—James H. Berry yesterday filed a petition in the Clark Circuit Court which was granted for the indenture of Warren Kallenback, one of the four children taken from their father, Frank Kallenbach, several weeks ago and sent to the Jeffersonville Orphans' Home. Kallenbach is now located in Oklahoma.

—While there is but little change either way in the condition of George W. Stoner, Recorder of Clark county, who is alarmingly ill of blood poison, he was resting easier last night, and his family and physicians now entertain a hope that a turn for the better has taken place.

—Charles Payne, Assessor of Union township, and Charles McDonald, of Bethlehem township, yesterday turned their books over to George B. Parks, Auditor of Clark county, their work having been completed. William Prinz, of this townhip, will be done about May 26.

—On a conviction to the charge of grand larceny, William Shoemaker was received yesterday from Richmond on a conviction in the Wayne Circuit Court, to serve an indeterminate sentence of from one to fourteen years on the charge of grand larceny.

—Lung trouble of long standing yesterday morning caused the death of Mrs. Lillian Terry, whose home was 407 East Maple street. She was thirty years old and the wife of Ira W. Terry, an engineer at the Government Depot. The body will be sent to Ohio to-day for burial.

—The Board of Public Works has asked that a policeman be detailed to do duty on East Market street, where the new sewer excavations are being made, at hours when children are going and coming from school, to keep them from falling into the hole, which is fifteen feet deep.

—Mrs. Charles Rauth has received a letter from Mrs. Fred Clayton, who left here three weeks ago to accompany her husband to Manila, and who is still detained at Seattle on account of the transport on which they were to take passage being partially burned, saying she had lost all of her personal effects in the fire.

—A plea in abatement was filed yesterday by the defendant in the suit of William Frank against Oscar G. Miller, to quiet the title to thirty-five acres of land near this city that was sold at a tax sale and bought in by Miller, the plea being redemption was not made in the time allowed by law.

—The will of Mrs. Rebecca Merriwether, who died suddenly a month ago, will be probated in the next ten days. The instrument was written more than six years ago, and the estate, a large one, is to be equally divided between Henry Merriwether, a son, who is to be the executor, and Mrs. Nora Glass, a daughter.

ARM CRUSHED

MAN SAYS PORTER PUSHED HIM OFF CAR.

Samuel Anderson Sustains Injury Under B. and O. Train In New Albany.

Samuel Anderson, said to live in Louisville, fell from a Baltimore and Ohio train at Vincennes street, New Albany, in such a manner as to catch his left arm under the trucks about 6 o'clock last evening. The member was so badly mangled that the man had to be taken to St. Edward's Hospital, where it was amputated by Dr. D. J. Davis. The passenger train was eastbound, and it is asserted by persons standing near that Anderson attempted to climb on the step of one of the middle coaches of the train, but was pushed off by the porter, who was standing on the platform. Anderson asserted that he was pushed off, but said that he had no intention of beating a ride. With the exception of a slight cut on the head, he sustained no injury beyond the crushed arm.

DR. LYONS TO LECTURE AT SCOTTISH RITE CATHEDRAL.

Dr. J. S. Lyons will deliver his noted lecture on Rome at the Scottish Rite Cathedral at 8 o'clock Friday night. The lecture will be illustrated with nearly a hundred stereopticon views. Dr. Lyons also will tell of the modern buildings which have taken the place of the historic structures. Dr. Lyons is a fluent speaker and never fails to highly entertain his audience.

Dies From Self-Inflicted Wound.

Chicago, May 15.—Alva T. Portlock, of Knoxville, Tenn., who shot himself Saturday while in the office of the Northern Trust Company died to-day. Portlock fired a bullet into his side because a young woman employed in the bank had broken her engagement with him.

SEEKS LICENSE

Before Decree of Divorce Is Granted By Court.

MRS. HACKSTON "DOWN TOWN" AND WOULD SAVE TIME.

OFFERS PROOF IN SUIT, THEN SEEKS TO WED.

MUST AWAIT COURT'S ACTION.

Mrs. Delilah Hackston filed a suit Monday morning in the Floyd Circuit Court at New Albany, praying for a decree of divorce from William Hackston, alleging desertion as the ground of the action. The divorce suit was tried in the court yesterday and proof was practically made in the case, but the decree was not granted, and even if it had been, it would not have been operative until the minutes were signed. Shortly afterward Mrs. Hackston and William Murphy called at the office of County Clerk Charles B. Scott on the first floor of the courthouse, only a few feet from the court room, and made application for a marriage license.

The prospective bride explained that she was aware that the decree of divorce had not been completed, but she was "down town," she said, and she thought that time could be saved by securing the license and using it as soon as the decree was granted and the minutes signed.

Will Ruoff, Deputy County Clerk, explained that the application could not be entertained until the divorce had been granted, and the pair left the courthouse.

It is probable that the decree will be completed to-day, as the woman has the requisite proof, and in that case it is evident that Mrs. Hackston expects to be a grass-widow but a brief time. Under the law in Indiana, the judge frequently grants a decree of divorce with the proviso that the persons concerned are not to marry for a certain period, sometimes one and sometimes two years. Such action would cause bitter disappointment in this case.

BONES EXHUMED.

All That Is Left of Revolutionary Soldier Placed In G. A. R. Lot.

The bones of Benjamin Buckman, a former resident of New Albany, grand uncle of Mrs. Elwood Fawcett and Benjamin S. Bull, of that city, and a soldier of the Revolutionary War, were exhumed at Salem a few days ago and buried on a lot provided by the G. A. R. of that place, for burial purposes. Upon opening the grave nothing was found but the metal trimmings of the coffin, a few bones, part of a watch and several metal buttons. Mr. Buckman at the time of his death nearly seventy years ago, was eighty-two years old. He entered the Revolutionary army when a boy; served at the battle of Bunker Hill and was captured in the assault at Quebec, remaining in a British prison for six months until he was exchanged. Afterward he served in many of the important battles and was at Yorktown at the surrender of Gen. Cornwallis. He went to Indiana in the early years of the last century and settled in Washington County, but afterward lived in New Albany.

Busy Day In Court.

A busy session of the Floyd Circuit Court was held yesterday and action was taken on a number of cases. In the case of the State ex rel. Anna Adelia Moore against the Rev. U. G. Sutherlin, a paternity suit, the relatrix, by her attorney, George H. Hester, filed a motion for a change of venue. The motion was taken under advisement.

Cases were dismissed as follows: Samuel W. Land against the Southern Railway Company; Henry Baugh against the Pennsylvania Company, compromise having been effected. Suits for divorce by Nettie against Conrad Shook and Harriet against Everett Spainhour were dismissed.

An affidavit was filed by George Frederici against Harrison Francis, charging him with assault with intent to kill. This is the outcome of a cutting scrape that took place a few weeks ago at the foot of State street, New Albany, at the return of a steamboat excursion. Francis is now in the Floyd county jail.

The case of the State against Elijah Ross, charged with assault and battery with intent to kill, was reset for trial October 8, on account of the absence of R. H. Lano, the prosecuting witness. Frank Simpson, a witness in this case, was taken from the Indiana Reformatory to testify, had it come to trial. The case against Edward Brazil, charged with attempted criminal assault, was continued on account of the absence of witnesses.

Cases were set for trial on the civil docket as follows: Schnull vs. Cuddy, May 31; Stallings vs. Sauerbrey, Adams vs. Watson, Hoffman vs. Huth, May 22; Sinkhorn vs. Louisville and Southern Indiana Traction Company, Weir, administrator, vs. Hollis, May 23; Campbell vs. Ohio Falls Iron Company, Harris vs. Zenor, May 28; Globe Cement Company vs. New Albany National Bank, June 1; Burkhardt vs. Southern Railway Company, June 4.

Belle E. Wimp was granted permission by the court to resume her maiden name, Belle E. Evans, and Earl Roscoe Boggs' petition to change his name to Earl Roscoe Brace was granted.

Authorize Improvement.

The Board of Public Works at New Albany yesterday, notwithstanding the fact that the majority of property owners on West Main street had filed a suit to enjoin work on that street, adopted a resolution authorizing the Barber Asphalt Paving Company to proceed with the improvement of West Main, State and Spring streets. The resolution was adopted by the votes of John F. Tegart and Charles W. Poutch, the other member, Charles A. Kepley, voting against the proposition.

ITEMS OF INTEREST IN NEW ALBANY.

—$2 Cincinnati and return Sunday, May 20; 7:15 a. m. sharp. B. and O. S. W.

—Friendship Lodge, No. 10, Knights of Pythias, will have work in the third degree at the meeting to-night.

—James A. Engleman has sold his farm in Georgetown township, eight miles northwest of the city, to Shelby Lidikay for $3,500.

—A petition has been filed with the Board of Public Works for the construction of a sewer on East Fifteenth street, south of Main.

—William Martin, a veteran of the Civil War, uncle of Edgar B. Martin, Deputy County Clerk, is reported critically ill at his home in Georgetown, ten miles north of the city.

—John W. Thompson, the letter carrier, has resigned as a member of the local Board of Civil Service Examiners, and Charles V. Hendricks, mailing clerk at the post-office, has been appointed to fill the vacancy.

—The annual memorial day exercises will be held by the Odd Fellows lodge of Georgetown next Sunday in the cemetery near that place, and the address will be delivered by the Rev. B. F. Cato, pastor of the Central Christian church.

—William M. Devine, 1247 Vincennes street, and Miss May Neeld were married last night at the home of the bride, 423 Culbertson avenue, the ceremony having been performed by the Rev. B. F. Cato, pastor of the Central Christian church.

—The County Clerk, Charles B. Scott, was notified yesterday by the authorities of the Central Hospital for the Insane that Wilhelmina Ruff, who was sent from this county, would be discharged from that institution as she apparently was cured.

—Byron Cassell, a former resident of this city, for many years chief clerk in the office of the late William Henry Lewis, treasurer of the Monon railroad, has been appointed acting treasurer, and it is probable that he will succeed to the place of treasurer.

—The funeral services of Miss Louise Castlaine were held yesterday afternoon from the home of her father, William Castlaine, 220 East Fifth street. Services were conducted by the Rev. C. W. Locher, pastor of the German Evangelical church, and the burial was in Fairview.

—Casper Hoppenjon, William Kreutzer and Joseph Hurley, delegates from Pawnee Haymakers, No. 37½, left last night for Indianapolis to attend the State convention of Haymakers, which convenes there to-day. Mr. Hurley will be elected Chief Haymaker at this meeting.

—The Rev. B. F. Cato, pastor of the Central Christian church, this city, will deliver an address on "Christian Endeavor in Principle and Practice," at the meeting of the State convention of the Kentucky Christian Endeavor Societies, to be held in Newport, Ky., May 25, 26 and 27.

—Mr. and Mrs. Harold E. Barrett left last night for Des Moines, Ia., to attend the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church, to be held there this week. Mr. Barrett is an elder in the First Presbyterian church, this city, and one of the delegates of the New Albany presbytery.

—Joseph Losson, the florist on the Green Valley road, north of the city, was seized with a sudden and violent attack of appendicitis and was taken Monday night to St. Edward's City Hospital, where he was operated on by Dr. F. H. Hazlewood, assisted by Drs. Chester Funk and D. J. Davis.

—The will of John W. Munster, Sr., was probated yesterday. He devises his entire estate to his wife, Ann Munster, who died several years ago, with the provision that after her death it is to go to John W. Munster, Jr., who is nominated executor. The will was made January 15, 1896, the witnesses being John Finger and B. F. Welker.

—The Rev. W. C. McCracken, rector of St. Paul's, left last evening for Indianapolis to attend the annual Diocesan Council for the Indianapolis Episcopal diocese, to be held in the Cathedral in that city, beginning to-day. The lay delegates from St. Paul's are Judge John H. Stotsenburg and W. B. Hardy, who will go to Indianapolis to-day.

—James W. Dunbar announced himself yesterday as a candidate for the Republican nomination for Congress in the Third Congressional district. Mr. Dunbar has been for many years superintendent of the New Albany Gas Light and Coke Company and its successor, the United Gas and Electric Company, a position which he resigned a few weeks ago.

—Mrs. Mary Mulloy, 2211 West Walnut street, Louisville, was struck on the head with the branch of a tree that was being sawed off, as she was walking along West Main street, near Fifth, and thrown to the sidewalk with the force of the blow. No bones were fractured but she was badly bruised and taken to the home of her sister, Mrs. Carrie Lyons, West Fifth and Main streets.

—Mrs. Barnum, wife of Capt. Malvern Hill Barnum, U. S. A., who is in Japan, writes of a narrow escape they recently had. The hotel in which the party was stopping was burned, together with all their wearing apparel, and they barely had time to escape with the clothing they wore at the time. Capt. Barnum and Mrs. Barnum and their children are expected to return to the States in June.

—Ross Wible, the boy arrested a few days ago on a charge of stealing $35 from David Mosier, in Georgetown township, was taken last night to the Boys' Reform School at Plainfield by C. W. Thompson, one of the officials of that institution. Wible had been an inmate of the school and was released on parole. Having violated his ticket of leave he will be required to remain there until he is twenty-one years old.

—Charles D. Knoefel, president of the New Albany Home Telephone Company and vice president and a member of the Board of Directors of the corporation that has general control of the lines of the Home Telephone Companies in Indiana and Kentucky, will leave to-morrow morning for Indianapolis to attend the annual meeting of the various independent companies of Indiana. Mr. Knoefel is on the programme for an address Thursday night, his subject being "When We Had No Toll Lines."

STALLWORTH HAD NO INTEREST IN PIEDMONT CLUB.

In reporting the closing of the Piedmont Pressing Club, it was said that John Stolwell was said to be a partner in the club. J. C. Stallworth writes that he was the partner in the club up to April 1, but that on that date he sold his half interest to A. A. Johnson, who was then the sole proprietor of the business. Stallworth says he worked for Johnson after that date.

Marriage Licenses.

Marriage licenses were issued yesterday to the following: George Keller and Theresa Humpich; Charley Yeager and Caroline Schweffe; James Conley and Jennie Burkhead; Martin Miller and Elizabeth F. Otte; John Dues and Phillipina Busch; C. W. Voss and Lulie Goodman; Tom Hall and Myrtle Long; J. C. William and Lu Elma Hatfield; Elisha Summors and Alice Lyon; August Gambert and Elenora M. Koerner.

WOMEN OF SILVER GROVE TAKE ACTIVE PART IN FIGHTING FIRE

Ring Church Bell and Take Hose Reel From House of Volunteer Department.

Women of Silver Grove, a suburb of New Albany, took an active part yesterday in extinguishing a fire in the little town and, had it not been for their exertions, great loss of property would have resulted. A few months ago the men of the suburb organized a volunteer fire department, which was provided with a hose reel, an abundance of hose and all the equipment, the water being furnished by the New Albany Water Company through fire hydrants. Until yesterday, however, there had been no fire on which the efficiency of the service could be demonstrated.

At a time when nearly all the men of the suburb were absent yesterday morning a blaze was discovered on the roof of the residence of John H. Kahl, 209 Beeler street, the fire having been communicated, it is supposed, from a defective flue. Mrs. Anna Shepherd and Mrs. Ruthenburg, neighbors, sounded the alarm by ringing the bell of the Advent Christian church, unlocked the reelhouse door at the rear of the church and pulled the reel to the street.

In the meantime a crowd of women had gathered and were preparing to hasten to the fire, after the fashion that prevailed in the old-time volunteer fire department days, when a sufficient number of men went to their assistance and took charge.

The pressure of water was ample and the volunteers speedily had the fire under control, but not until some excitable person of the suburb had telephoned to the New Albany Fire Department for assistance. When Chief Kraft, with a reel, hook and ladder and all the apparatus necessary arrived at the place he found that the volunteers had extinguished the fire.

Mr. Kahl's loss by the fire and the zealous use of the water pressure will amount to about $300, fully covered by insurance. The Silver Grove citizens now have no fear of conflagration since their fire department has been put to the test.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIA

MONETARY.

Tuesday Evening, May 15.—No special change was noted in the credit market in New York to-day. Money on call was easy, ranging from 3 to 3½ per cent. Time funds were easy at 4½ to 5¾. The local banks report a fair volume of business. The borrowing demand continued good, especially for time funds. Rates are quoted at 5 to 6 per cent.

New York exchange is scarce and is quoted at 25c to 50c premium.

The report of the Clearing-house to-day was as follows:

Day's clearing $1,947,208
Balance 225,836

There was little feature to the local stock market to-day. Springfield sold at 86½, West Penn Railways common at 24¼ and Toledo at 31¾. A good demand was noted for International Traction common at an advance, 39½ being bid and 40 asked. Portland Railway common was wanted at 102, with none offering. Louisville Traction common and Louisville Home Telephone were quiet. St. Louis United Railways common and Kansas City Railway and Light common were a shade easier.

At the Stock Exchange Louisville Traction common was ten shares offered at 142 and ten at 143. For twenty-seven shares of Rochester Railway and Light preferred 95 was bid. Fifty shares of Rochester Railway preferred were offered at 102¼ and 101¾ was bid. For 100 shares of Springfield 86 was bid and for ten shares 86¼. At the morning call fifty shares sold at 86½ and 100 shares were offered at 87. For twenty-five shares of Toledo 30½ was bid and 32¼ was asked. Twenty shares sold at 31¾. For seventy shares of West Penn common 24¼ was bid and ten were offered at 24¾. Ten shares sold at 24¼ and that was bid for thirty shares. For eighty-three shares of New Orleans common 31¾ was bid and 100 shares were offered at 32¼. Ten shares of Paducah common were offered at 28½. Eight shares were offered at 26 and 25 was bid for eight. Fifteen shares of Memphis Street Railway preferred were wanted at 84¼. For twenty-five shares of Grand Rapids common 75 was bid and fifty were offered at 76¾.

Louisville Railway 5s were $2,000 offered at 112¼ and interest and 111½ and interest was bid. For $5,000 Rochester Railway and Light 5s 103 and interest was bid. Two St. Joseph 5s were offered at 104 and interest. For fifteen shares of Citizens' National 208 was bid. Eighteen shares of Louisville Title were offered at 102. For twenty shares of Louisville Gas 139¼ was bid and 142 was asked. Twenty shares of Louisville Tobacco Warehouse common were offered at 67⅛ and 67¼ was bid for ten.

San Francisco preferred sold in New York at 68½, 69½ and 68½ and the common was wanted at 60 and was offered at 61. Detroit was quoted at 95 to 96. L. and N. unified 4s were quoted at 102¼ to 102⅜ and the collateral trust 4s at 97 to 97¼. Portland Railway common was wanted at 102, with no stock offering.

St. Louis United Railways common closed at 57¾ bid and 58¾ asked; the preferred at 83¾ to 83⅞ and the 4 per cent. bonds at 88¼ to 88¾. At the close of the Chicago market Kansas City Railway and Light common was offered at 61½ and 61 was bid. Subway was quoted at 55¾ bid and 57 asked.

The following are the latest bid and asked prices made for securities at the Stock Exchange:

Bonds.

	Last Bid.	Last Asked.
Louisville St. Ry. 5s	*111½	112¼
Louisville St. Ry. 4½s	*105½	106½
East St. Louis and Suburban 5s	*101	101½
Rochester Ry. and Light 5s	*103½	104
Springfield Ry. and Light 5s	*98½	98¾
St. Joseph Ry., L., H. and P. 5s	...	*104
Nashville Ry. and Light 5s	102	103
Knoxville Ry. and Light 5s	*94½	95
Birmingham Ry. and Light 5s	108½	109¼
Birmingham Ry. and Light 4½s	94½	95
Seattle Electric Railway 5s	*104¾	107
L. A. and P. V. Elec. Ry. 5s	...	*102
L. H. and St. L. 1st mor. 5s	*109½	110
New Albany St. Ry. 5s	...	*98¾
Louisville Home Telephone 5s	...	*88
Fayette Home Telephone 5s	74	...
Seelbach Realty 4½s	100	102½
Savannah Electric 5s	...	100
Pascagoula St. Ry. & Power 5s	90¾	92
Dallas Electric 5s	...	*91½
Memphis St. Ry. 5s	*100½	101¾
Houston Electric 5s	...	*90
New Orleans Ry. and Light 4½s	*90½	91
Paducah Trac. and Light 5s	...	...
City 5s, old L., 1923	*107	109
City 4s, imp., 1923	...	*107½
City 4s, imp., 1928	...	*108
City 4s, gold, 1937	*109½	...
City 3½s, gold, 1910	*102¼	...
City 3½s, gold, 1943	...	*101
City 3½s, gold, 1943	...	*101
City 3½s, gold, 1943	...	*101
City 3s, gold, 1941	...	*92

*Sells with interest.

Stocks.

	Last Bid.	Last Asked.
American National Bank	146¾	147½
Bank of Commerce	200	202
Citizens' National Bank	208	...
First National Bank	145	150½
German Bank	370	...
German Insurance Bank	370	380
German Security Bank	168	170
Southern National Bank	146	147
Union National Bank	230	237½
Stock Yards Bank	121	127
Louisville National Banking Co.	144	145
National Bank of Kentucky	200	202
Third National Bank	103	...
Western National Bank	...	98
Columbia Finance and Trust Co.	142	144
Fidelity Trust Co.	...	275
Louisville Trust Co.	188	191
United States Trust Co.	131½	...
Louisville Title Co.	...	102
Bourbon Stock Yards	96½	100
Louisville Bridge stock	143	144½
Louisville Gas Co.	139¼	142
Louisville Heating com	60	63½
Louisville Heating pref	89½	90½
Louisville Tob. W. H. Co. com	67	67½
Louisville Tob. W. H. Co. pref	120	...
Turner, Day & Woolworth com	...	120¼
Turner, Day & Woolworth pref	115	121½
Kentucky Wagon Works	172	177½
Louisville Home Telephone	60	65
New Galt House com	45	64
New Galt House pref	...	100½
B. F. Avery & Sons com	60	75
B. F. Avery & Sons pref	100	102
Fayette Home Telephone	30	32
Mayfield Woolen Mills Co. com	...	...
Mayfield Woolen Mills Co. pref	...	105
Michigan Light com	85	90¼
Michigan Light pref	101¼	...
Federal Chemical com	...	65
Federal Chemical pref	101¾	102½
Seelbach Realty Co.	...	99
Merchants' Ice and Cold Storage	...	100½
Louisville Traction com	140	142
Louisville Traction pref	125	125½
East St. Louis and Suburban	...	155¾
Rochester Ry. and Light pref	95	96½
Rochester Railway pref	101¾	102½
Springfield Ry. and Light	86½	87
St. Joseph L., H. and P. com	64	65½
St. Joseph L., H. and P. pref	...	90
Birmingham Ry. and Light com	95	97¾
Birmingham Ry. and Light pref	102¾	104½
Nashville Ry. and Light com	48	50½
Nashville Ry. and Light pref	85½	85¾
Seattle Electric com	72	75½
Seattle Electric pref	102½	...
United Rys. Inv. S. F. com	63	...
United Rys. Inv. S. F. pref	67	69½
Knoxville Ry. and Light com	54½	56
Knoxville Ry. and Light pref	98	...
New Albany St. Ry. pref	85	...
Toledo Railway and Light	30½	32¼
Dallas Electric com	49	50¼
Dallas Electric pref	75¼	77
Savannah Electric com	...	28¾
Savannah Electric pref	87	93
Memphis St. Ry. com	66	68
Memphis St. Ry. pref	84¼	85¾
Houston Electric com	...	43½
Houston Electric pref	...	93¾
West Penn Rys. com	24½	24¾
West Penn Rys. pref	76½	78
New Orleans Ry. and Light com	32	32½
New Orleans Ry. and Light pref	79¾	81
Col'bus, Delaware & Marion Ry.	39½	40¼
Northern Texas Electric com	23	24½
Northern Texas Electric pref	...	85
Grand Rapids Ry. com	75	76¾
Grand Rapids Ry. pref	...	90
Paducah Trac. and Light com	27	28½
Paducah Trac. and Light pref	...	80½

Sales Morning Session.

The following were the sales at the morning session of the Stock Exchange to-day:

50 shares Springfield Ry. and Light	86½
20 shares Toledo Ry. and Light	31¾

Sales Afternoon Session.

The following were the sales on the Exchange at the afternoon session:

10 shares West Penn com	24½

Rochester, N. Y., claims that in proportion to poulation it has the largest total capitalization of electric railways centering in the city of any city in the United States with the exception of New York, Boston and perhaps Buffalo. Thirteen companies enter the city, all but one of which are in active construction or in operation; and the aggregate capitalization is $41,045,000. The total mileage represented is 806.

It is now said that the failure of the Colorado Fuel and Iron flotation was anticipated by the insiders. Their intention, so the story goes, was to make the offer so unattractive that stockholders would not subscribe, thus affording them the opportunity to take the securities on a much more profitable basis. Opinions vary as to the future of this property. The more optimistic hold that it will eventually pass into the control of the United States Steel Corporation, their belief being based on the fact that John D. Rockefeller is interested in both corporations.

United States Steel's course is familiar—8⅝ in 1904, 29¾ a year ago, 41 now; preferred 51½ in 1904, 96¾ a year ago, 106 now. American Locomotive, common and preferred, Federal Mining and Smelting common, International Steam Pump common, Pressed Steel Car, Railway Steel Spring common, Republic Iron and Steel, both common and preferred, and Cast Iron Pipe common are other examples of higher prices to-day than at the early 1905 best. Oddly, the preferred stocks in many cases are lower, and the average of all thirty-two stocks is about $1 lower than at early 1905 highest. The reasons for comparatively lower range of prices of the preferred than of the common stocks in contrast with last year are not plain, except on the idea of demonstrated profit of operations, making for increased dividends among the common stocks, as well as their greater speculative attractions.

How have the holders of stocks in the companies that were absorbed by the Steel Trust fared? How does the present market value of what they received in exchange compare with the market value of their holdings before the consolidation? The following summary has been prepared showing the equivalents of value of the leading preferred shares taken into the United States Steel Corporation:

Average April, 1901, prices 6 per. stocks steel companies absorbed	$97 70
Steel pref. stock received in exchange	61 00
Three years' shrinkage	$36 70
Average value, May, 1905, same stocks in U. S. Steel pref.	111 07
Average value, May, 1906, same stocks in U. S. Steel pref.	122 94
Two years' net advance	61 94
Five years' net [illegible]	25 24

In other terms, the United States Steel preferred stock given in exchange for six preferred stocks—Federal Steel, National Tube, American Steel and Wire, National Steel, American Tin Plate and American Steel Hoop—sells to-day at a price showing $25.24 per share on the average above the April, 1901, market prices of the preferred stocks named and combined.

The common stocks of the companies enumerated figure out thus:

Average April, 1901, prices 6 common stocks same companies	$55 09
U. S. Steel stock rec'ved in exch'ge	12 25
Three years' shrinkage	$42 75
Average value, May, 1905, same	39 65
Average value, May, 1906, same stocks	47 14
Two years' net rise	34 89
Five years' net loss	7 86

Those who have exchanged and held steel stocks have sustained a loss averaging but $7.86 per share to holders of common stocks in the six companies, a gain averaging $25.24 to holders of their preferred stocks, besides 7 per cent. dividends on the latter.

Chesapeake and Ohio is being advanced by the old bull pool, who are not sparing any efforts to make a better market, with the idea of forcing the hand of the Pennsylvania control into granting the higher rate of dividends. Last year the stock received only 1 per cent., though the earnings would permit a higher rate. This year the earning capacity is over 7 per cent., and it is intimated that the stock will get at least 2 and possibly 3 per cent. It is to be hoped that the pool will not again be disappointed in its anticipations, for Pennsylvania policy is nothing if not conservative.

WALL STREET BRIEFS.

English policyholders accept proposal to transfer from Mutual to North British Mercantile in large numbers.

Managers of Granger roads say that crop reports from the Southwest are as good as they have ever received early in May.

Thirty-seven roads for the first week of May show an average gross increase of 15.40 per cent.

Northern Pacific will earn 18 per cent. and Great Northern 10 per cent. on stocks this year.

The United States Steel Corporation has contracted for the erection, at a cost of $4,000,000, of four of the largest blast furnaces in the world at its new town of Gray, Ind. This is the largest contract of the kind ever made, and is the first step in building the new $75,000,000 steel plant at Indiana Harbor, Ind.

Quarterly dividend meeting of National Lead Thursday, and rumors of 6 per cent. basis for common current.

It seems to me probable that from now on the market will tend to grow dull, and I think it will gradually sag off and go lower. —(Evans.

The United States Supreme Court denied the petition for a rehearing in the Chicago Traction case, decided some weeks ago.

MARKET LETTERS.

New York.—There was but little news today of any character. The reduction of the Parrot dividend, as announced yesterday, was generally regarded as unimportant in its effect on the value of other copper stocks and was more than offset by the strength in the metal market. In the absence of unexpected developments a traders' market may be looked for during the remainder of the week.—(A. O. Brown & Co. to Hunt, Bridgeford & Co.

New York.—The reaction brought in buyers in the last hour. There was also covering of shorts, who were disappointed that the decline did not go further. There is certainly nothing in the way now to prevent higher prices.—(Kelley, Miller & Co. to Almstedt Bros.

New York.—Outside business was small. Market conditions seem to be of a waiting character.—(Ex. Norton & Co. to J. J. B. Hilliard & Son.

New York.—The market is all right, but we think you will secure best results by sticking to intermediate and low-priced stocks. The grangers are not at the moment the leaders. Union Pacific is likely to prove less satisfactory than various others for some time to come. Copper at present is the leader, with the Steel issues favorites with many. We hear good talk about both of these issues. Low-priced rails will also pay to buy on such setbacks as we had to-day.—(C. I. Hudson & Co. to S. C. Henning & Co.

New York.—The most important item of news during the day was the announcement that Kuhn, Loeb & Co. had sold the entire issue of Pennsylvania 4½ per cent. notes. These notes were not offered to the general public, but were placed in large amounts with financial institutions here and abroad. As soon as this announcement was made it had an improving effect on the market, and, in our opinion, shows a return of confidence of the investing public.—(Dominick & Dominick to Halsey & Halsey.

New York.—From our advices we are inclined to think the reaction at this time is a good thing for the market. It was overdue and the rally to-day indicates how well stocks are held. We would not be surprised to see the advance carried further.—(W. L. Lyons & Co.

New York.—We note a division of sentiment that points to the wisdom of the trading position on the market as a whole, but with preference for the long side for turns at least, when stocks are weak, so far as the daily operator is concerned. Conditions generally seem to be shaping themselves for a summer bull campaign, and we recommend preparation accordingly. Specialty leadership upward should be in order.—(Ware & Leland.

New York.—A distribution of stocks has been in progress for a week by those who came in to the support of values two weeks ago, and the market has been manipulated to facilitate this selling. It seems reasonable to believe now that these securities will have to be digested before any further upturn in prices of moment will be seen. It is not improbable that a rally may be seen in stocks some time to-morrow, as a considerable short interest has been worked up to-day on the decline.—(Hutton & Co. to John L. Dunlap.

New York.—To-day's market acted in a perfectly natural and logical manner. A reaction was overdue after the recent continuous advance extending over ten days or more, and this is now taking place quietly, and without the market losing its strong undertone. The market as a whole seems to be for the present a trading one around current quotations.—(Post & Flagg to John W. & D. S. Green.

STOCK MARKET REVIEW.

New York, May 15.—Money on call easy at 3@3½ per cent.; ruling rate 3¼; closing bid 3; offered at 3¼. Time loans easy; 60 days 4¼ per cent.; 90 days 4¼@4¾; six months 4¾@5; prime mercantile paper 5¼@5¾. Sterling exchange soft at $4.8530@4.8535 for demand and at $4.8225@4.8230 for 60-day bills; posted rates $4.83 and $4.86½; commercial bills $4.81⅝@4.81¾. Bar silver 66½c. Mexican dollars 50¾c. Government bonds easy. Railroad bonds irregular.

To-day's stock market gave signs of falling into the dull and uncertain stage, which is the rule after the first recovery from such a sharp break as that which followed the San Francisco property losses. The reason is that the first recovery results from the decline having been overextended, rather than from any radical change in the conditions that caused the decline.

A variety of explanations was found for the heavy tone developed in the market today. This variety caused some confusion of mind among the interpreters, and did not warrant the conclusion that all of the offered explanations played a part in the movement of the market. The fact is that much has been accomplished towards covering up the contracts on the short side of the market, which were put out during the period of acute depression of sentiment. The existence of the short interest and its potential requirements has made a useful medium for the aggressive professional operations for advancing prices. With these two forces approaching a balance again, the market is free to respond to the conviction that the conditions which caused the break in prices were not fictitious, but real.

The element of restricted capital resources to meet the heavy requirements pressing to secure the supply was brought into prominence to-day by the announcement of the Pennsylvania note issue for $50,000,000. The fact in itself that resort to this form of financing was considered by the most powerful railroad corporation in the country was of adverse effect on sentiment. It amounts to the admission that market conditions are not propitious for the offering of capital issues of a more permanent form, and which may be expected to follow to provide resources for taking up the temporary note issues. The inference is discouraging to hopes of an improved demand for other securities. The terms of the issue also were unfavorably regarded.

While the interest rate on the notes was called 4½ per cent., the understanding of the price at which they were sold pointed to a yield up to 5 per cent., while the supposition of a commission in addition to the bankers bringing out the issue opened the way to an assumption that the company was paying a still higher rate for the use of the money. It was feared that other intended capital issues might be impeded by the same unfavorable conditions, and there was some talk of another possible railroad note issue impending, as the volume of projected capital issues is known to be large. The money market gave no reflection of scarcity of funds, and rates for time loans continued to be shaded under the influence of offerings from out-of-town sources. This did not preclude the conjecture that efforts to replenish the money market might be designed to further the flotation of coming issues. The news reports of large railroad extensions in the transcontinental field came in for discussion in the same connection.

The market showed some relief on the announcement of the prompt placing of the Pennsylvania note issue and the intention to keep the proceeds on deposit with the banks. The falling off in the activity of the market was ascribed in part to a disinclination to enter upon stock market commitments until after the adjournment of Congress. Something was made also of the Standard Oil dividend declaration, which was at the same rate as for the corresponding period of last year, but less than for the preceding quarter of this year. Bearish traders attempted to couple this with yesterday's reduction in the dividend of a small subsidiary company of the Amalgamated Copper Company to form an inference of a sentiment against a rise in the market on the part of the powerful financial group interested in these companies.

The market had the advantage of a considerable rise before the decline set in and of a late rally again, so that the net changes are small, as a rule. The closing tone was firm.

Bank Clearings.

St. Louis, May 15.—(Special.)—Clearings $9,533,035; balances $560,211. Call money 5@5½ per cent. New York exchange 30c premium bid, 40c premium asked.

Cincinnati, May 15.—(Special.)—Clearings $4,270,900. Collateral loans 4½@5 per cent. New York exchange 25@30c premium.

Chicago, May 15.—(Special.)—Clearings $35,513,835; balances $1,962,971. New York exchange 5c premium.

Boston, May 15.—(Special.)—Clearing-house exchanges: In Boston $28,000,530; in New York $403,955,940.

Memphis, May 15.—(Special.)—Clearings $723,452.59. Exchange par selling, $1 premium buying.

New Orleans, May 15.—Clearings $1,202,249. New York exchange: Bank $1 premium; commercial 50c discount.

STOCK QUOTATIONS.

	Sales.	High-est.	Low-est.	Clo'g bid.
Adams Express	100	245	245	235-245
Amal. Copper	161,600	108⅜	107⅛	107¼
Am. Car & F'dry	7,400	42	40⅝	41¾
Do preferred	100	102⅞	102⅞	102¾
Am'n Cotton Oil	700	32⅜	31⅞	31½
Do preferred	...	...	...	91
American Express	100	230	230	220-235
Am. H. and L. pf.	200	34	33⅞	33⅞
Am. Ice Securities	5,500	61	60⅛	60⅛
Am. Linseed Oil	...	...	...	21
Do preferred	...	...	...	39½
Am'n Locomotive	8,400	68⅜	66⅛	67⅛
Do preferred	...	...	...	117
Am. Smelt & Ref.	87,300	157⅛	154	156⅛
Do preferred	7,400	120⅜	118	119¾
Am. Sugar Ref'g	6,600	134⅛	132⅝	133⅞
Am. Tob. pf. ctfs.	300	101⅝	100¾	100¾
Ana. Mining Co.	106,400	274	261	[illegible]
Atchison	6,600	89	88	88¾
Do preferred	200	102⅝	102	102
Atl. Coast Line	700	145⅞	145⅛	144
B. and O.	1,600	108⅝	107⅝	107⅝
Do preferred	...	...	...	95
Brooklyn Rapid T.	40,400	84⅛	82⅜	83⅜
Canadian Pacific	4,000	161	160	160¾
Central of N. J.	...	...	...	217
C. and O.	3,900	59⅞	58⅝	58⅞
C. and A.	100	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Do preferred	...	...	...	[illegible]
Chicago Gt. West.	6,200	18⅞	18⅜	18⅝
C. and N. W.	1,300	203⅝	200⅜	202½
C., M. and St. P.	34,000	165	163⅝	164
Chicago T. and T.	...	...	...	[illegible]
Do preferred	...	...	...	[illegible]
C., C., C. and St. L.	100	97⅞	97⅞	[illegible]
Col. Fuel and I.	15,700	51½	49⅝	50⅜
Col. and Southern	200	32⅝	32⅝	33
Do 1st pref.	...	...	...	[illegible]
Do 2d pref.	...	...	...	[illegible]
Consolidated Gas	2,000	135⅞	133	[illegible]
Corn Prod. Ref'g	500	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Do preferred	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Central Leather	300	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Do preferred	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Del. and Hudson	400	208	207⅝	207½
D., L. and W.	...	...	...	[illegible]
Den. and R. G.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Do preferred	...	...	...	[illegible]
Dist. Securities	11,000	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Erie	11,400	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Do 1st pref.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Do 2d pref.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Gen. Electric	1,000	168⅞	166⅛	167
Gt. North. pref.	5,200	304	298	300
Hocking Valley	1,000	128	125	126
Illinois Central	1,200	174½	173¾	174
Internat'l Paper	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Do preferred	...	...	...	[illegible]
Internat'l Pump	1,500	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Do preferred	...	...	...	[illegible]
Iowa Central	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Do preferred	...	...	...	[illegible]
K. C. Southern	500	26	25¾	25¾
Do preferred	300	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
L. and N.	4,200	145	143	144
Manhattan L.	200	154	154	154
Met. St. Ry.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mexican Central	2,000	23⅜	22⅞	23¼
Minn. and St. L.	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
M., St. P. & Sault Ste. Marie	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Do preferred	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Missouri Pacific	500	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
M. K. and T.	8,800	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Do preferred	700	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
National Lead	10,800	82	79½	80⅛
Nat. R. R. Mex. pf.	300	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
N. Y. Central	4,300	141⅜	139⅜	140¾
N. Y., O. and W.	3,500	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Norfolk and West.	10,700	90½	89	89¾
Do preferred	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
*North American	800	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Northern Pacific	16,200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Pacific Mail	900	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Pennsylvania	19,400	135⅝	134	134⅝
People's Gas	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
P., C., C. and St. L.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Pressed Steel Car	1,000	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Do preferred	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Pullman Pal. Car	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Reading	149,700	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Do 1st pref.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Do 2d pref.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Republic Steel	1,400	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Do preferred	1,000	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Rock Island Co.	3,600	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Do preferred	1,500	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
St. L. Southwest	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Do preferred	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Southern Pacific	5,100	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Do preferred	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Southern Railway	1,500	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Do preferred	100	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Sloss-Sheff'd Steel	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Tenn. Coal and I.	1,400	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Texas and Pacific	1,100	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
T., St. L. and W.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Do preferred	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Union Pacific	171,800	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Do preferred	100	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

	Sales.	Highest.	Lowest.	Cls'g Bid.
U. S. Express				104
U. S. Realty				89
U. S. Rubber	3,600	50¼	50	50¼
Do preferred				109½
U. S. Steel	51,100	41⅛	40⅞	40⅞
Do preferred	28,000	106¼	105	105⅝
Va.-Car. Chemical	500	43	42	41¾
Do preferred				110
Wabash	400	21¼	20⅞	20¾
Do preferred	1,000	47	46¼	46⅝
Wells-Fargo Exp.				250
West'house Elec.	200	156	156	153
Western Union				92¼
W. and L. E.				17
Wisconsin Central	200	25⅝	25⅜	25½
Do preferred	100	57	51	51

Total sales for the day, 1,116,400 shares.
*Ex-dividend.

BOND QUOTATIONS.

New York, May 15.—Bonds were irregular. Total sales (par value) $2,275,000. U. S. 3s declined ¼ per cent. on call.

The following are the closing bid prices on Government bonds:

U. S. Bonds.

Refunding 2s, registered	103½
Do coupon	103½
3s, registered	102¾
Do coupon	102¾
Old 4s, registered	103¼
Do coupon	103¼
New 4s, registered	129½
Do coupon	129½

Miscellaneous Bonds.

American Tobacco 4s	79¼
American Tobacco 6s	113⅝
Atchison general 4s	101⅛
Do adjustment 4s	94½
Atlantic Coast Line 4s	99¼
Baltimore and Ohio 4s	102¼
Do 3½s	95¼
Brooklyn Rapid Transit convertible 4s	97⅝
Central of Georgia 5s	111
Do first income	97
Do second income	90
Do third income	88½
Chesapeake and Ohio 4½s	105½
Chicago and Alton 3½s	79
Chicago, Burlington and Quincy new 4s	99¾
Chicago, Rock Island and Pac. R. R. 4s	78½
Do collateral 5s	90½
C., C., C. and St. Louis general 4s	103
Colorado Industrial 5s, series A	78
Colorado Industrial 5s, series B	77
Colorado Midland 4s	75¼
Colorado and Southern 4s	96⅝
Cuba 5s	104⅝
Denver and Rio Grande 4s	100¼
Distillers' Securities 5s	87
Erie prior lien 4s	101
Do general 4s	90½
Hocking Valley 4½s	107
Japan 6s	99
Japan 6s, 2d series	98¼
Japan 4½s	92¾
Japan 4½s, certificates, 2d series	91⅞
Japan 4s, certificates	84⅞
Louisville and Nashville unified 4s	102¾
Manhattan consolidated gold 4s	100½
Mexican Central 4s	79
Do first income	21¼
Minneapolis and St. Louis 4s	*92
Missouri, Kansas and Texas 4s	101¼
Do seconds	86
National Railway of Mexico consol. 4s	83
New York Central general 3½s	98¼
New Jersey Central general 5s	125
Northern Pacific 4s	103½
Do 3s	75⅞
Norfolk and Western consol. 4s	100
Oregon Short Line refunding 4s	95⅝
Pennsylvania convertible 3½s	98⅞
Reading general 4s	100⅞
St. Louis and Iron Mountain consol. 5s	113½
St. Louis and San Francisco fdg. 4s	85¼
St. Louis Southwestern con. 4s	79
Seaboard Air Line 4s	87
Southern Pacific 1st 4s, certificates	95¼
Southern Railway 5s	117¼
Texas and Pacific firsts	123½
Toledo, St. Louis and Western 4s	80½
Union Pacific 4s	104⅜
United States Steel second 5s	97⅞
Wabash firsts	113⅝
Do debenture Bs	79
Western Maryland 4s	86
Wheeling and Lake Erie 4s	88
Wisconsin Central 4s	91

*Offered.

FOREIGN FINANCIAL.

London, May 15.—Money was in good demand in the market to-day in preparation for a call of $7,500,000 of the Japanese loan to-morrow. Supplies were abundant. Discounts were easy, but caution was displayed owing to fear that rates may fall away quickly. Trading on the Stock Exchange continued cheerful during the morning, but was disappointing and closed dull on some realizations. Home rails benefited by investment purchases especially the heavy lines. Americans opened flat and hardened to over parity on local support in the afternoon. New York bought moderately. The fluctuations were narrow throughout, and prices closed steady. Foreigners were steady. Paris specialties hardened. Copper shares were quieter owing to the irregularity of the price of the metal. Japanese Imperial 6s of 1904 were quoted at 101½. Kaffirs weakened after a steady opening. The closing quotations were: Consols for money 89 11-16; do for the account 89 13-16; Anaconda 14; Atchison 91½; do preferred 105¾; Baltimore and Ohio 111¾; Canadian Pacific 165¾; Chesapeake and Ohio 60¾; Chicago Great Western 20½; Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul 174; De Beers 17¾; Denver and Rio Grande 44¾; do preferred 90; Erie 45; do 1st preferred 80¼; do 2d preferred 70½; Illinois Central 178; Louisville and Nashville 148; Missouri, Kansas and Texas 34½; New York Central 144¾; Norfolk and Western 92¾; do preferred 95; Ontario and Western 52⅝; Pennsylvania 69⅝; Rand Mines 6¼; Reading 67⅛; do 1st preferred 46; do 2d preferred 47; Southern Railway 39; do preferred 103; Southern Pacific 67⅝; Union Pacific 154; do preferred 98; United States Steel 42½; do preferred 108⅞; Wabash 21¾; do preferred 47½; Spanish 4s 93¼. Bar silver steady at 30 11-16d per ounce. Money 2¾@3 per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 3 7-16@3 9-16 per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for three-months' bills is 3½@3⅝ per cent.

Paris, May 15.—Prices on the Bourse to-day were irregular. Russian Imperial 4s were quoted at 83.35 and Russian bonds of 1904 at 510. Three per cent. rentes 99f 22½c for the account. Exchange on London 25f 18½c for checks.

Berlin, May 15.—Trading on the Boerse to-day was very quiet. Exchange on London 20 marks 49½ pfgs. for checks. Discount rates: Short bills 3¾ per cent.; three months' bills 3½ per cent.

St. Petersburg, May 15.—Trading on the Bourse to-day was lifeless. Imperial 4s closed at 75½ and 5s at 88¾.

MOVEMENT LEADING ARTICLES

Louisville Board of Trade, May 15, 1906.—Movement of leading articles by rail and river during the past twenty-four hours and corresponding time last year:

ARTICLES.	Rec'd 1906.	Ship'd 1906.	Rec'd 1905.	Ship'd 1905.
Ag'l impl'ts, lbs.	10,840	151,670	23,375	67,295
Bagging, lbs.				2,655
Boots and shoes, cases	540	309	51	324
Coffee, lbs.	25,200	31,430	34,380	28,644
Cotton, bales	1			
Flour, bbls.	810	3,424	475	2,909
Furniture, lbs.	18,760	135,840	83,800	152,870
Corn, bush	54,125	35,600	31,800	13,075
Malt, bush			4,806	200
Oats, bush	8,400	9,000	7,800	12,900
Rye, bush	2,000	2,000	1,515	
Wheat, bush	4,400	8,100	2,665	700
Hardware, pkgs.	978	4,375	200	4,017
Hay, tons	118	51	131	10
Bacon, lbs.	67,575	138,460	20,000	137,782
Hams, lbs.		37,770		12,445
Lard, lbs.	2,000	110,445	4,000	241,230
Pig iron, tons	437	20	310	59
Leather, lbs.	2,590	36,688	880	90,409
Nails, kegs	542	483		398
Apples, gr., bbls.				112
Onions, bbls.		37	355	
Potatoes, bbls.	600	1,282	30	298
Seed, grass and clover, lbs.		1,935		14,542
Soap, lbs.	5,780	115,195	1,490	36,755
Sugar, bbls.	300	452	500	445
Tobacco, leaf, hds	244	571	421	373
Tobacco, mfd., lbs	705	198,680	4,282	253,474
Whisky, bbls.	486	1,300	267	1,247
Wool, lbs.	9,490		85,520	27,220

LOCAL MARKETS.

(Unless otherwise specified, as in the case of produce, etc., handled by commission men or brokers without charge, these quotations represent the price charged by wholesale dealers of this city. Produce quotations represent the prices charged by shippers.)

BEANS—Northern hand-picked $1.75 per bu.; Indiana new beans $1.80 per bu.; Lima beans 6c per lb.; California pink $2.20 per bu.; New York red kidneys $3 per bu.

CEMENT, LIME AND PLASTER—Portland cement $1.60@3.50 per bbl.; Louisville cement 62@82c per bbl.; lime 80c per bbl.; plaster Paris $1.55@2 per bbl.

FLOUR—Jobbing trade quotations are as follows: Minnesota spring patents $5@5.25 per bbl.; plain patents $4.75@5; straights $4.75; family $4.50; low grades $4.25; winter patents $4.50@5; winter straights $4.25@4.50; low grades $3.75@4; bolted meal $1.25 per 100 lbs.

CHEESE—New York cheddars 15c; Western cheddars 15c; full cream flats and twins 15½c; full cream dairies 16c; full cream long horns 15½c; skim goods 10@11½c.

COFFEE—Washed Guatemala 13¾@14¼c; Maracaibo 11½@13½c; Laguayra 11½@12½c; Mocha 20@24c; Java 25¾@29c. Green Rios: Fancy 13¼c; choice 12¼c; prime 12c; good 11¾c; roasting grades 11½@13c; Santos 11½@15½c; Shawnee roast 16c in 1-lb. packages.

FEATHERS—Prime white goose 48@50c per lb.; gray 35@37c; No. 1 old 30@35c; dark and mixed old goose 15@25c; white duck 38@40c; old and mixed dark 25@30c.

FIELD SEED—Selling price from store: Choice timothy $1.45@1.60 per bu.; clover $6.50@7.25; orchard $1.40@1.50; bluegrass, fancy $1.35@1.50; red top, fancy $6.50@7.50; English bluegrass $1.80; Southern millet $1; cow peas $1.75@2.

FOREIGN AND PACIFIC DRIED FRUITS—Currants, per lb. 7@7½c; raisins, London layers, per box $2; Sultana raisins 12@13c per lb.; loose muscatels, in 50-lb. boxes 7½@8c; prunes, California new 3½@8½c; peaches 10@12c; pears 10@11c; figs, in layers 10@12c, in bags 7c per lb.; apricots 11@11½c; Persian dates 5c; Fard dates 8@9c; evaporated apples 8c.

HAY—These quotations are for hay in car lots on track: Choice $13@13.50; clover hay $11.50@12; wheat straw $6.50@7; timothy No. 1 $12.50@13; No. 2 $11@12. This is for baled hay; hay from store $1.50 per ton higher.

HIDES AND SKINS—These quotations are for Kentucky hides; Southern green hides ¼c lower. We quote assorted lots: Dry flint, No. 1 22½c; No. 2 20½c; dry salted, No. 1 19@20c; No. 2 18½c; round lots of green salted beef hides 11@11½c; round lots, dry 20@21c; dry kip and calf 18@20c; green salted, No. 1 11½@12½c; No. 2 10½@11½c; kip and calf 10¼@11½c; sheepskins, butchers' 75c@$1.50; country skins 85c@$1; lambskins 40@50c; horse hides, No. 1 large $3.50; No. 2 $2.50.

MILL OFFAL—In car lots: Bran $19.50@20; shorts $19@19.50. Prices are $1.50 per ton higher in bags.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS—Caramels 22c per gallon; New Orleans molasses, open kettle 30@38c; centrifugals 24@30c; sorghum 35@38c per gallon, according to quality.

NUTS—Dealers' prices are as follows: Almonds 14c per lb.; filberts 10½c; California walnuts 13c; French walnuts 12c; peanuts, fancy Virginia 6½c; choice Virginia 6c; Texas pecans 10@10½c; home-grown pecans 10c; cocoanuts $3.25 per 100; mixed nuts 11c per lb.; Brazil nuts 10c; chestnuts 7@7½c.

OILS—Castor, No. 1 94c per gallon; No. 2 84c; linseed 39c fo raw and 40c for boiled, 1c less in 5-bbl. lots; lard oil, winter strained 56c; extra No. 1 50c; No. 1 42c; No. 2 30c; gasoline, 87 degrees 20c; stove gasoline 15c; benzine, 63 degrees 13c; straits oil 33c; black oil 9@18c; golden machinery 12c; extra golden lubricator 25c; Corliss cylinder 35c; cotton-seed oil, refined 34c per gallon; Peerless pastry oil 37c; coal oil, Kentucky test 11½c; Indiana 11½c; water white, 150 degrees 12½c; headlight, 175 test 13½c; turpentine 70c.

PAINTS AND COLORS—Strictly pure white and red lead 7¼c per lb., less 2 per cent. discount for cash. Colors—Venetian red 1@1½c; yellow ochre ¾c.

RICE—Louisiana, broken 3¾c per lb.; fancy 7c; Japan 5c; Java 6½c; Indian head 6¾c; Carolina head 6½c; fancy Patna 6½c.

ROOTS—Clean ginseng, Kentucky $6.25@6.50 per lb.; Indiana $6.50@6.75; Southern ginseng $6.50@6.75; "Golden Seal" yellow root $1; Mayapple 2¾c; blood root 5@5½c; Virginia snake root 30c; Seneca snake root 45c; pink root 30@35c; lady slipper 5c. Dealers do not want ginseng split, or unstrung, and washed before dried.

SALT—Delivered in dray-load lots as follows: 7-bu. bbl. $1.15@1.25; 5-bu. bbl. 90c@$1; dairy salt $1.60@2.25 per bbl.; freezing salt, 200-lb. sacks 65c per sack.

TALLOW—No. 1 4¾c; No. 2 4@4¼c.

WINDOW GLASS—Discounts are now as follows from list October 1, 1903: All sizes 90 and 15 per cent. off list.

WOOL—Quotations are for Kentucky and Indiana wool. For Southern wool quotations are from 1c to 2c per lb. lower on grease wool: Burry 17@23c; clear grease 29@30c; medium tub-washed 38@40c; coarse, dingy tub-washed 36@37c; black wool 25@27c.

REFINED SUGAR PRICES.

The following prices on refined sugars to retail merchants are believed to approximate a fair price in the Louisville market:

Eagle tablets	6.60	No. 3	4.70
Crystal dominoes	7.50	No. 6	4.50
Cut loaf	5.80	No. 7	4.40
Cubes	5.35	No. 8	4.35
XXXX powdered	5.25	No. 9	4.30
Powdered	5.20	No. 12	4.15
Stand. gran. bbls.	4.85	No. 13	4.15
Stand. gran. 2-lb.	5.20	No. 14	4.10

GRAIN.

WHEAT—	
No. 2 red and longberry	$0 80
No. 3 red and longberry	87
Rejected 2@8c less; on levee 1½c less.	
CORN—	
No. 3 white	55
No. 3 mixed	54
OATS—	
No. 3 white	36
No. 3 mixed	35
RYE—	
No. 2 Western	70½
No. 2 Northwestern	72½

The prices for wheat are those paid by dealers; the quotations for corn, oats and rye are selling prices.

PROVISIONS.

MESS PORK—$13.

HAMS—Choice sugar-cured, light and special cure 13@13¼c; heavy to medium 12½@12¾c.

BACON—Clear rib sides 10½c; regular clear sides 10½c; breakfast bacon 15c; sugar-cured shoulders 10c; bacon, extra 10½c; bellies, light 11¼c, heavy 11½c.

LARD—Prime steam in tierces 8c; choice leaf in tierces 9½c, in tubs 9¾c; pure leaf lard in tierces 10¼c, in tubs 10½c, in firkins 10½c.

BULK MEATS—Ribs 9c; regular clear 9½c; extra short 8¾c.

DRIED BEEF—12c.

IRON AND HARDWARE.

IRON BARS—$1.85 for base.

TOOL STEEL—9@25c per lb. for base.

SOFT STEEL—$1.85 for base.

STEEL ROOFING—Corrugated $2.15; V-crimped $2.20 per square.

BLACK SHEETS—No. 10 $2.20; No. 12 $2.25; No. 14 $2.30; No. 16 $2.40; Nos. 18 and 20 $2.55; Nos. 22 and 24 $2.60; No. 26 $2.65; No. 27 $2.70 per 100 lbs.

GALVANIZED SHEETS—60, 10 and 5 per cent. discount.

CUT STEEL NAILS—$1.95 base.

WIRE NAILS—$1.95 base.

PLAIN BLACK WIRE—$1.85 for No. 9 per 100 lbs.

GALVANIZED WIRE—$2.15 for No. 9 per 100 lbs.

BARBED WIRE—Painted $2.25; galvanized $2.55 per 100 lbs.

HORSE SHOES—No. 2 and larger, Juniata $4 base; Perkins' $4 base; Burden $4.25 per keg.

HARROW TEETH—$2.65 per 100 lbs.

MACHINE BOLTS—60 and 10 per cent. discount.

CARRIAGE BOLTS—70 and 10 per cent. discount.

COTTON.

Middling 11½c; strict middling 11⅝c.

PRODUCE AND FRUIT.

These prices are wholesale.

BUTTER—Packing 11c per lb.; good country 13@14c; Elgin 22c in 60-lb. tubs, 22½c in 30-lb. tubs; Elgin lb. prints 23c.

POULTRY—Hens 11c per lb.; roosters 5½c; spring chickens $2@5 per dozen; ducks 10@11c per lb.; turkeys 8@9c; geese $4@6 dozen.

EGGS—14c, case count; rehandled 14½c.

FRUIT—Apples $4@5 per bbl.; bananas $1@1.75 per bunch; Florida oranges $2.75 per box; Messina lemons $2.75 per box; imported Malaga grapes $6@7; Florida grapefruit $4.50@5 per box; kumquots 25c per quart; California lemons $2.50 per box; tangerines $3.50 per crate; tomatoes $4 per crate.

VEGETABLES—Onions $3 per bbl.; leaf lettuce $1.50 per bu.; parsley 60c per dozen; egg plants $2 per dozen; Southern radishes 60c per dozen bunches; home-grown cabbage $1.75 per bbl.; home-grown potatoes $2.25 per bbl.; hothouse cucumbers $2 per dozen; red peppers 50c per dozen; carrots $1.75 per bbl.; Southern beets 75c per dozen bunches; California celery 75c per bunch.

LEAF TOBACCO.

Tuesday Evening, May 15.—The sales on the local tobacco breaks were very small to-day, only two warehouses selling. The total amount of hogsheads offered was fifty, of which thirty-four were dark. The average quality was fair, condition generally good, although some soft order tobaccos were noticeable. The highest price realized on dark tobacco was $9.

The following is the report of offerings to-day on the Louisville market, including all the warehouses:

	Hhds.
Burley	16
Dark	34
Total	50
Original inspections	50

First sale to-morrow at the People's house.

Sales reported to-day were as follows:

Burley.

Breckenridge County—3 hhds at $8.20 to 5.25.
Hart County—2 hhds at $7.40 and 4.40.

Dark.

Adair County—7 hhds at $6.90 to 5.45.
Barren County—1 hhd at $6.20.
Breckenridge County—3 hhds at $6.30 to 5.50.
Daviess County—1 hhd at $5.60.
Simpson County—10 hhds at $6.90 to 4.60.
Indiana—6 hhds at $4.40 to 6.40.
Tennessee—12 hhds at $9.10 to 4.50; 5 hhds at $4.85 to 6.60.

Cincinnati Market.

Cincinnati, May 15.—(Special.)—The tobacco market was poor to-day. Total sales 25 hhds: New, 20—6 at $4.50 to 5.70; 7 at $6.15 to 7.90; 3 at $8.15 to 9.95; 4 at $10.50 to 11.75. Old, 5—2 at $6.25 and 7.50; 3 at $8.40 to 9.25.

NEW YORK BOND SALES

(Reported By John L. Dunlap.)

U. S. 3s, coupon.
$2,000 ....102⅞
Japan 4s.
$24,000 .... 84½
$20,000 .... 84⅝
Japan 4½s.
$5,000 .... 92⅝
$51,000 .... 92¾
$2,000 93
Japan 4½s, 2d series.
$1,000 .... 91⅝
$10,000 .... 91¾
Japan 6s.
$1,000 .... 99½
$1,000 99
Japan 6s, 2d series.
$5,000 98
$20,000 .... 98¼
Am. H. and L. 6s.
$5,000 .... 93⅝
$5,000 .... 93½
$1,000 .... 92⅝
Am'n Ice deb. 6s.
$3,000 .... 89¼
$1,000 89
Am'n Tobacco 4s.
$8,000 .... 79¼
$1,000 .... 79½
Am'n Tobacco 6s.
$10,000 114
$3,000 ....113⅞
$34,000 ....113⅝
Atchison convertible 4s.
$10,000 ....103½
Atchison gen. 4s.
$24,000 ....101½
$1,000 ....101⅜
Atch. adj. 4s, stamped.
$5,000 .... 91⅝
B. and O. 3½s.
$2,000 .... 95¼
B. and O. 4s.
$7,000 ....102½
$5,000 ....102⅝
$2,000 ....102¼
B. and O. 4s, reg.
$2,000 ....102½
B. R. T. 4s.
$4,000 .... 97½
$5,000 .... 97⅝
B. R. T. 5s.
$10,000 106
B. U. E. 1st 4-5s.
$3,000 ....108⅝
$2,000 ....108¾
Can. Southern 1st 5s.
$5,000 102
$10,000 ....101⅞
C. and O. 4½s.
$1,000 ....105½
C., B. and Q. joint 4s.
$27,000 .... 99¼
$10,000 .... 99⅜
C., R. I. and P. gen. 4s.
$5,000 ....102¼
$5,000 ....102½
C., R. I. and P. 4s.
$8,000 .... 78⅝
$1,000 78
$23,000 .... 78½
C., R. I. and P. ref. 4s.
$5,000 .... 93⅞
$10,000 .... 93¾
C., R. I. and P. col. 5s.
$22,000 98
$5,000 .... 98⅝
Col. Indus. 5s, series A.
$2,000 .... 77⅞
$15,000 78
Col. Indus. 5s, series B.
$12,000 .... 77½
$18,000 77
D. and R. G. con. 4s.
$3,000 ....100¼
Dist. Securities 5s.
$17,000 .... 87¼
$10,000 .... 87⅛
$2,000 87
Erie 1st con. 7s.
$3,000 131
Erie convertible 4s.
$5,000 ....104½
$8,000 ....103⅞
Erie prior lien 4s.
$3,000 101
Erie-Penn. 1st 4s.
$18,000 93
Hocking Valley 4½s.
$1,000 ....106⅝
$5,000 107
Int. Met. col. tr. 4½s.
$50,000 90
$10,000 .... 89½
K. C. Southern 3s.
$5,000 .... 72½
Lackawanna Steel 5s.
$5,000 ....103⅞
L. S. and M. S. 3½s.
$5,000 99
$50,000 98
L. S. and M. S. deb. 4s.
$7,000 .... 97½
$5,000 .... 97⅝
$100,000 97
$2,000 .... 97¼
L. and N. unified 4s.
$5,000 ....102¾
Mex. Cen. 1st income.
$2,000 22
$10,000 .... 21⅝
$10,000 .... 21½
M., K. and T. 4½s, t.r.
$17,000 89
Missouri Pacific 4s.
$5,000 .... 92½
N. Y. Central 4s.
$6,000 .... 98⅝
O. and W. 4s.
$5,000 101
N. and W. 4s.
$1,000 100
N. and W. prior lien 4s.
$4,000 .... 92⅝
N. P. gen. 3s.
$4,000 .... 75⅛
N. P. prior 4s.
$2,000 ....103¼
$3,000 ....103½
N. P. prior 4s, reg.
$7,000 ....102½
O. S. L. con. 4s.
$3,000 ....101½
O. S. L. ref. 4s.
$7,000 .... 95⅜
$2,000 .... 95½
Penn. 1st gold 4½s.
$4,000 107
Penn. convertible 3½s.
$5,000 99
$1,000 .... 98⅞
Pa. cenv. 1915, receipts 3½s.
$100,000 .... 96¼
$30,000 96
$67,000 .... 95⅛
$60,000 .... 95⅜
P. and E. income 4s.
$2,000 73
Reading gen. 4s.
$5,000 ....100⅜
St. L. and S. W. 1st 4s.
$1,000 96
So. Pac. 4s, T. ctfs.
$1,000 .... 95⅜
$8,000 .... 95¼
Southern Railway 5s.
$10,000 ....117¼
So. Ry. St. L. Div. 4s.
$2,000 98
Texas and Pac. 1st 5s.
$4,000 ....123½
T. A. V. 4s.
$1,000 93
T., St. L. and W. 4s.
$1,000 .... 80½
Union Pacific 4s.
$3,000 ....104¼
$5,000 ....104⅜
Un. El. of L. 5s.
$2,000 .... 98½
Un. Rys. of St. L.
$10,000 .... 88½
Un. Rys. of S. F. 4s.
$4,000 79
U. S. Realty 5s.
$10,000 .... 96¼
U. S. Steel s. f. 5s.
$34,000 .... 97⅝
$44,000 .... 97⅝
$2,000 .... 97½
Wabash 2d 5s.
$8,000 105
Wabash deb. Bs.
$10,000 .... 79½
$2,000 .... 79⅞
$50,000 .... 79⅝
$60,000 .... 79¼
$24,000 .... 78⅝
$10,000 .... 78⅝
$10,000 .... 78½
$10,000 .... 78¾
$57,000 79
$30,000 .... 78¾
Wab.-Pittsb'g 1st 4s.
$2,000 .... 84½
W. S. 1st gold 4s.
$4,000 ....107½
Western Union 4½s.
$3,000 104
Wisconsin Central 4s.
$18,000 91

Total sales (par value) $2,280,000.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Louisville.

(Reported by the Central Live Stock Exchange, Central Stock Yards.)

Louisville, May 15.—Cattle—Receipts light to-day. The choice handy-weight butcher cattle were more eagerly sought after to-day than any other class and sold at fully steady prices. The common and medium grades were also sold at steady prices. Good stockers and feeders are finding a ready sale at good, strong prices, and not enough coming to supply the demand. The common, rough stockers and feeders are dull and hard to sell at satisfactory prices. No heavy shipping cattle here to-day; feeling steady. Bulls about steady; canners a shade lower. Choice milch cows steady to a shade higher; fair to good cows steady, but the thin, small cows are hard to sell even at low prices. At the close the pens were well cleared of all grades and we look for a steady market the remainder of the week.

Calves—Receipts liberal. The market was steady; best veals $5.25@5.50; common calves slow sale.

Hogs—Receipts light. The market was steady to 5c higher. We quote best, 120 pounds and up, $6.55; heavy pigs $6.30; light pigs $5.80; roughs $4.75@5.80. The market closed steady.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts light. The market was unchanged. The choice grades are easily disposed of; common grades dull and hard to sell at satisfactory prices.

Quotations.

CATTLE.	
Extra good export steers	$4 75@ 5 00
Light shipping steers	4 50@ 4 75
Choice butcher steers	4 50@ 4 75
Fair to good butcher steers	3 50@ 4 25
Common to medium butcher steers	3 00@ 3 50
Choice butcher heifers	4 00@ 4 25
Fair to good butcher heifers	3 25@ 3 75
Common to med. butcher heifers	2 75@ 3 25
Choice butcher cows	3 50@ 4 00
Fair to good butcher cows	2 75@ 3 25
Common to medium butcher cows	2 00@ 2 50
Cananers	1 00@ 1 50
Choice feeders	4 00@ 4 25
Medium to good feeders	3 50@ 4 00
Common and rough feeders	3 00@ 3 50
Good to extra stock steers	3 50@ 4 00
Fair to good stock steers	3 00@ 3 50
Common to medium stock steers	2 50@ 3 00
Good to extra stock heifers	2 50@ 3 00
Common to medium stock heifers	2 00@ 2 50
Good to extra oxen	3 50@ 4 00
Common to medium oxen	2 00@ 3 00
Good to extra bulls	3 50@ 3 75
Fair to good bulls	2 50@ 3 00
Choice veal calves	5 25@ 5 50
Common to medium veal calves	4 00@ 4 50
Coarse heavy calves	2 50@ 3 50
Choice milch cows	35 00@40 00
Medium to good milch cows	25 00@30 00
Plain common milch cows	15 00@20 00
HOGS.	
Choice pack. & butch., 200 to 300 lbs.	6 55
Medium packers, 160 to 200 lbs.	6 55
Light shippers, 120 to 160 lbs	6 55
Choice pigs, 90 to 120 lbs	6 30
Light pigs, 50 to 90 lbs	5 80
Roughs, 150 to 400 lbs	4 75@ 5 80
SHEEP AND LAMBS.	
Good to choice fat sheep	4 50@ 4 75
Fair to good sheep	3 00@ 3 75
Common sheep	2 25@ 2 75
Bucks	2 00@ 3 50
Choice shipping lambs	6 50@ 7 00
Good butcher lambs	5 00@ 6 00
Culls and tail-ends	4 00@ 4 50

(Reported by the Louisville Live Stock Exchange, Bourbon Stock Yards.)

Louisville, May 15.—Cattle—The fresh receipts of cattle to-day were 131 head; for the two days this week 1,046. Unchanged conditions marked the cattle trade to-day. Very little difficulty was experienced in upholding steady values, especially as regards the choice, handy-weight butcher kind, and the few that were here were absorbed readily, but the demand for the common and medium grades was limited and the general movement slow. Not much doing in the feeder and stocker department; not many here; choice grades met with ready demand at current values, but the medium and common grades proved rather poor property and slow to change hands. Bulls, canners and milch cows steady. Feeling on heavy cattle about like yesterday. Pens well cleared. Market closed quiet.

Calves—Receipts of calves 73 head; for the two days 135. The market was reported steady; best veals $5.25@5.75; common calves hard to sell.

Hogs—Receipts of hogs to-day 978 head; for the week thus far 3,616. The offerings being light, and a good demand prevailing for all grades, prices scored an advance of 5c all along the line. Not enough hogs here to supply the demand. We quote best, 120 pounds and up, $5.55; pigs, 90 to 120 pounds, $6.30; light pigs $5.80; roughs $5.85 down. The market closed fully steady.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts of sheep and lambs 536 head; for the two days 758. On account of the light run, the trade ruled quiet, but all sales were made on basis of steady values; best fat sheep $4.50@5, and not enough here to supply the demand; choice spring lambs $8; butcher lambs $5@7; common and trashy grades of sheep and lambs slow sale. A fair demand prevailed for choice stock ewes.

Kansas City.

Kansas City, May 15.—Cattle—Receipts 14,800 head, including 200 Southerns; market steady, 5@10c lower; choice export and dressed beef steers $5.35@5.90; fair to good $4.25@5.25; Western fed steers $3.75@5.35; stockers and feeders $3@4.50; Southern steers $3@5.25; cows $2.50@4.25; native cows $2.50@4.60; native heifers $3.50@5.25; bulls $2.90@4.10; calves $3@6. Hogs—Receipts 1,900 head; market weak to 5c lower; top $6.40; bulk of sales $6.25@6.37½; heavy $6.35@6.40; packers $6.30@6.40; pigs and lights $5.45@6.32½. Sheep—Receipts 6,700 head; market strong; lambs $6@7.50; sheep and yearlings $4.75@6.25; Western fed yearlings $5.25@6.50; Western fed sheep $4.50@6.60; stockers and feeders $3.50@5.50.

New York.

New York, May 15.—Beeves—Receipts 562 head; all consigned direct; no trading in live cattle; market nominally firm; dressed beef quiet, but firm at 7@8¼c per lb.; exports to-day 1,085 cattle, 1,020 sheep and 5,200 quarters of beef; to-morrow 2,850 quarters of beef. Calves—Receipts, no fresh arrivals; nothing doing; feeling steady; dressed calves steady; city dressed veals 8@10½c per lb.; country dressed 6¼@9c. Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 1,304 head, all consigned to slaughterers except one car; sheep and lambs nominal; car of Virginia spring lambs sold at $5 per head; market about steady, but not many wanted. Hogs—Receipts 2,461 head; market nominally firm.

Chicago.

Chicago, May 15.—Cattle—Receipts 4,000 head; market steady; common to prime steers $4@6.30; cows $3.25@5.25; heifers $2.75@5.35; bulls $3@4.25; calves $2.75@6.25; stockers and feeders $2.75@5.10. Hogs—Receipts 13,000 head; market weak; choice to prime heavy $6.55@6.62½; medium to good heavy $6.50@6.55; butcher weights $6.50@6.57½; good to choice heavy mixed $6.50@6.55; packing 600 at $6.57½. Sheep—Receipts 16,000 head; market steady; sheep $4.75@6.10; yearlings $5.85@6.20; lambs $5.75@7.65.

Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, May 15.—Hogs active; butchers and shippers $6.52½@6.55; common $5.50@6.50. Cattle steady; fair to good shippers $4.40@5.25; common $2.25@3. Sheep steady at $3.50@4.50; lambs steady at $5.50@6.50.

COTTON MARKETS.

New York, May 15.—The cotton market showed rather a nervous tone to-day, with trading less active and fluctuations narrow and irregular. The close was steady at a net decline of 2@3 points. Sales for the day were estimated at 175,000 bales.

The opening was steady at an advance of 1@6 points, and prices worked up to a net gain of 4@6 points immediately after the call on covering of shorts and a little bull support, which was encouraged by the firmness of the Liverpool market and continued predictions of a bullish weekly bureau report at midday. The daily weather reports for the day were considered favorable, temperatures being about seasonable, with no precipitation of consequence and with the scattering shorts pretty well covered on the opening bulge. Prices eased off toward midday under realizing, and a little selling from local bears. The weekly report proved a little less bullish than some had expected, if anything, although reporting damage from frost, notably in North Carolina, and the market was easier after its publication. The close was within a point or two of the lowest, though steadied slightly by bull support. Southern spot markets were unchanged to 1-16c lower. Receipts continued liberal, but interior shipments reflect a loss of stocks at an interior town and exports have recently overrun the port movement.

Estimated receipts at the ports to-day 15,000 bales, against 14,514 last week and 24,719 last year. For the week 65,000 bales, against 71,605 last week and 139,347 last year. To-day's receipts at New Orleans were 3,215 bales, against 6,175 last year, and at Houston 2,428 bales, against 6,211 last year.

Spot cotton quiet; middling uplands 11.95c; do gulf 12.20c. Closed quiet and unchanged. Sales 50 bales.

The following is the range of prices for futures on the Cotton Exchange:

MONTH.	Opening.	Close.	High.	Low.
May	11.41	11.39	11.45	11.37
June	11.21	11.19	.....	.....
July	11.22	11.18	11.25	11.16
August	11.05	11.11	11.07	10.98
September	10.79	10.72	10.80	10.74
October	10.73	16.68	10.75	10.66
November	10.74	10.67	.....	.....
December	10.73	10.68	10.75	10.66
January	10.78	10.72	10.79	10.71

New Orleans, May 15.—Spot cotton steady; supply scant; sales 2,214 bales, including 900 f. o. b.; delivered on contracts 400 bales. Quotations unchanged: Ordinary 8 11-16c; good ordinary 10c; low middling 10 13-16c; middling 11 7-16c; good middling 11 15-16c; middling fair 12 5-16c; receipts 3,215 bales; stock 127,201. Futures, influenced by favorable Liverpool, opened 1 to 2 points higher, but the Government weather report had a bearish effect and sent prices down a few points. The trading was light and the fluctuations numerous, but small. The market closed quiet; May and September were each net 3 points lower, while the other positions lost 5@7 points. The range was as follows:

MONTH.	Opening.	High.	Low.	Close.
May	11.32	11.35	11.30	11.30
June	11.42	11.42	11.36	11.36
July	11.50	11.52	11.42	11.43
August	11.21	11.21	11.14	11.14
September		10.74	10.72	10.74
October	10.64	10.65	10.55	10.57
November		10.57	10.56	10.56
December	10.63	10.64	10.55	10.56
January	10.69	10.69	10.66	10.64

Liverpool, May 15.—Spot cotton, good business done at prices 6 points higher; American middling fair 6.65d; good middling 6.41d; middling 6.21d; low middling 6.05d; good ordinary 5.87d; ordinary 5.67d. The sales of the day were 14,000 bales, of which 3,000 were for speculation and export, and included 13,100 American. Receipts 10,000 bales, including 65.00 American. Futures opened steady and closed quiet.

Savannah, May 15.—Cotton steady; middling 11 3-16c; net and gross receipts 4,497 bales; sales 762; stock 60,568; shipments coastwise 2,702.

Memphis, May 15.—Cotton steady; middling 11⅝c; net receipts 224 bales; gross receipts 1,295; shipments 2,193; sales 650; stock 29,436.

Boston, May 15.—Cotton quiet; middling 11.95c; net receipts 479 bales; gross receipts 2,171; exports to Great Britain 200.

St. Louis, May 15.—Cotton quiet; middling 11⅝c; gross receipts 1,576; shipments 1,576; sales 365; stock 33,374.

Galveston, May 15.—Cotton steady; middling 11½c; net and gross receipts 3,120 bales; sales 987; stock 90,272.

CHICAGO GRAIN.

Chicago, May 15.—Rains throughout Kansas and other portions of the Southwest had a weakening effect to-day on the local wheat market. At the close wheat for July delivery showed a net loss of ½c. Corn and oats about unchanged. Provisions were up 2½@15c.

The wheat market was weak all day and the volume of trading was rather small. The market was affected for the greater part by weather conditions in the winter wheat sections. Rains were reported over the Southwest and more showers were forecasted for to-night. Prices at Liverpool were a trifle lower and this had a depressing effect here. During the entire session pit traders were persistent sellers and offerings were taken principally by bull leaders. Toward the end of the day shorts were fairly active buyers. The market closed weak. July opened ⅛@¼c to ⅜@½c lower at 80⅝@80¾c, sold up to 81c and then declined to 80¼c. Final quotations were at 80½@80⅝c. Clearances of wheat and flour were equal to 79,400 bushels. The world's visible supply as shown by Bradstreet's decreased 3,800,000 bushels. Primary receipts were 214,000 bushels, compared with 153,000 one year ago. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 204 cars, against 181 last week and 185 one year ago.

Trading in the corn pit was very quiet and the tone of the market was steady because of a fair demand from cash houses. Continued small local receipts formed the underlying reason for the cash inquiry. The market closed steady, with prices practically unchanged from yesterday's final quotation. July opened a shade to ⅛c lower at 46⅛c to 46¼@46⅜c, sold up to 46½@46⅝c and closed at 46⅝c. Local receipts were 117 cars, with 21 of contract grade.

Despite more liberal receipts than had been expected, the oats market was steady. Shorts were moderate bidders for the May delivery, and with small offerings the price of that option was advanced nearly ½c. This had a bullish effect on the more distant deliveries. Small stocks of contract oats in store in Chicago furnished the main incentive to buyers. July opened a shade higher at 32¼c, sold at 32⅛@32¼c and closed at 32c. Local receipts were 178 cars.

Provisions were easier early in the day, because of selling by pit traders, who were influenced by a weak market for live hogs. Later a firm tone developed on a fair demand by local packers. At the close July pork was up 15c at $15.60. Lard was up 2½c at $8.62½. Ribs were 5@7½c higher at $8.85@8.87½.

Estimated receipts for to-morrow are: Wheat 12 cars; corn 51; oats 90; hogs 29,000 head.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

Articles.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
*WHEAT—				
May	$0 83	$0 83¼	$0 82½	$0 82⅞
July	80⅝	81	80¼	80½
Sept.	79	79¼	78⅝	78⅝
*CORN—				
May	48⅝	48⅝	48⅜	48⅝
July	46¼	46⅝	46¼	46⅝
Sept.	46⅝	46⅝	46⅜	46⅝
*OATS—				
May	33½	33⅞	33½	33⅝
July	32¼	32¼	32	32
Sept.	29¾	30	29⅝	29⅝
PORK—				
May	15 30	15 50	15 30	15 50
July	15 40	15 60	15 35	15 60
Sept.	15 20	15 37½	15 20	15 37½
LARD—				
May	8 50	8 52½	8 50	8 50
July	8 57½	8 62½	8 55	8 62½
Sept.	8 70	8 77½	8 67½	8 77½
RIBS—				
May	8 62½	8 72½	8 62½	8 72½
July	8 77½	8 87½	8 75	8 87½
Sept.	8 77½	8 87½	8 77½	8 87½

*For the splits on wheat, corn and oats see introduction.

Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour—Winter patents $3.50@3.90; straights $3.30@3.60; spring patents $3.55@3.80; straights $3.40@3.60; bakers' $2.30@2.60. Market steady.

Grain—No. 2 spring wheat 83@85c; No. 3 do 78@84c; No. 2 red 89½@91c; No. 2 corn 49¼@49½c; No. 2 yellow do 50¼@50½c; No. 2 oats 33⅝c; No. 2 white do 35c; No. 3 white do 33@34¼c; No. 2 rye 59c; good feeding barley 40@41½c; fair to choice malting do 46@51c; No. 1 flax seed $1.08½; No. 1 Northwestern do $1.14; clover, contract grade $11.25.

Provisions—Mess pork $15.50@15.55 per bbl.; lard $8.55 per 100 lbs.; short ribs sides, loose $8.70@8.75; short clear sides, boxed $9.10@9.20.

Whisky—On basis of high wines, $1.29.

On the Produce Exchange to-day the butter market was easier; creamery 13½@19½c; dairy 13@18c. Eggs steady at mark; cases included 15@15½c; firsts 15½c; prime firsts 16½c; extras 18½c. Cheese steady at 9@12c.

Receipts—Flour 19,100 bbls.; wheat 22,000 bu.; corn 90,200; oats 138,000; rye 3,000; barley 54,600. Shipments—Flour 25,400 bbls.; wheat 22,300 bu.; corn 421,000; oats 633,500; barley 4,300.

Bradstreet's Available Supplies.

New York, May 15.—Special cable and telegraphic communications received by Bradstreet's to-day show the following changes in available supplies as compared with previous account:

Wheat—United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, decrease 3,494,000 bu.; afloat for and in Europe, decrease 400,000; total supply, decrease 3,894,000.

Corn—United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, decrease 1,540,000 bu.

Oats—United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, decrease 2,911,000 bu.

The leading increases reported this week are 100,000 bu. at Milwaukee private elevators, 84,000 at Portland, Me., 66,000 at Watertown and 65,000 at Chattanooga.

The leading decreases are 1,128,000 bu. in Manitoba, 70,000 at Louisville and 50,000 at Port Huron.

GENERAL MARKETS.

New York.

New York, May 15.—Butter steady; street price, extra creamery 20½@21c; official prices, creamery, common to extra 14@20½c; do held 13@18c; renovated, common to extra 14@18c. Western factory, common to firsts 11@15c. Cheese steady; old State full cream, large and small colored and white, fancy 13@13½c; do good to prime 12@12½c; do common to fair 11@13c; new State full cream, large and small, best 9½c; do fair to good 8½@9c; skims, full to best 1½@7½c. Eggs firm; State, Pennsylvania and near-by fancy selected white 20c; do choice 19@19½c; do mixed fancy 19c; Western firsts 17½c; do seconds 16½@17c; Southerns 11@16½c. Sugar—Raw quiet; fair refining 2 29-32@2 15-16c; centrifugal 96 test 3 13-32@3 7-16c; molasses sugar 2 21-32@2 11-16c; refined steady; crushed 5.30c; powdered 4.70c; granulated 4.60c.

Flour—Receipts 28,715 bbls.; exports 5,778; market firmly held, with slow trade. Rye flour, corn meal and barley steady. Rye dull.

Wheat—Receipts 23,000 bu.; spot market barely steady; No. 2 red 92c nominal in elevator and 93c nominal f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth 91¼c f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 Northern Manitoba 90½c f. o. b. afloat. Opening lower on reports of good rainfall in Kansas City, easy cables and predictions for continued large Russian shipments, wheat recovered on bull support, crop complaints from India and a big increase in world's stocks. Later bear pressure resulted in a sharp afternoon break and the market closed ⅛c net lower: May 89¾@90¼c, closed 89¼c; July 86⅝@87 3-16c, closed 86⅝c; September 84¼@84 11-16c, closed 84⅛c.

Corn—Receipts 68,800 bu.; exports 336; spot market irregular; No. 2 57c asked in elevator and 55⅝c f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 yellow 56¼c; No. 2 white 57½c. Options market was generally well sustained all day on covering, lighter receipts, small stocks and steady cables, closing at unchanged prices; May 56@56½c, closed 56c; July 53⅝@54c, closed 53¾c; September 53⅜@53⅝c, closing 54⅝c; December closed 53c.

Oats—Receipts 105,000 bu.; exports 17,484; spot market steady; mixed oats, 26@32 lbs., 38¼c; natural white, 30@33 lbs., 39@39½c; clipped white, 38@40 lbs., 40@41½c.

Hay steady. Hops firm. Hides and leather steady. Wool quiet. Beef steady. Cut meats firm; pickled bellies 9¾@10½c; pickled shoulders 8@8½c. Lard steady; Western prime $8.70@8.75, nominal; refined quiet. Pork barely steady. Tallow and cotton-seed oil steady. Petroleum firm. Rosin firm; strained, common to good $4.20. Turpentine firm at 66½@67c. Rice steady.

Metals.—The London tin market was nervous and irregular, with fluctuations continuing broad. Spot tin reacted £2 and closed at £213, but futures continued to advance and gained £2, closing at £205. The local market was nominal at $48@49. Copper advanced 15s to £87 5s 6d for spot and at £86 5s for futures in the London market. Locally copper was firm and unchanged, with lake quoted at $18.75@19, electrolytic at $18.37½@18.75 and casting at $18.25@18.37½. Lead was 3s 9d higher at £17 1s 3d in London. Locally no change was reported, with spot quoted at $5.75@5.95. Spelter was 5s higher at £26 17s 6d in London. Locally the market was easy and a shade lower, with spot quoted at $5.90@6. Iron was a little lower in the English market. Standard foundry was quoted at 50s 2d and Cleveland warrants at 50s 4½d. Locally no change was reported. No. 1 foundry Northern is quoted at $18.75@19, No. 2 foundry Northern and No. 1 foundry Southern at $18.25@18.50 and No. 2 foundry Southern at $17.75@18.

St. Louis.

St. Louis, May 15.—Wheat lower; No. 2 red cash in elevator 94@96c, on track 97@97½c; July 79¼@79½c; September 77⅝c; No. 2 hard 82@86c. Corn steady; No. 2 cash nominal, on track 50@50½c; July 45¾@46c; September 46c. Oats higher; No. 2 cash 33½c, on track 34½c; July 32½c; September 30⅝c; No. 2 white 36@36½c. Lead higher at $5.87½. Spelter lower at $5.90. Poultry steady; chickens 10½c; springs 20@25c; turkeys 10c; ducks 10c; geese 5c. Butter steady; creamery 15½@20c; dairy 14@16½c. Eggs lower at 13½c, case count. Flour steady; red winter patents $4.20@4.50; extra fancy and straight $3.70@4.10; clear $2.25@2.90. Timothy seed steady at $2.50@2.90. Corn meal steady at $2.50. Bran steady; sacked on east track 90@92c. Hay steady; timothy $12@16.50; prairie $11.50@13.50. Whisky steady at $1.33. Iron cotton ties $1. Bagging 8⅝c. Hemp twine 7½c. Pork higher; jobbing $15.60. Lard steady; prime steam $8.25. Dry salt meats steady; boxed, extra shorts $8.87½; clear ribs $9.12½; short clears $9.25. Bacon steady; boxed, extra shorts $9.62½; clear ribs $9.87½; short clear $10. Receipts—Flour 7,000 bbls.; wheat 22,000 bu.; corn 91,000; oats 74,000. Shipments—Flour 9,000 bbls.; wheat 74,000 bu.; corn 81,000; oats 120,000.

New Orleans.

New Orleans, May 15.—Hog products steady. Pork—Standard mess $17. Lard—Refined tierce 6⅝c; pure lard 9⅝c. Boxed Meats—Dry salt shoulders 8⅝c; sides 9⅝c. Bacon—Clear rib sides 10½c. Hams—Choice sugar-cured 13½@14½c. Rice—Clean per lb.: Honduras 4@5⅝c; straights 3½@4½c; screenings 2⅝@3c; No. 2 2¼@2½c; Japan, head 3⅝@4c; screenings 2⅝@2⅞c. Flour—Extra fancy $4.30@4.40; winter patents $4.70@4.80. Corn meal $2.45. Bran $1.15. Hay—No. 2 $20; No. 1 $22; choice $23. Corn—No. 2 bulk white 60c; mixed 59c; yellow 60c. Oats—No. 2 bulk 38c. Sugar quiet but steady; open kettle centrifugal 3@3 7-16c; centrifugal whites 3⅝@4c; yellows 3⅜@3⅝c; seconds 2@3¼c. Molasses nominal; open kettle 17@30c; centrifugal 7@20c. Syrup nominal at 25@30c. Coffee quiet; invoices, Rio: No. 8 7⅝c; No. 7 7¾c; No. 6 8¼c; No. 4 8½c.

Kansas City.

Kansas City, May 15.—Wheat—May 76⅝c; July 73⅝c; September 71⅞c; cash: No. 2 hard 78½@82c; No. 2 red 90@92c. Corn—May 45⅜c; July 43⅝c; September 42½c; cash: No. 2 mixed 48½@48⅝c; No. 2 white 48¼c. Oats—No. 2 white 34½@35½c; No. 2 mixed 32½@33½c. Butter—Creamery 18c; packing 11½c. Eggs steady; Missouri and Kansas new No. 2 whitewood cases included 13½c; case count 13c; cases returned ½c less. Hay steady; choice timothy $13.50@14; choice prairie $5.50@11. Rye steady at 56@57c. Receipts—Wheat 26,000 bu.; corn 30,000; oats 12,000. Shipments—Wheat 18,000 bu.; corn 62,000; oats 9,000.

Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, May 15.—Whisky—Distillers' finished goods dull on basis of $1.29. Eggs steady at 14½c. Butter quiet; creamery, extras 22c; firsts 20@21c; dairy 12c. Poultry easier; hens 11½c; springs 23@27c; turkeys 11c. Cheese steady. Flour steady. Wheat firm; No. 2 red 91½@92½c. Corn quiet; No. 3 mixed 52c. Oats firm; No. 2 mixed 34½@35c. Rye steady; No. 2 68c. Lard quiet at $8.20. Bulk meats steady at $9.25. Bacon steady at $10.12½. Sugar firm.

Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, May 15.—Wheat—May 80⅝c; July 80⅝@81c; September 78⅝@78¾c; No. 1 hard 83½c; No. 1 Northern 82½c; No. 2 Northern 81c. Flour—First patents $4.30@4.40; second patents $4.15@4.25; first clears $3.50@3.60; second clears $2.45@2.55. Bran in bulk $15.25@15.50.

Duluth.

Duluth, May 15.—Wheat—To arrive: No. 1 Northern 82⅛c; No. 2 Northern 80¼c; on track: No. 1 Northern 82½c; No. 2 Northern 80¼c; May 81¼c; July 81¼c. Flax—On track, May and July $1.17½. Oats—To arrive, on track and May 32⅜c.

Toledo.

Toledo, O., May 15.—Oil—North Lima 98c; South Lima and Indiana 93c. Clover-seed—Cash $6.40 bid; October $6.20; prime alsike $8.20; prime timothy $1.56½; No. 2 rye 64c.

Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, May 15.—Barley steady; No. 2 55c; sample 40@54c.

COFFEE MARKET.

New York, May 15.—Spot, Rio steady; mild quiet. The market for futures opened steady at unchanged prices to an advance of 5 points, in sympathy with steady European markets. Wall street sold a little early, but offerings were light and the market in the afternoon improved slightly on a scattering demand, partly from Europe. The close was steady, net unchanged to 10 points higher. Sales for the day were reported of 21,500 bags, including June at 6.35c, July at 6.45c, September at 6.60@6.65c, October at 6.70c, November at 6.80c, December at 6.90c, January at 7c, February at 7.10c and March at 7.15c.

New York.—The market opened steady at unchanged prices to an advance of 5 points and held steady during the forenoon, all positions but one or two being 5 points higher at midday. Trading was moderately active as judged by recent business and sales to midday were about 20,000 bags. Europe seemed to be selling a little here during the forenoon, the offerings from this source being absorbed by scattering buying orders from local sources. The initial advance was due to the steady showing of the European cables, in spite of the fact that Europe was credited with selling here. Havre was ¼ franc higher and Hamburg unchanged to ¼ pfg. higher. The Brazilian markets showed no special feature beyond a decline of 100 reis at Santos. Rio remained unchanged and the rate of Brazilian exchange advanced another 1-32d, so that the decline at Santos was more in the nature of an adjustment to the recent advances in the exchange rates and the declines in Rio, which the Santos market has held relatively steady. New York warehouse deliveries yesterday were 5,576 bags, against 5,855 last year.—(Ware & Leland.

Naval Stores.

Savannah, May 15.—Spirits of turpentine firm at 62½c. Rosin firm; A, B, C $3.90@3.95; D $4@4.05; E $4.15@4.20; F $4.25@4.30; G $4.25@4.37½; H $4.40; I $4.40; K $4.65; M $4.70@4.75; N $4.75@4.85; window glass $4.80@4.95; water white $4.85@5.10.

Wilmington, May 15.—Spirits of turpentine, nothing doing. Rosin steady at $3.90. Tar firm at $1.80. Crude turpentine firm at $2.90, $4.75 and $5.25.

Charleston, May 15.—Turpentine and rosin, nothing doing.

Oil Quotations.

Oil City, May 15.—Credit balances $1.64; shipments 67,500 bbls., average 62,149; runs 26,219, average 61,816; shipments (Lima) 80,703, average 67,421; runs (Lima) 847, average 32,578.

New York Dry Goods.

New York, May 15.—No change was recorded in prices or movement of staple cottons in the dry goods market to-day. Ginghams were shown for the spring of 1907. All fine goods mills were sold up for months ahead and printed color cottons for thirty to ninety days.

St. Louis Wool.

St. Louis, May 15.—Wool steady; medium grades, combing and clothing 25@29c; light fine 22@25c; heavy fine 18@20c; tub-washed 32@39c.

Boston Wool.

Boston, May 15.—High prices, a small supply and a slight tendency toward activity are the features of the wool market. Much of the interest is still centered in the West, though it is mainly in the form of speculation as to what the growers will finally do in the matter of prices. The current prices are considered prohibitive. Pulled wools are quiet. In Territories clothing wools are all that are now available and sales are of small volume. Foreign grades are firm. Leading quotations follow:

Ohio and Pennsylvania—XX and above 34@35c; X 32@33c; No. 1 38@39c; No. 2 38@40c; fine unwashed 25@26c; ¼-blood unwashed 32@32½c; ⅜-blood 33@33½c; ½-blood 32½@33c; unwashed delaine 28@29c; fine washed delaine 36½@37c.

Kentucky, Indiana, etc.—⅜ and ¼-blood 33@34c.

London Wool Sales.

London, May 15.—The wool auction sales were continued to-day, with the usual large number of buyers present. Scoured merinos sold 5 per cent. higher than the opening rates and Tasmania greasies were in strong demand. A few combings were bought for American account at top rates, and also some New Zealand super greasy cross-breds. A large supply of cross-breds were readily absorbed, especially coarse grades. Following are the sales in detail: New South Wales 2,400 bales; scoured 1s 1d@2s 1½d; greasy 9d@1s 4½d.

Victoria, 17,000 bales; scoured 1s 4d@2s 4d; greasy 8½d@1s 5d.

South Australia, 200 bales; scoured 2s; greasy 8½d@1s 2¾d.

Tasmania, 800 bales; greasy 10½d@1s 5½d.

New Zealand, 9,100 bales; scoured 1s 1d@2s 1½d; greasy 7½d@1s 4d.

Cape of Good Hope and Natal, 200 bales; greasy 8¼@11d.

Liverpool Grain.

Liverpool, May 15.—Wheat—Spot nominal. Futures steady; May 6s 8½d; July 6s 7½d; September 6s 6¾d. Corn—Spot firm; American mixed (new) 4s 6½d; do old 4s 9d. Futures quiet; July 4s 4½d; September 4s 4¼d.

YOUR LAST CHANCE

TO BUY

SEATTLE-BOSTON COPPER STOCK.

THE SALE OF

THIS STOCK WILL CLOSE

Saturday, May 19.

The chance to invest your money where it will make you a fortune will be lost to you if you don't get busy.

SEATTLE-BOSTON COPPER CO.

Call 246 Fifth St. and Investigate for Yourself.

M. B. CRANE, Treasurer.

Want to Save?

Then do so now while you can; for it may be there is a time coming when you cannot. Deposit your money in the Savings Department of

The Louisville Trust Company,

that old and strong institution, where your savings will be absolutely safe. The compound interest you will get beats life insurance.

Its Fire and Burglar Proof Vaults, for the safe keeping of securities and valuable papers of every kind, are the largest and strongest in the State. Do not be satisfied with anything but the best.

SOUTHWEST CORNER FIFTH AND MARKET.

WARE & LELAND
GRAIN, PROVISIONS, STOCKS, COTTON AND COFFEE.
REPRESENTED BY
Charles S. Williams and Geo. L. Bacon.
LOUISVILLE OFFICE, 216 FIFTH STREET.
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NEW YORK OFFICE, 51 Wall St. New Orleans Cotton Exchange. St. Louis Merchants' Exchange. Milwaukee Chamber of Commerce. Liverpool Cotton Association.
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228 FIFTH STREET.
High-Class Investment Securities Bought and Sold
Direct Private Wires Connected With All Principal Cities
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Stocks and Bonds
Bought for Cash or On Margin. Direct Wire to Principal Cities.
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STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN, PROVISIONS AND COTTON.
Commissions—1-8 on Stocks. Local Securities Bought and Sold.
406 West Main Street.
3% INTEREST ON STOCKS AFTER 30 DAYS.
D. L. MAY, Manager

Removed to 215 Fifth Street.
HUNT, BRIDGEFORD & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange, New York Cotton Exchange, Louisville Stock Exchange, Chicago Stock Exchange and Chicago Board of Trade.

ESTABLISHED 1856
WOOL M. SABEL & SONS WOOL
"A Half Century in Louisville."
DEALERS in Green Salted, also Dry Hides, Horse Hides, Sheepskins, Ginseng, Roots, Beeswax, Tallow, Dried Fruit, Wool, Etc. LOUISVILLE, KY.
REFERENCES—ANY BANK IN LOUISVILLE, Dun's Mercantile Agency, Bradstreet's Mercantile Agency.
Weekly price list mailed to shippers. If you desire same, write us.
We solicit your Shipments.

As Security for your deeds, mortgages, bonds, wills, contracts, insurance policies and household valuables of all kinds we offer you a box in the safest place in Louisville—the vault of the

LOUISVILLE NATIONAL BANKING COMPANY.

A box rents for only $3 per year.

WANTED—WOOL, WOOL
Ship your Wool to the old reliable firm,
ISAAC ROSENBAUM & SONS
319-323 E. Market Street,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
Forty years in wool business. Sell direct to large Eastern Woolen Mills. Highest market prices. Prompt returns. No commission charged.

Bonds AND Stocks
Yielding an income of 4 to 6 per cent.
Almstedt Brothers,
610 West Main Street,
Louisville, Ky.
Send for lists.

ARTIFICIAL FOOD.

Eggs Made From Custard Powder Deceive Palate.

"When Prof. Stillman, of Stevens' Institute, gave a chemical dinner to two friends recently," writes Lawrence Perry in Technical World Magazine for June, "he opened the eyes of many people to the possibilities in the way of adulterating foods and drinks.

"In explaining, for instance, the creation of the Martini cocktail, which the guests at the chemical dinner drank as an appetizer, Dr. Stillman held up a small bottle, no bigger than a thimble, marked 'Absinthe,' containing about a teaspoonful of light brown powder.

"'This powder,' he said, 'was obtained from twenty-five pounds of wormwood, and its commercial value is sixty cents a gram. The powder, small as the amount is, represents seventy gallons of Martini cocktails. Here is the formula: Absinthe, 1 gram; alcohol, 5.60 gallons; distilled water, 64.40 gallons; yellow aniline for coloring. It would take many pounds of sugar to sweeten this concoction, but we use instead a teaspoonful of saccharine.

"'We can make an egg from custard powder which might deceive the eye and the palate, but the body would not fatten or receive nourishment therefrom. There are not proteids, no fats in it; and yet, colored with yellow aniline, we have a very presentable omelet. We achieve a very excellent banana from a mixture of amyl acetate and butyric ether; quince we find in ethol pelargonate; lemon in citric acid; apple is an alcoholic solution of Amyl valeriante. Jams and jellies are easily made from glucose, which elements we reproduce in the laboratory by mingling starch with sulphuric acid."

FINANCIAL.
STOCKS and BONDS
JOHN W. & O. S. GREEN
249 Fifth Street........Louisville, Ky.
We have constantly on hand GILT-EDGED INVESTMENT SECURITIES, yielding from 3.40 to 6 per cent. interest, free of tax.
Either 'Phone—55.

J. J. B. HILLIARD & SON
248 Fifth Street.
Stocks and Bonds.
INVESTMENT SECURITIES A SPECIALTY.
Private wires to Messrs. Ex. Norton & Co. (Members of the New York Stock Exchange) and all principal markets.

Marvin H. Lewis & Co.
Members Louisville Stock Exchange.
Investment Securities.
Traction Stocks.
No. 9 Kenyon Building.
New York Correspondents—Harvey Fisk & Sons.
Home Tel. 7387. Cumb. Tel. Main 303.

HALSEY & HALSEY,
INVESTMENT BONDS
TRACTION STOCKS
Direct Wire to
DOMINICK & DOMINICK, New York.
225 FIFTH STREET

WILLIAMS COMMISSION CO.,
STOCKS, GRAIN, PROVISIONS, COTTON.
All Listed Securities Bought and sold on Moderate Margin.
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Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions
Members NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE / CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE.
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Members
New York Stock Exchange.
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Orders for investment securities executed in all markets.
Keller Bldg., 5th and Main sts.,
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Members Louisville Stock Exchange.
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BANKERS.
Bonds and Stocks. Louisville
4 and 5 Kenyon bldg. Both Phones 2128

THE NATIONAL BANK OF KENTUCKY.
Organized 1834.
CAPITAL....................$1,615,000.00
SURPLUS....................$1,000,000.00
Receives accounts of individuals, banks and corporations.

Panamas

$3, $5, $7.50

Prices that are $1 to $2.50 lower than other dealers can make. All styles. Sent to any express office in U. S. for 20c extra.

BOYS' BASEBALL SUITS HALF PRICE 75c

Cap, shirt, pants and vest; good gray flannelettes, well-made and serviceable; regulation style; sizes 8 to 16. These suits are well worth $1.50; but, as an advertisement, we are selling them at 75c. Come quick, boys—they're going fast. MAIL ORDERS filled if received in time.

RAILROAD FARES RMA REFUNDED

MEMBERS RETAIL MERCHANTS' ASS'N. Railroad fares refunded as per Association ad in this paper to-day. Time's out Saturday, 19th. Pay a visit to Louisville and to Levy's before that date, and supply yourself with what you need in men's and boys' CLOTHING, FURNISHINGS, HATS and SHOES; and SHOES and HOSIERY for women and girls.

LEVY BROS., Third and Market.

Cash Mail Orders Promptly Filled With Best Values.

Courier-Journal

ALLIED PRINTING TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCIL LOUISVILLE, KY.

WEDNESDAY........MAY 16, 1906

CITY FEATURES.

Rupture Specialist.

The Louisville Truss and Rupture Company, Room 24 Courier-Journal building, always holds your rupture at the right spot with comfort and ease, and cures a great percentage of obstinate cases without the knife.

NATIONAL ICE CREAM CO.—New Hygienic Milk and Ice Cream Plant will be ready in June, and positively guarantee to furnish cream, milk, butter and ice cream absolutely pure.

W. R. JOHNSON DIES IN CHICAGO

SON OF COL. A. Y. JOHNSON, OF LOUISVILLE.

PROMINENT MASON, WELL-KNOWN IN KENTUCKY.

FUNERAL HERE TO-MORROW.

After successfully undergoing an abdominal operation four months ago William Robert Johnson, a native of Louisville, and a Thirty-third Degree Mason, died of liver trouble yesterday morning at 6 o'clock in Chicago. He was sixty years of age, and a son of Col. A. Y. Johnson. Both of his parents survive him. He was graduated from the Louisville Male High School in 1862, and for the next thirty-one years was connected with the Merchants' National Bank, most of which time he served as cashier. After this bank consolidated with the American National Bank Mr. Johnson engaged in the insurance business. He moved, with his family, to Chicago in 1898, and had resided there ever since.

The body of Mr. Johnson, who was one of the most prominent Masons in Kentucky, will be brought to Louisville for burial. He was a member of Louisville Lodge, No. 400; Louisville Commandery No. 1, Knights Templar, and at one time was Grand Master of the Grand Consistory, Scottish Rite Masons. It was in 1891 that he was elected to the highest degree in Masonry.

Mr. Johnson is survived by his widow, who was Miss Salome Shadburne, and ten children. They are Mrs. Edward Henshaw, of Cincinnati; Mrs. Stanton Ely, of Philadelphia, Pa.; Mrs. Charles Pennington, Misses Laura, Lucy and Lydia Johnson, and Robert, William, Henry and Stephen Johnson. He also is survived by four brothers, Charles V., Frank H., and Thomas R. Johnson, of Louisville, and A. Y. Johnson, Jr., of Atlanta, Ga.

The body will arrive in Louisville this morning, and will be taken to Col. Johnson's residence, 907 Sixth street. The funeral service will be held to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock at Christ Church Cathedral, and the interment will be in Cave Hill cemetery.

WIFE FINDS HUSBAND DEAD BY HER SIDE.

James A. Conner Succumbs To Heart Disease In the Night.

Mrs. James A. Conner awoke at her home, 2805 Rowan street, early yesterday morning to find her husband dead by her side. Heart disease was the cause of his death. Mr. Conner was seventy-five years of age, and a veteran of the Civil War, having been with Grant. He is survived by no children.

Mr. and Mrs. Conner had resided in the house where Mr. Conner died, but two weeks. They had resided in Louisville for the last thirty years, however. Monday night Mr. Conner complained of pains about the heart, and his wife was up waiting upon him several times in the night. He finally appeared to get relief, and Mrs. Conner went to sleep.

$1.25 Sunday, May 20

Lexington, Danville, Versailles, Harrodsburg and return.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

6:30 a. m., 7:50 a. m.

JOHN KELLY HELD ON CHARGE OF CUTTING HART.

John Kelly, who is alleged to have cut Marvin Hart in a saloon at Baxter avenue and Garden street several nights ago, was presented in the Police Court yesterday morning, where he was held over to the grand jury in the sum of $500 bond. He is charged with malicious cutting.

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

WANTS $10,000

Mr. Engelhard Announces Plan For Week's Work.

ASSUMES CHARGE OF HOME-COMING FINANCE COMMITTEE.

R. A. M'DOWELL ORDERED BY PHYSICIAN TO GIVE UP.

THROAT IN BAD CONDITION.

R. A. McDowell, director of finance for Home-coming Week, has been compelled to retire temporarily at least upon the advice of his physicians who have ordered him to remain indoors for at least a week. Mr. McDowell has a very bad throat due to continued and earnest use in his talks about Homecoming finances to the various subfinance committees and to the business men and persons solicited for funds. Two weeks ago, Mr. McDowell arranged his law practice so that he could devote all of his time to the Finance Committee work, and since that time he has not spent an idle moment until yesterday when he only remained in under peremptory orders from his physician.

During Mr. McDowell's indisposition, V. H. Engelhard, president of the Commercial Club, has assumed charge of the Finance Committee work, and at a meeting of the chairmen of the subfinance committees held yesterday afternoon at the Commercial Club, Mr. Engelhard announced that it was his intention to collect $10,000 before the next meeting of the General Finance Committee which will be held Monday next.

* * *

$10,000 In a Week.

Nearly all of the Finance Committee chairmen were in attendance and to them Mr. Engelhard explained in detail his plans for securing the $10,000 in one week. He said he hoped that during the week following to raise another $10,000 added to that already subscribed which he believed will be sufficient to carry out programme as arranged by the Executive Committee for Home-coming Week. Mr. Engelhard firmly impressed upon the members of his commitee that Louisville would have to take care of the biggest crowd that has ever been in the city. He exhibited to them letters from railroad men and from others who are in a position to correctly estimate the crowd that will be in attendance, and demonstrated that in estimating the attendance as 100,000, the figure has been placed on a very conservative basis.

The members of the Finance Committee expressed their confidence of being able through subcommittees to raise the $10,000 during the week. It is believed that the people are coming to thoroughly understand that a great gathering is before the city, and that the reputation of Louisville and Kentucky must not be allowed to suffer. Should the necessary money not be raised, the Executive Committee will be compelled to curtail its programme.

The following subscriptions have been announced:

E. L. Hughes & Co.	$ 25 00
Harbison & Gathright	100 00
Home Laudry Co.	25 00
William Kohlepp	25 00
Ninth St. Tobacco Warehouse	25 00
Kentucky Tobacco Warehouse	25 00
Louisville Tobacco Warehouse	25 00
People's Tobacco Warehouse	25 00
United Dark Warehouse	25 00
Planters' Warehouse	25 00
Central Tobacco Warehouse	25 00
Farmers' Tobacco Warehouse	25 00
Altsheler & Co.	50 00
David Baird & Son	100 00
Carter Dry Goods Co.	300 00
California Fig Syrup Co.	50 00
Lee E. Cralle	25 00
Dow Wire Works	35 00
Ed L. Davis & Co.	25 00
E. H. Defebaugh	50 00
A. Englehard & Sons Co.	100 00
F. Erpeldinger	100 00
Ewald Iron Co	200 00
Total	$1,410 00

GAS BELT EXCURSION SUNDAY, MAY 20, "BIG FOUR ROUTE,"

To the Indiana Gas Belt. Special train leaves Seventh-street Union Depot at 7 o'clock a. m. Extremely low round-trip rates as follows: Rushville, $1.25; Knightstown, $1.50; Anderson, $1.50; Alexandria, $1.75; Marion, $1.75.

Tickets on sale at city office, 259 Fourth ave., and at depot.

W. W. CADE NOW CHARGED WITH LUNACY.

W. W. Cade, who was arrested a few days ago on a warrant sworn out by his wife, charging disorderly conduct, was amended to that of lunacy. The case was transferred to the Jefferson Circuit Court.

A few weeks ago Cade came into possession of $1,000, his share of his mother's estate. On the following day he left his home at 831 Seventh street, and registered at a hotel. A few days ago he returned to his home and proceeded to break up the furniture, it is said. It is believed that his joy over having fallen heir to the $1,000 was so great that it caused his mind to become unbalanced.

CHARGES UPHELD

Jeremiah Camozzi Dismissed From Police Force.

CASE HEARD BY THE BOARD OF PUBLIC SAFETY.

TO CONSIDER MEMPHIS PAVING COMPANY'S CONTRACTS.

WILL MEET TO-MORROW NOON.

Jeremiah Camozzi, who has been a corporal in the Police Department for several years, yesterday was dismissed from the force by the Board of Public Safety for conduct unbecoming an officer. About twenty witnesses were examined behind closed doors, which took about two hours and a half. The Board took only a few minutes in arriving at a decision, which was unanimous.

The specific charge for which Corporal Camozzi was suspended from the force about a week ago, pending an investigation, was preferred by Mrs. Mollie Bard, of 523 First street. The complaint first was made to the Chief of Police. The woman said that Camozzi entered her house and offered an insult by kissing and embracing her against her will. She said she resented the alleged insult and informed her husband of it.

Mrs. Bard was the main witness against Camozzi, and told substantially the same story that she first told the Chief of Police. Numerous witnesses were introduced by Corporal Camozzi to testify as to his character. Camozzi was appointed on the police force Sept. 9, 1898, and shortly afterward was promoted to the rank of corporal. He is an Italian, and speaks six languages fluently. He stoutly denies the charges as preferred by the woman. The grand jury also is investigating the case.

The Board of Public Safety in dismissing Corporal Camozzi from the force did not attempt to pass on the point of whether he was guilty of the charge of an attempted assault or detaining a woman. The board's position in the matter is that he had no business in the house while on duty, and that he was guilty of conduct unbecoming an officer. The matter of a successor to Camozzi likely will be taken up by the board at its meeting to-day.

CONTRACT COMMITTEE

Will Consider Contracts Awarded the Memphis Company.

George A. Fisher, chairman of the Committee on Contracts of the lower board of the General Council, has called a meeting of that committee for noon to-morrow. The other members of the committee are Councilmen Baron, Miller and Yager. The principal business before the committee at the meeting will be the consideration of the nine contracts awarded to the Memphis Asphalt & Paving Company, of Memphis, Tenn., by the Board of Public Works about two weeks ago. This is the first time that the new company has ever bid on construction work in Louisville, and as it was awarded contracts under a ten-year guarantee, the Contract Committee at the meeting of the General Council expressed the opinion that the matter should be looked into before the contracts were approved.

The contracts were awarded the new company just three days before the council met. When the contracts were referred to the Contract Committee, Chairman Fisher stated that the committee desired to investigate the matter. A member of the committee said yesterday that he did not think the members of the committee were averse to the Memphis company entering the contracting field, but as it is the first time the company has bid on ten-year guarantee contracts, the members of the committee think that the company and its recommendations should be examined. He said this was the sole reason why the contracts were held up.

The Revision Committee of the lower board has been called to meet at noon Saturday for the purpose of considering certain license ordinances that were referred to the committee at the last meeting. These are numerous and are purported to be more of a codification of the old ordinances than anything new.

The Joint Committee on Finance and Revision of the lower board will meet Monday at 12:30 o'clock to consider the underground wire ordinance that has been in the hands of the joint committee for some time. This ordinance provides for the laying of all wires underground within a certain territory.

SPRINKLING CONTRACTORS

Probably Will Begin Operation Not Later Than June 1.

It is hardly probable that the sprinkling of the streets on which car lines are operated will begin before June 1. Preparations are being made as rapidly as possible so that when the work does start there will be no hitch. Numerous plugs have to be placed along the streets in many places so that no time will be lost in refilling the tanks. At the suggestion of the Mayor a clause will be inserted in the contract with the Louisville Tramway Sprinkling Company relieving the city of any liability for damages that may ensue from collisions between vehicles and pedestrians with the swinging arms of the sprinklers.

It will be some time before sprinkling will be begun on streets where sprinklers drawn by horses will have to be used. Numerous plugs will have to be placed in streets before the bids can be asked for. The Mayor wants everything so that all contractors may know exactly what they have to do and where they will get their water. There are about sixty-five miles of streets on which car lines are operated and about 110 miles which will have to be sprinkled by wagons and teams.

R. L. PAGE TO RECEIVE SALARY OF $2,000.

Under New Law Creating Office of Assistant County Attorney—Road Apportionments.

At a meeting of the Fiscal Court yesterday the salary of the Assistant County Attorney was fixed at $2,000 a year. This step was taken under the statute passed by the last Legislature creating the office and providing a salary of from $1,500 to $2,000. The office is held by Robert L. Page who for several years has been the assistant of Robert W. Binghan, the County Attorney. The new law becomes operative about the middle of June.

The Fiscal Court apportioned $14,700 among the various districts of the county for road work. Districts A, B, C, D, F, G, H, J, K, L, M, O and P each receive $900 to be paid overseers and applied to work on dirt roads. Districts E1 and E2 receive $1,500 between them and N1 and N2, the same amount.

The court also decided to allow the Fourth Magisterial district $5,000 more than the other three magisterial districts in the division of the road fund for macadam work.

Tailored Skirts

AT ALMOST HALF.

Great inroads were made in our stock of Skirts yesterday and the furious onslaught promises to continue to-day. Still, when you consider that the sale embraces nearly 2,000 Skirts, you can readily see that the assortment is practically unbroken. Skirts at almost half-price cannot be had every day. Better get yours to-day.

MOHAIR SKIRTS—150 Stylish Walking Skirts, in black and blue mohair and pretty mixtures; neatly trimmed in plaits, straps and buttons; cut full and nicely made; a good $4.00 value. Special Sale Price.......... 1.98

PANAMA AND FANCY SKIRTS—Nice Panama Skirts, in black and blue; also stylish gray mixtures; circular and plaited styles; fold and strapped trimmed effects; $4.50 values. Special Sale Price 2.50

GRAY WORSTED SKIRTS—Invisible plaids and solid colors; all-wool materials; good circular styles; front finished in panel of buttons; back trimmed in cluster of plaits; skirts that are priced ordinarily at $6.00. Special Sale Price.. 3.50

SWELL GRAY SKIRTS—150 fine Gray Worsted Skirts, circular and plaited styles; also about 75 Chiffon Panama Skirts, in black and blue; circular styles, finished in plaits and folds; regular $7.00 values. Special Sale Price.......... 3.98

FANCY WORSTED SKIRTS—Fine cloths in worsted and cravenette materials; pretty tan and gray mixture; nicely tailored garments, handsomely trimmed in clusters of plaits and self straps; these sell regularly at $8.00. Special Sale Price.......... 4.50

SWELL PLAID SKIRTS—These Skirts are pretty plaids in light gray materials, circular style, with bottom finished in deep fold and self buttons; cut very full. Exactly the same skirts that are priced regularly at $8.50. Special Sale Price... 4.98

CHIFFON PANAMA SKIRTS—Black and blue, finest quality soft finished chiffon Panama; several pretty effects in circular and knee-plaited styles; these skirts are made real nice and cut very full; regular $9.00 values. Special Sale Price 4.98

As Members of the Retail Merchants' Association We Rebate Railroad Fares.

Starr's

FOURTH AVENUE, LOUISVILLE

Mail Orders Filled Promptly and Satisfaction Guaranteed in Every Instance.

$15.95 Round Trip To ASHEVILLE

Tickets on sale every day, good returning within six months.

The glorious mountains of Western North Carolina are delightful at all times—especially NOW.

The "Land of the Sky" and the Beautiful "Sapphire Country."

Lake Toxaway—Elevation 3,000 Feet.

A natural paradise, pleasant, full of life, of color and enjoyment, rich with possibilities for health and recreation; for temperature and climate unexcelled. Reached direct by

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Send for handsomely illustrated booklets, showing the attractions of these picturesque regions.

City Ticket Office, 234 FOURTH AVE.
G. B. ALLEN, Assistant General Passenger Agent, St. Louis, Mo.
C. H. HUNGERFORD, District Passenger Agent, Louisville, Ky.

ATTORNEY SUCCEEDS IN ROLE OF SLEUTH

TENNESSEE LAWYER CAPTURES NEGRO IN LOUISVILLE.

LOCAL POLICE GET REWARD FOR MAKING ARREST.

NEGRO HAD JUMPED HIS BOND.

Charged with a vicious assault and the possibility of having to face a murder charge, Wesley Weeder, alias George Frazier, colored, was captured yesterday morning by Patrolmen Fow and Reiss and was taken last night to Mt. Pleasant, Tenn., where the alleged crime was committed.

Weeder's alleged victim was John Freeman, former Chief of Police of Mt. Pleasant, Tenn. Since the assault Freeman died and question has been raised whether death was caused from a blow struck by the negro or by other causes.

J. C. Voorhies, an attorney of Columbia, Tenn., who defended the negro and later became his bondsman, was prominent in his capture. Since Weeder "jumped his bond" Voorhies has followed him through many States and experienced considerable excitement in the pursuit. Weeder, when cornered by the attorney and police officials recently in Cincinnati, held them at bay with a revolver and effected his escape.

Love Webb, Chief of Police of Columbia, Tenn., and Attorney Voorhies accompanied the negro to that city last night. A reward of $100 will be divided by the local patrolmen.

UNDER SUBMISSION

JUDGE EVANS TAKES CASES AGAINST PADUCAH MAN.

Charged With Shipping Beer Under Labels of "Soda Waters."

On the law and the evidence the cases against H. Friedman, of Paducah, in the United States Court, wherein the Government ids seeking to recover a penalty in each of the three alleged violations of the statute, the cases were argued yesterday morning before Judge Walter Evans and submitted to him for decision. The proof was taken when the court met at Paducah last month.

H. Friedman, doing business as a wholesale liquor dealer at Paducah under the name of A. M. Laevison & Co., was indicted for three separate alleged infractions of the Federal statutes governing the shipment of liquors. The statutes provide that no intoxicants shall be shipped under names not descriptive of them under penalty of a fine of $500 for each offense. The defendant is alleged to have shipped beer from Paducah into Kentucky and Tennessee, with the cases labeled "Soda Waters," on the outside, while the labels on the bottles bore the words, "Iron Tone" or "Cream Ale," or some similar name.

Three Substitutes Promoted.

The following promotions of three substitute clerks in the service of the local railway mail service office were announced yesterday afternoon by William B. Shedd, acting chief clerk in the absence of J. L. Burt, who is still confined to the hospital:

Ray W. Hise, of Georgetown, Ind., to the "Chicken Evans," the run between Evansville and Chicago on the Illinois Central railroad; William A. Wiley, of Smith's Grove, Ky., to the run between Nashville and St. Louis on the L and N.; Marion Lyvers, of New Albany, to the run between Indianapolis and Louisville on the Pennsylvania railroad.

SHAPIRO HELD UNDER BOND IN SUM OF $300.

On the charge of malicious assault with intent to kill, M. Shapiro, who conducts a second-hand store at 1629 West Market street, was held to answer in the sum of $300 bond in Police Court yesterday morning. He was unable to furnish the bond and went to jail.

Shapiro, it is alleged, struck M. Snyder, who conducts a store at 1635 West Market street, over the head with a chair and an ax handle, breaking his jaw and otherwise bruising him. He then swore out a warrant for Snyder's arrest, charging him with disorderly conduct. That case was dismissed in Police Court yesterday.

FRENCH FANCY DYE WORKS

We have the best equipped plant in the city for doing FANCY DYEING to sample and ODORLESS DRY CLEANING of all wearing apparel and household furnishings.

LACE CURTAINS LAUNDERED—handwork. Satisfaction guaranteed. Goods called for and delivered.

Both phones 2788.

734 Fourth Avenue

LOUISVILLE, KY.

New York Terminal B. & O. S.-W. 23d Street Most Convenient.

"Queen of Summer Trips"

Merchants and Miners' Trans. Co. Steamships from Baltimore and Norfolk to Boston and Providence "by sea." daily at 6 p. m. "Finest coastwise trips in the world." Tickets on sale at principal R. R. offices, including meals and stateroom berth on steamer. Send for Tour Book. S. S. Dudley, Com'l Agt., 201 Laclede bldg., St. Louis, Mo.; W. P. Turner, G. P. A., Baltimore, Md.

STUBBED toes were a drawback to barefoot days, but remember the *joys* of the foot that was free!

CROSSETT $4.00 SHOE $5.00

"MAKES LIFE'S WALK EASY"

TRADE MARK.

There are no stubbed toes in Crossett shoes and no cramped muscles or aching joints. Putting on Crossetts is like stepping into boyhood again.

If your dealer does not keep them, we will send any style on receipt of price with 25c. additional to pay forwarding charges.

LEWIS A. CROSSETT, Inc.
NORTH ABINGTON, MASS.

WHAT WE ADVERTISE WE HAVE

A RECORD OF THIRTY-FOUR YEARS AS LOUISVILLE'S MOST POPULAR AND PROGRESSIVE STORE.

HERMAN STRAUS & SONS CO

414-416-418-MARKET STREET.-418-420-422

MEMBERS OF RETAIL MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION

Great Sale of Rich Cut Glass Continues

Right now is the time to make your selection of gifts for the June wedding, while prices are so much in your favor; come to-day and examine the host of tempting values in rich Cut Glass. Many new novelties and patterns are included in this magnificent assortment.

Cut Glass Tumblers *48c*
Cut Glass Syrups *95c*
Cut Glass Olives *$1.95*
Cut Glass Sugars *$1.45*
Cut Glass Bowls *$2.45*
Cut Glass Jugs *$3.95*
Cut Glass Decanters *$5.95*
Cut Glass Bowls *$6.45*

Clean-Up Sale of Early Spring Hats.

To-day we will place on sale our entire stock of early Spring Hats, consisting of Sailors, Turbans and stylish shapes; made of Pyroxaline and silk braids; trimmed with quills, wings, pompons, flowers, ribbons and ornaments; values from $3.98 to $6.50; special to-day only *$1.98*

BEDS FOR SUMMER.

Metal Beds are just the thing for hot nights. They have no solid head and foot boards to exclude the air and are light and easily moved to cool places in the room.

IRON BEDS

in white, black and gold finishes; 20 patterns; ranging from

$4.50 to $20

BRASS BEDS

25 beautiful patterns, in round and square tubing; in price from

$28 to $135

Old Hickory Furniture

is best for porch and lawn use. Neither rain nor sun will hurt it; it is comfortable and most attractive in design.

RAILROAD FARES RMA REFUNDED

MEMBERS OF THE RETAIL MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION.

Railroad fares rebated this week. See its advertisement in this issue.

KEISKER'S 586 FOURTH AVE.

LOUISVILLE'S LEADING, LARGEST AND BEST.

Jos. McWilliams & Co.
(Incorporated.)

Engineers and Contractors,
Louisville, Ky.

Complete Power Installations
—Steam, Electric, Hydraulic.

Heating and Ventilation.
Refrigeration.
Machinery and Supplies.

Electric Light and Power Plants installed Complete.

Electric Wiring of all kinds
Motors—Generators—
Lamps. Electrical supplies for mills, factories, residences.

HARRY I. WOOD,
518-520 W. Main.
LOUISVILLE, KY.
"Wire me and I'll wire you"
2681 Both Phones.

RED HANDKERCHIEFS USED BY BAND LEADER.

They Look Like Cotton, But Really Are Fine Mexican Silk.

Fontaine Ferry Park visitors have commented on the red handkerchiefs worn by Capt. Payen, leader of the Mexican National Band. During these warm afternoons and evenings he may be seen drawing a "bandana" from his front trousers pocket to wipe the perspiration from his forehead. The material looks like the ordinary cotton variety encountered in the rural districts, but it is really the finest of Mexican silk. Several of Capt. Payen's Louisville friends now carry these handkerchiefs as souvenirs of his visit here. He uses a great quantity of them, and it is said will never use the same handkerchief a second time. Varied programmes are given by the Mexican Band this week, and it is proving a favorite with park patrons. The programmes for the concerts of this afternoon and to-night follow:

Afternoon, 2:30 o'clock.

PART I.

March—"Herzendieb" .... Wagner
Selection—"Manon" .... Massenet
Waltz—"Arpa de Oro" .... Martinez
Mazurka—"Adela" .... Aranda

PART II.

March—"Aguas Calientes" .... Payen
Selection—"The Rooks" .... Chueca
Mazurka—"Celages de Oro" ... Manzanares
Prelude—"Fraternity" .... Marquez

Evening, 8 o'clock.

PART I.

March—"Luiebros y Requebros" ... Gascon
Selection—"Bertha" .... H. H.
Intermezzo—"The Gondolier" .... Powell
Samacueca—"Mosamala" .... G.

PART II.

March—"Toreador's Blood" .... Bizet
Overture—"Spanish Lustspiel" .... Bela
Waltz—"Rosa Maria" .... Varela
"Los Muchachos Llorones" .... Chueca

Rosati's Royal Italian Band will be the next attraction at the park. Free concerts each day will be given, commencing next Sunday. Rosati is probably the youngest bandmaster now touring the country.

File Charter.

The Madame Babey Lace Curtain Laundry Company filed a charter yesterday with a capital stock of $6,000 divided into shares of $50. The maximum debt is placed at $5,000. The incorporators, each of whom has forty shares, are Albert C. Babey, William S. Brentlinger and Harry B. Pyne.

Wintersmith's Tonic for the malaria.

COURIER-JOURNAL OFFICE BUILDING DIRECTORY.

Elevator Sunday 9 a. m. to 12 m.

Louisville Loan Co. .... Room 1
Dr. Arthur K. Lord, Oculist. Hours 9:00 to 5:00. Home 'phone 7381 .... Room 2 Prescriptions written and Glasses furnished. Sunday hours by appointment.
Drs. Orendorf & Weber—Suite No. 3, second floor. Hours 9 to 1, 3 to 6, 7 to 8. Sunday 9 to 12. Telephone 924.
Douglas Park Jockey Club .... Room 4
The Vogue Millinery—Mrs. May W. Smith .... Room 5
Mme. Stokes—Complexion Specialist, Chiropody, Manicure, Electrolysis, Beauty Aids .... Rooms 6 and 7
Ira C. Prichard & Bro.—Southern Representative The Werner Co. and Funk & Wagnalls .... Room 6
Dr. John R. Collier, Osteopath—Nervous disease a specialty. Hours 8 to 4. Phone Main 3733—A .... Room 8
National Life and Accident Ins. Co.—W. A. Johnson, Supt. .... Rooms 10 and 11
Dr. Wm. N. Spohn .... Room 12 Hours 8:30 to 9:30 a. m., 12 to 1 and 6 to 7 p. m.
Ira C. Prichard & Bro .... Room 12
Dr. B. G. Rees, Dentist—Telephone 3689 A .... Rooms 14 and 15
Wm. J. Watkins & Co.—Press and Ornamental Brick, Coke, Coal, Iron. Room 16
Val. P. Collins, Architect .... Room 16
New Louisville Jockey Club .... Room 17
Dr. George H. Day .... Room 18 Hours 9 to 1, 3 to 7 p. m. Sunday 9 to 12 a. m. Phone 7426 Home.
Dr. A. F. Pelle, Dentist. Room 19
Dr. W. M. Coulson, Dentist Room 19
Alice B. Hickey (formerly with New York Store), Millinery Parlor .... Room 20
A. Reichman, Ladies' Tailor, Rooms 21 and 22
Geo. J. Monroe, M. D.—Room 23. Hours 9 to 11:30 a. m., 1 to 3 and 7 to 8 p. m.; Sunday 9 to 10:30 a. m. Phone Main 30—M.
Dr. C. C. Godshaw .... Room 24 Hours 9 to 11 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m. and 6 to 7:30 p. m. Sunday 9 to 10 a.m. Telephone Main 218—A.
Louisville Truss and Rupture Co.—Rupture Specialist. Tel. 218 A—Main. Room 24
Dr. J. W. Clark, Dentist—Rooms 25 and 26. Tel. Cumb. Main 924—Y; Home 5305.
Hunter & Hellman—Fire Insurance. Rooms 27 and 28
Dr. W. C. McManama, Osteopath. Hours 9 to 12 a. m. and 2 to 4 p. m. Both 'phones .... Room 29
Miss Mary McGinn—Shoe Parlor. Custom work a specialty. Cumb. 3689—Z. Room 30
Miss Kate Fitzgerald—Purchasing Agent. Room 31
Tinsley-Mayer Engraving Co. Office, room 32
Circulation Department Courier-Journal and Times—Circulation Manager, Room 37 Home 'Phone 880. Cumb. Main 2450.
Circulation Department Courier-Journal and Times—City Superintendent, Rooms 38 and 39 Home 'phone 880. Cumb. Main 2450.
Dr. Sue N. Epperson, Osteopath, Room 40. Office hours 9 to 12 and 2 to 4. 'Phone Main 3733—Y.
H. M. Caldwell—Advertising Agency. .... Room 41
Prof. Alfred P. Maas—Physical Culture. Rooms 42 and 43
Dr. H. B. Green, Dentist .... Room 45
Whist Club .... Room 46
Grand Exalted Ruler B. P. O. E. R. W. Brown .... Room 47
The Atelier Novelty Mfg. Co. .... Room 49
Thos. E. Grove, Artist — Portrait and Ivory Miniatures .... Room 50
Harvey Joiner, Artist—Room 51. Paintings on exhibition. Visitors welcome, 10 to 1 o'clock.
Inland Farmer .... Room 54
John Herr Sutcliffe—Advertising Agency, Room 55
Miss Linda Nuss—Stamping; Art Needlework; Shirt Waists; Children's Clothes. Room 56
Accousticon and Massacon Co.—Instruments for Cure of Deafness Room 58

A SURE THING
150 to 1 Shot
OUR HIGH GRADE
POULTRY NETTING
150 FEET IN 1 BALE
FOR 75 CENTS.
OTHER TIPS AT
DOW'S
730 W. Market St.

All Brides Are Alike

In one respect. They are united in their opinion regarding the Wedding Gifts that bear the Kendrick mark. It indicates quality of material and workmanship.

Wm. Kendrick's Sons,
336 FOURTH AVE.

Haldeman Warehouse,
S. W. Cor 3d and Green,
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF.
Household Goods $1.50 to $5 per Mo.
Boxes in Vault 25c to 50c per Mo.